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The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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Any of the following articles Would make acceptable Xmas Gifts.
Perfumes in cut glass bottles, Atomizers, Military Hair Brushes, Travelling Sets, Sterling Silver Manicure Sets, Aluminum and Celluloid Toilet Sets, etc.
English Violet and English Flower Pefrumes are the most lasting.
FREESE & RANKE,
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ECZEMA
FOR YEARS CURED
TWO REMARKABLE CASES.
I have been an intense sufferer from Eczema for five years. I tried medicines, four doctors, one a specialist in skin diseases, with no improvement, and setting me almost frantic with dreadful itching. After using three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and one box of CUTICURA SALVE, *I was completely cured.*
GEO. A. LOWE, 907 Market St., Phil., Pa.
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Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.
How to Cure Eczema, free.

TREATY IS SIGNED.

The Peace Pact Receives the Signatures of Commissioners.

THE FORMAL END OF THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The joint peace commission met at 3:30 p. m., and at 5:15 took a recess until 7 p. m. The commissions are awaiting the engrossing of the treaty of peace.

The Americans were the first to arrive at the foreign office, the Spaniards coming half an hour later. Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish commission, ascended the steps leaning on a cane and bundled up in a fur coat.

The Americans shook hands with the Spaniards when the latter entered the conference hall. The faces of the representatives of Spain were exceedingly solemn. Apparently they regarded the occasion as a funeral one.

The treaty, which was not completed, was brought in sections in the hands of the engrossers, while the commission was sitting.

After being photographed the commissioners listened to the reading of the treaty until 5:15, at which hour they took a recess until 7 o'clock while awaiting the arrival of the last sections of the treaty.

LATEST.

3:30 P. M.

PARIS, Dec. 14, 8:45 p. m.—The treaty of peace was signed at 8:45 this evening.

A VICTORY.

Quay Trial Will Have to be Postponed.

Supreme Judges Issue Rule Granting Argument for Motion for a Certiori Returnable January 7th.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—Supreme Court Justices Green and Williams today granted a rule allowing the defendants in the Quay conspiracy case to argue the motion for a writ certiovari removing the proceedings from the court of quarter sessions to the supreme court. The rule is returnable January 7 and all proceeding are stayed in the meantime.

One of the results of the rule granted by the supreme court will be to carry the trial over beyond the term of office of District Attorney Graham, which will expire with the present year.

The delay occasioned by the action of the supreme court will also in all probability have the effect of carrying the proceedings or at least the conclusion of the trial beyond the date for the election by the legislature of a United States senator to succeed Senator Quay, who is a candidate for re-election. The legislature will vote for senator on January 17.

The senator and his attorneys do not hesitate to admit that their object in securing delay for the trial is to take the case out of the hands of District Attorney Graham. Mr. Graham, they say, is an enemy of the senator, and his displayed great eagerness in unjustly persecuting him and his co-defendants.

MARKED THE MONEY

And Located the Clerk Who Had Been Stealing.

By a clever trick Sheriff Melching has just uncovered a young man who has daily been robbing his employers.

The proprietor of the establishment complained to the sheriff that he was being robbed and suspected one of his clerks as being the robber.

The sheriff marked three half dollars exactly alike and sent one of his deputies into the store to purchase goods amounting to $1.50. The deputy bought the merchandise of the suspected clerk and in a few minutes the proprietor, who knew what was going on, reported that only $1 had been turned in.

The sheriff went to the store and the young clerk was called to the office and told to produce the money. He pulled out one of the marked half dollars and when pressed, acknowledged that he had more of the firm's money, producing a silver dollar and some smaller change. He also admitted that he had taken small sums before.

The proprietor of the store says that the clerk has made away with several hundred dollars in the time he has been in the store. The young man is the son of respectable parents and for that reason he will not be prosecuted.

"TULU" BY AMATEURS

First Performance Will be Given on December 20th.

At the meeting of the Dramatic club Wednesday evening it was decided to issue to each member of the club a season [illegible] of admission, instead of sending out invitations for the performance of "Tulu" on December 20. Their first performance will be exclusively for the members of the club and their friends; no tickets will be sold. But for the benefit of the general public, a matinee will be given Thursday, December 29. The play is being rapidly moulded into shape under the able direction of Professor Adams and promises to be a pronounced success. Amateur companies, however good they may be, always have much to contend with in overcoming popular prejudice against their work, simply because it is amateur, but this club has set a high standard by its performance of "A Scrap of Paper," and evidently mean to set its standard still higher. "Tulu" is well adapted for the purpose, being full of comical situations and intensely interesting complications. The plot is well laid and carries the interest to a higher and higher pitch to the very end.

HIS TENTH YEAR.

Anniversary of the Pastorate of Rev. Seabrease.

He Will Deliver a Special Sermon Tomorrow on "My Ten Years in Trinity Parish."

It will be ten years tomorrow since the Rev. A. W. Seabrease entered Trinity Episcopal parish as its rector and to commemorate the anniversary he will deliver a sermon prepared especially for the occasion, "My Ten Years in Trinity Parish."

The services of the day will be as follows:

8 a. m.—Holy Communion.

10:45 a. m.—Morning prayer and anniversary sermon.

5 p. m.—Evening prayer and sermon.

Under the pastorate of the Rev. Seabrease the church has prospered well, spiritually and otherwise, and the mutual relations of the flock and rector could not be pleasanter.

WESTMINSTER NOTES.

A Crisp Chronicle of Some of the Week's Doings at the Seminary.

After a brief vacation Miss Cox's evening class in literature resumed work Tuesday. The class is increasing in numbers and interest.

Next week, Friday, will occur the sale of art specialties from the studio. These include many exquisite pieces in china, water colors and monotypes. Some of the water colors will represent bits of Fort Wayne scenery. The monotypes are very attractive, greatly resembling etchings in their appearance. A very beautiful Aiglon teaset will be shown.

Miss Bessie Harris was summoned to her home at Payne, Ohio, on Wednesday by the dangerous illness of her older sister. Since then the family have been pained to learn of the death of the sister. Beautiful flowers were sent as expression of the sympathy of the family.

The basket ball teams continue regular practice two evenings in the week, Tuesdays and Thursdays. They would be glad to receive a challenge for a friendly game from any city team.

During the week guests at luncheon and dinner have been Misses Margery Olds, Alice Knight, Helen Knight, Hadje Dawson, Eva Bowser and Esther Smith. The Misses Helen Davis, of Noblesville, and Blanche Colter, of Arcola, both of the class of '98, spent Monday night at the seminary renewing former experiences and "making believe" they were still pupils. It was a very pleasant evening for all concerned. The "old girls" are always the most welcome guests.

Mrs. Myers went to Chicago Friday to hear the pianist, Rosenthal, at the matinee. She returns Monday noon.

Tom Sharp, of Edgerton, Ohio, called on his cousins, Misses Polly and Carrie Sharp, jr., on Saturday.

Friday evening the senior class tendered a sleigh ride to the house girls, terminating with a supper at the home of the class president, Miss Mary Knight. They were chaperoned by Miss Cox, and report a very gay time. More class spirit is shown by the "ninety-niners" than for several preceding years. Their courtesy to the under classes is greatly appreciated.

While in Kendallville Miss Antoinette Walker, of the Walker Whiteside company, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wells at the home of Mrs. Wells' mother, Mrs. Flint. Miss Walker and Mrs. Wells were roommates while in attendance at the seminary. It was a very pleasant renewal of old acquaintance.

TO VISIT ISLANDS.

President May Make a Trip to Cuba and Porto Rico.

Has Such a Tour Under Serious Consideration.

Will be First Executive to So Leave His Office.

Mr. McKinley is Anxious to Make the Journey, But May Not Go Until After Congress Adjourns.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A special from Washington says:

A report that the president intends to visit Cuba and Porto Rico at the first favorable opportunity has become known in the state, war and navy departments, and was quickly made the subject of serious speculation among various officials on account of the exceedingly interesting questions it raised. Among other things there was a spontaneous revival of the fiction that the chief executive could not pass the boundaries of the United States without forfeiting his office.

It is peculiar how persistent is the notion even among high officials that some constitutional or statuatory restriction confines the executive to American soil, when, as a matter of fact, although none of President McKinley's predecessors have ever left the country during their terms of office, their actions were alone effected by considerations of propriety or precedent, which no one could hold to apply in the present instance.

It was generally recognized that the president might naturally wish to make a personal tour of inspection in those islands as soon as he could spare time from pressing public business in Washington, and that no valid objection could stand against such a tour as he was understood to contemplate.

It is pointed out, however, that it would be practically impossible for him to spare the time requisite for such an extended voyage as that to Porto Rico before congress adjourns, on March 4, which is, fortunately, about the best time of year to make a short stay in the tropics. During the first six weeks of the new year, in addition to the continuous executive routine business, the social obligations involved in the program of public receptions and state dinners will restrict the president closely to Washington, and after next week's southern tour he will hardly find it possible to leave the white house for more than two days at a time before the beginning of lent, in the middle of February.

For the ensuing two weeks, with the rush of legislation which marks the closing days of a short session of congress, there will be no leisure for the executive, and therefore his pennant could hardly fly in the harbors of Porto Rico before the middle of March.

With Havana only a single night's run for the dispatch boat Dolphin from Tampa, there might be a chance for the president to spend two whole days there in a week's absence from Washington, and remain always in close telegraphic communication with the executive departments, so that if a critical emergency arose he could be in a railway train speeding toward the capital within twelve hours.

No thought, is entertained, however, of a presidential trip to Havana before the Spanish flag is hauled down on January 1.

Practical unanimity of opinion prevails among officials that the contemplated visit of the president to Havana has a full warrant, as his trip to Porto Rico, so long as the American flag flies over Cuba, although a few quibblers may hold that Porto Rico itself is not actually a part of United States territory until congress has made a declaration to that effect, either in so many words or by ratifying the peace treaty of Paris.

This fine point is not seriously raised except to show that Porto Rico and Cuba must be considered identical in view of the fact that they are governed precisely alike, by military officers under the immediate direction of the president as commander-in-chief.

The belief is expressed that the president would not care to set foot in Cuba if it were held to be foreign territory, much as he might wish to see the country, for that might be a perilous precedent to establish. But no one appears to controvert the right as well as the advisability of an executive visit to the new American possessions, provided it does not involve too long an enforced idleness from Washington. When the president visits Porto Rico and Cuba he will undoubtedly be accompanied by Mrs. McKinley and several members of the cabinet with their wives and, although the stay of the party in each place visited will not be longer than a day, an absence of two weeks from Washington will be necessary. It is probable that Secretary Alger and several officers will go to San Juan, Santiago, Havana and other points in the island before the president visits those places.

Lawsuits Again in Trouble.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 10.—The noted Cuban filibustering steamship Lawsuits is again in trouble with the United States government. Her offense this time consists in smuggling, at divers times during last summer, whisky into Alaska, aggregating in value $875. The United States attorney has filed a libel against the vessel.

LIFE'S DUTY DONE.

Mrs. Lydia Shanklin Succumbs to Heart Failure.

Her Death Occurred in Washington, D. C.—Visited Here Recently—Other Deaths and Funerals.

E. G. Anderson this morning received a telegram to the effect that his sister, Mrs. Lydia Shanklin, died at her home in Washington, D. C., last evening of heart failure. The deceased was the sister of Mrs. Edwin Evans, Mrs. George W. Ely, besides Mr. Anderson. Five weeks ago she came to Fort Wayne to visit her sisters and brother and during her stay she was taken ill but recovered sufficiently to return home. She will be remembered by many as this city was her home for many years. She was sixty-six years old at the time of her death. The obsequies will take place at Washington, probably Monday.

CARTWRIGHT.

At 11:30 last night occurred the death of James F. Cartwright at his home, near Poe, in this county. The deceased had been an invalid fourteen years from general debility and a complication of diseases. He was born in Allen county April 23, 1857, and his age was forty-one years, eight months and twenty days. The funeral will take place Sunday at 1 o'clock and the interment will be in the cemetery at that place.

WHEELER.

Mrs. Mary Wheeler, widow of John W. Wheeler, died at her home, 126 Horace street, at 4:30 this morning, of dropsy. Deceased was forty-nine years of age and leaves several children. She was born in Whitley county, but resided in Fort Wayne for a number of years. The funeral will take place Monday at 1 p. m. from the residence.

ROBBINS.

Word was received in the city last evening of the sudden death in Chicago of David B Robbins, a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. A. Hattersley. Mrs. Robbins, who has been here spending a short time with her parents, left immediately for Chicago. Mr. Robbins formerly resided here and is a relative of Mrs. L. E. Thayer.

The remains will arrive this evening and be conveyed to the residence of A. Hattersley, on West Wayne street. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house, Rev. D. W. Moffat officiating. Funeral private.

SCHMALING.

Winfred, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schmaling, of No. 84 Summit street, died at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon of diphtheria. The funeral occurred at 3 o'clock this afternoon and was private.

BURCHARD.

The funeral of Charles, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Burchard, will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, No. 196 Fairfield avenue. Interment in Lindenwood.

WILL WIN AGAIN.

Miller Has Tight Clutch on a New Victory.

The Six Days' Bicycle Race Drawing to an End—Waller is Riding Gamely to a Finish.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The last morning of the six days' bicycle race at Madison Square Garden dawned upon what bids fair to be an unprecedented and terrific struggle for first place between the two leaders.

Miller, the Chicago man, and last year's champion, still led, but close at his heels was Waller, the "Flying Dutchman" from Boston.

Miller was the strong favorite for the first place, but at 9 o'clock only seventeen miles separated the leaders.

The fifteen hours that still remain for the race afford small opportunity for the tail-enders to pick up, and barring accident, the first prize of $1,500 will go to Miller or Waller. The race has now developed into a contest of physical endurance between these two.

Out of the thirty-one starters, only twelve remained in the race this morning. Of the ten men who trailed behind Waller and Miller, Pierce maintained an easy lead for third place. Julius, the last man on the list at 9 o'clock, was practically out of the race, the Swede having declared that he only remained in it for fun.

Stevens, the Buffalo boy, also admitted the hopelessness of his case and remained off the track for five hours.

THE SCORE AT NOON.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Six days bike race scores at 12 noon:

Miller, 1,626; Waller, 1,597; Pierce, 1,848; Albert, 1,766; Gimm, 1,733; Lawson, 1,697; Aronson, 1,668; Nawn, 1,647; Forster, 1,600; Stevens, 1,501; Hale, 1,450; Julius, 1,165.

A smoker and progressive pedro was given by the Zion's Walther league last evening and the affair was greatly enjoyed. The first prize, a box of cigars, was won by Otto Bengs and the booby prize fell to Theodore Dobler. It was a clay pipe.

TWO BIG MEETINGS.

Great Feast For Sunday School Workers.

C. D. Meigs to Speak and E. F. Yarnelle and Daughter to Sing at Wayne Street M. E. Church Tomorrow Afternoon.

The Sunday school people of Fort Wayne should not forget the two big meetings tomorrow to be addressed by C. D. Meigs, of Indianapolis. The first meeting will be held in the Wayne street M. E. church at 3 o'clock. Subject, "How to Teach the Lesson and How to Enjoy It."

At this meeting Mr. Yarnelle and daughter will sing several duets. The meeting in the evening will be held at the First Presbyterian church at 7:30. Subject, "What I Saw When I Went to Sea." Mr. Meigs has the reputation of being one of the strongest Sunday school speakers of the west.

He was one of the speakers at the worlds Sunday school convention in London last summer. His lectures are very entertaining and full and running over with good things for the Sunday school worker.

Every Sunday school worker in Fort Wayne should attend these meetings, as they will get something that will greatly benefit them in the work. At the evening meeting the Haydn quartet will sing. Among Sunday school workers Mr. Meigs is known as "the cyclone."

A 'POSSUM SUPPER.

Colored People Will Give an Unique Entertainment.

A Grand Cake Walk in Which Professor Moten and Other Noted Walkers Will Participate.

The colored people are making arrangements to give something original in the way of an entertainment. It will be a grand cake walk and opossum supper and it will be held on the evening of December 29th at the hall, corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets. Among the leaders of the cake walk will be Prof. J. H. Moten, who is noted as a walker. The 'possum supper will be something a little above and beyond anything in the way of a feast that has ever before been attempted by the colored people of Fort Wayne. The committee of arrangements consists of J. H. Green, chairman; Frank Brown, A. F. Dickerson, Charles Rhoades and S. J. Peters.

LOCAL LINES.

I. Guntzberger, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is in the city, the guest of Mrs. A. Heilbroner.

Mrs. George Kiefer, of Spy Run avenue, and Mrs. Benjamin F. Johnson have returned from Marion, where they attended a banquet given by Temple No. 2, Ladies of the Golden Eagle.

Harvey Turner has received a telegram announcing the death of his brother, John E. Turner, at St. Louis. Deceased was seventy-five years old. He was one of seven children and the first of them to pass away. The oldest of these children was seventy-eight years and the youngest was sixty-seven. His home was at Muscogee, I. T. Mr. Turner left to attend the funeral.

Next Tuesday evening Leland T. Powers, the noted impersonator, will appear with his invisible company at Princess rink, under the auspices of the Woman's Club league, in the entertainment course.

The American public knows Mr. Powers and honors him. He is the originator of a form of entertainment as fascinating as it is unique, and which he has developed into a new and especial art. Apart from its unlimited pleasure-giving power, the dignity, beauty and educating force with which he has invested this art have gained recognition from able critics, educators and men of letters throughout the land, as well as from the great general public, with whom there is no greater favorite on the platform than Mr. Powers.

We are sole agents for the Alfred Benjamin & Co. smoking jackets, dressing and silk vests.
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$12 given away every week until Christmas. Each purchase of $1 and all entitles you to key, one of which will unlock box containing the money. Try to get the lucky key.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

A THIRST FOR BLOOD

A Shocking Tragedy on a Michigan Farm.

William Hitchings Murders Two Men and a Woman.

Then He Cuts His Own Throat, Dying Instantly.

Slaughtered Two Companions, With Whom He Was Working, With an Ax—No Cause Assigned.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 10.—A special to the Journal from Freesoil, Mich., says:

A man named William Hitchings, a brother-in-law of John Hunt, a farmer who lived about two miles west of this place, killed Mr. Hunt, Mrs. Hunt and their hired man, Thomas Hayward, yesterday afternoon and cut his own throat. Hunt and Hayward were in the woods cutting wood and Hitchings splitting it, when the latter struck Hunt with his axe, killing him instantly.

Hayward started to run but fell and was struck by Hitchings' while lying on the ground, also killing him instantly. Hitchings' then went to the house and killed Mrs. Hunt by stabing her in the neck with a jack knife.

After killing Mrs. Hunt, Hitchings' went up stairs and cut his throat from ear to ear and must have died at once from the way blood was splashed about the room.

WELLER BOUND OVER.

Coroner at Ottawa Charges Him With Manslaughter.

The coroner at Ottawa, Ohio, has completed his investigation of the killing of Sol. Wise, and charges A. B. Weller, whose gun did the killing, with manslaughter. Boad was fixed at $2,000, and was furnished by Andrew Brouen, Weller's employer, and Charles Buchanan.

Weller says that he had gone into the Wise store to show Mr. Wise the revolver which he had purchased that day. He had taken, he said, all the shells out of the revolver, and laid them on the counter, while Wise examined the revolver. Then Weller loaded the piece again and put it in his pocket. Weller had told the witness that Wise asked him how he could shoot a man with the gun in his pocket, and he had held the gun up, while it was still in his pocket, and it accidentally discharged.

NICKUM AND HIS LIGHT.

The Strange Illumination of His House Causes Excitement.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 10.—S. B. Nickum, the perpetual light man, is again responsible for perturbation in his neighborhood. Neighbors say they hear uncanny noises and see a strange illumination in his house at night. Sentries prevent a close approach while operations are in progress, but the inventor's adherents declare that he has put his queer machine together and he is engaged in turning out the globes filled with the perpetual light. Agents who were quieted by the receipt of circulars explaining how federal court proceedings delayed shipment of the lights, are confidently expecting consignments about Christmas. In fact, one Logansport man, who has an abiding faith in Mr. Nickum, said today that he expected to sell a large number of lights for Christmas presents.

PARENTS ABDUCT GIRLS.

First Vainly Attempt to Recover Babies From an Orphans' Home.

WABASH, Ind., Dec. 10.—The five-year-old twin daughters of Alton Cox and wife, of this city, were abducted from the orphans' home here by their parents, who refuse to surrender them.

Last December Cox and his wife quarreled and placed the children in the home. Lately they becam reconciled, and attempted to gain possession of the twins, but the directors refused to give them up.

Driving to the institution as the little ones were starting for school, Cox and his wife grasped the children, threw them into a sleigh and drove off at a high speed. They have been located and legal proceedings will be commenced to recover the children, as Cox is declared unfit to rear them.

BEZINAH WON.

Referee Brown Declued He Outpointed Jimmy Murray.

Several hundred people were at the Princess rink last evening to see the twenty-round sparring match between Eugene Bezinah, of Covingtoh, Ky., and Jimmy Murray, of Cincinnati. The men were quite evenly matched. For eighteen rounds Murray had much the best of it, but in the final rounds Bezinah was the strongest. Referee George Brown declared Bezinah the winner on points.

Senator Carey to Retire.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 10.—Judge Carey, ex-United States senator, has announced that he will not be a candidate for election to the United States senate at the next session of the legislature. His retirement is regarded as materially improving Senator Clark's chances of re-election.

Charged With Poisoning Her Husband.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 10.—Mrs. Lois Johnston, of Pond Creek, Okla., is in jail at Pond Creek and will be tried December 16th on the charge of poisoning her sixth husband at Lawrence, Kan., in May. She is also accused of poisoning a half brother in Sumner county, Kan., last July.

ALL ABOUT A COW.

The Bovine is the Cause of Malicious Tresspass Case.

The Principals to the Suit Live Near Sheldon—Items Gleaned From the Courts.

In 'Squire France's court Joseph L. Pevert has sworn to an affidavit charging George McDowell with malicious trespass, and Constable Ford went to Sheldon this morning to arrest McDowell.

Pevert alleges that George McDowell is a butcher and some time ago William Dalman, a farmer, allowed McDowell to erect a slaughter house on his farm. McDowell used the building for some time, but finally abandoned it, although his brother had paid for its erection. Mr. Pevert then secured Mr. Dalman's permission to use the slaughter house and in a few days went into the country, purchased a cow and tied it in the slaughter house. The next morning the bovine was missing and it put in an appearance later at the home of the original owner. Now Mr. Pevert claims to have evidence that McDowell went to the slaughter house and set the cow loose. The suit for malicious trespass is the result.

COURT NOTES.

The Central Electric company sues the Summit City Manufacturing company to recover $75. Vesey & Heaton are attorneys.

The Fort Wayne Building, Loan Fund and Savings association sues Chas. T. Berndt, the Land and Security company and several others to recover $1,500. Breen & Morris are attorneys.

D. H. Holstein and Louis Bender sue Lena Traut on a mechanic's lien to recover $22. Ryan & Ryan are attorneys.

Sophie Fox et al. sue William H. Stein et al. to recover $1,750 for conversion of property. Breen & Morris are attorneys.

The board of commissioners considered ditch cases yesterday. They established the Ort ditch in Eel River township, the Shambaugh ditch in Cedar Creek township, and appointed Michael Fritz and Wm. F. Hagen and Wm. Smith, reviewers on the Waters ditch in Washington township.

The case of J. A. Trentman against Thomas H. Groves, on attachment, is being heard by Judge Dawson and a jury.

The cases against Frederick, Edmund and Leonard Leneke, charged with illegally cutting and removing timber from the land of Daniel O'Grady in Lake township, were heard by Judge O'Rourke yesterday afternoon, and the defendants discharged.

The trial of the case of George W. Lahr against the Fort Wayne Institute of Science, Art and Industry, resulted in a verdict for the defendant by the circuit court jury.

The will of the late John M. Boschet was filed for probate. The estate is left to the wife and children.

The jury in the case of Trentman vs. Groves returned a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $200.

Sophia Boschet has been appointed executrix of the estate of John M. Boschet, deceased.

Catherine Heintz, a traveling saleswoman of this city, injured by a fall on a sidewalk, while at Marion, in October, 1897, has brought suit against the city of Marion for $2,000 damages.

GILLISPIE IS GONE.

The "Match-Maker" Gets Away With Some Money.

He Left the Rink Last Evening to "Take Something" and Has Not Been Seen Since.

The backers of the Summit City Athletic club, under whose auspices the sparring match was given in Princess rink last evening, are wondering what has become of Clarence J. Gillispie, the erstwhile matchmaker for the club. Several months ago Mr. Gillispie came here from Brooklyn heralded as a great promoter of sparring matches. He was in the employ of the Fort Wayne Athletic club. When this club gave up sparring matches he was taken on by George Brown, Dave Eckart and Elwood George, backers of the Summit City Athletic club. It was Gillispie who pushed last night's sparring match along. He was considerable of a hustler and issued a souvenir program for the occasion. He handled many of the tickets and seemed to be all O. K. Last night the young man acted rather suspiciously at the rink and Mr. Eckart got a settlement with him for over $100 worth of tickets, but he had money for tickets which had been given him by Mr. Brown and the receipts from the souvenir program. After the settlement with Mr. Ecart Gillispie went out to "take something" and he has not been seen since. Neither has the money which he had in his possession. Furthermore the program has not been paid for and somebody must settle. Mr. Gillispie did not get all the club managers believe he wanted, but he got enough and it will not be pleasant for the match maker if he is located.

MAY AMEND CHARTER

Changes Necessary to Protect the City's Credit.

Purchasers of Improvement Bonds Must be Protected.

City Attorney and Comptroller Visit Indianapolis.

They Studied the Capital's Charter and Find That Changes Have Been Made Such as are Necessary Here.

City Attorney Shambaugh and Comptroller Berghoff have returned from Indianapolis, where they went to study the capital city charter.

The city authorities find that it is necessary to make some changes in the charter to maintain the credit of Fort Wayne, which now ranks at the top. In issuing bonds on street and sewer improvements, it is found that there is no way to protect the bonds which are sold to foreign capitalists. The law at present provides for the issuance of bonds, which are turned over to the contractor, who is compelled to sell them to capitalists in order to get his money out of the improvement. When the interest falls due the bonds are sent to the comptroller and as there is no fund to pay them and no provision made for their collection by the city, the bondholder fails to get his interest on the coupons and the credit of Fort Wayne is injured. Indianapolis had the same difficulty, but it was remedied at the session of the legislature in 1897. Amendments were adopted which completely protect the bondholders. Three per cent. of the contractor's price for making an improvement is withheld and when the coupons come to the comptroller from the bondholder, the delinquent interest is paid from this fund. The delinquent assessment is placed on the tax duplicate and is collected at the same time and in the same manner as taxes. If not paid, the property is sold. The sale can be made if the property is delinquent on the first installment and on each succeeding installment should it not be paid. In this manner the person who bids in the property on the first delinquency, in order to hold it, must pay all the assessments. At the end of two years enough collections are made to reimburse the contractor with the 3 per cent. held out as a fund to meet delinquent interest. This system has proven successful in Indianapolis and an effort will be made to have the next legislature make the same amendments to the Fort Wayne charter.

MUNICIPAL NOTES.

The council committee on waterworks will meet in the city clerk's office next Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

A. Leeds, city civil engineer at Michigan City, was in Fort Wayne yesterday, inquiring into the merits of the several kinds of pavements. Michigan City will probably pave many of its streets the coming season.

The health authorities this afternoon removed the diphtheria card from the Brear residence, on Maumee avenue.

The board of works has not reached any decision as to whether a tunnel will be built under the Pennsylvania and Wabash railways. The council committee on streets at one time decided to recommend to the council that that body recommend to the board of works that the tunnel be built at Clinton street, but it is believed now that no such recommendation will be made.

JUVENILE FESTIVAL.

Will be Held at the Standard Club Next Wednesday.

Jewish Congregation Will Give the Little Folks a Good Time in Celebration of Chanukah.

Next Wednesday evening the Jewish congregation will tender a reception to the young folks of the Jewish Sabbath school, in celebration of the Chanukah holidays, which begin today. The affair will take place at Standard hall, and will consist of an entertainment, dancing and a feast of good things. There will be good music in attendance.

BY THE OLDER ONES.

The Hebrew citizens will have a social and hop at Standard hall on Thursday evening, for which affair extensive preparations are being made.

WILL EXCHANGE PULPITS.

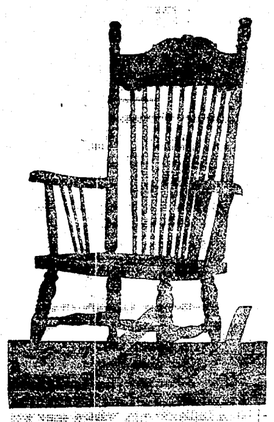
Next Friday evening Rabbi Frederick Cohn, of this city, and Rabbi Joseph Leiser, of Lafayette, will exchange pulpits. The services at both churches will be of a special character on that occasion.

Men's, boys' and children's woolen and leather gloves or mittens from 25 cents up.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

The Ministerial association will meet in Berry street M. E. church Monday at 10 a. m. Rev. E. E. Frame will read a paper on "The Law of Psychic Phenomena."

We are showing a full line of the Crown make silk suspenders from 50c up to $3 per pair.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

SPECIAL SALE ON ROCKERS!



We shall place on sale MONDAY Morning a lot of beautiful Arm Rockers, with Leather Cobbler Seats, in either Golden Oak or Mahogany finish, highly polished, at

=$2.95

This is the best Rocker ever offered at this price.
Don't miss this chance! Come early!

FREE.

Call and get one of our pretty calenders for 1899, before they are all gone.

GIVEN AWAY.

One 3-Piece Bed Room Set.
One 100 Piece Dinner Set.
One Parlor Chair.
One Parlor Lamp.
One 12-Piece Chamber Set.
One Carving Set.

A ticket will be given with every dollar purchase, which entitles the holder to a chance in the distribution of the above presents, Dec. 28.

PICKARD BROS.,

Headquarters For

Furniture, Stoves and Chinaware,

12 & 14 East Columbia Street.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

SATURDAY, DEC. 10, 1898.

TONIGHT.

Masonic Temple—Attractions for the week:
Saturday afternoon and evening, "Who is Who."

Wonderland Theatre and Musee—Open every night.

Plymouth Church Fair—At church parlors.

Art Exhibit—Given by the Keramic club at F. B. Long's music store.

Saturday Night Hop Club—Twelve o'clock dance at White Bank hall.

Lodges—Order of the Red Cross; Rathbone Sisters; Degree of Honor, No. 26; Mad Anthony Hive, No. 27.

CHRISTMAS

"AT CHRISTMAS PLAY AND MAKE GOOD CHEER,
FOR CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR."

IF there is ever a time when one wants the right kind of goods, it certainly is at CHRISTMAS TIME, when selecting articles suitable for presents.

A Good Suit Of Clothes

Is not only a desirable present, but also a sensible and profitable one, when you consider our goods and prices. At the prices we are now quoting on the best class of goods you can afford to give yourself a present, make a good investment and save money at the same time.

You can get Heavy-weight Cheviots, Heavy Black Clay Worsteds, Blue and Black Undressed Worsteds at **$8.50**

$12 buys Fancy Cheviots, new and choice weaves--Fine Heavy Black Clays and Superior Serges and Fancy Worsteds at **$12.00**

A custom tailor wouldn't make a suit from these fine fabrics for less than $25.00.

Our Assortment of Furnishings is Now at its Best. Keep Us in mind when Selecting Christmas Gifts.

Mackintoshes.
Men's Handkerchiefs.
Silk Handkerchiefs.
Smoking Jackets.
House Coats.
Walking Sticks.
Silk Umbrellas.
Cuff Links.
Fetching Neckwear.
Flannelette Night Robes.
Dress Shirts.
Mufflers.
Silk Suspenders, etc.

Lehman's

34 & 36 CALHOUN ST.

SPAIN protests that she has only yielded to force. Certainly; that was what was contemplated when war was declared.

IT is rumored in New York that Bourke Cochran, the lawyer and orator, wants to marry Miss Virginia Fair. Mr. Cochran is just now cutting something of a dash in the fashionable society of New York and is very attentive to Miss Fair.

A SOLDIER who embraced a woman on the streets of Savannah has been fined $500 and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The women who embrace and Hobsonize uniformed heroes do so with absolute impunity. Are not men entitled to protection as well as women?

MISS HELEN GOULD is now receiving about three hundred letters a day. Many of them, as a result of her widely-advertised generosity, are begging letters and many, as shown by their postmarks or in some other way, are from soldiers who have benefited from her bounty.

TO COMPEL truants to go to school last year cost the state $35,544.61. There were 237 truant officers, and they were paid on an average of $169 apiece. The secretary of the state board of charities reports that 32,000 children were added to the school attendance by the law, and that $15,806.23 was paid to help these children. The board indorses the law and recommends a few minor changes in it.

THE czar of Russia has given his sanction to the scheme of Baron Horace Gunsburg, the great Jewish banker, of St. Petersburg, for a settlement of Jewish agriculturists on 10,000 acres of the baron's estate in Bessarabia. The settlers will be restricted to agriculture and such stores and commercial establishments as may be needed will be operated by gentiles. Baron Gunsburg hopes by this experiment to disprove the idea prevalent in Russia that the Jews are inimical to agriculture and will only engage in trade and financial operations.

THERE are many reasons why Judge R. S. Taylor should be elected to the United States senate. In ability and intellectual attainments he towers like a giant above his competitors for the honor. Of all the candidates Judge Taylor alone is worthy to succeed the great Turpie. He would adorn the position and reflect great credit upon the state of Indiana. The presence in the senate to represent Indiana of a man like Judge Taylor would pledge that the prestige gained for the state by such men as Hendricks and Morton and Harrison and Voorhees and Turpie would not be lost. The election of Judge Taylor would confer upon this city a distinction in which no mean pride could be taken. He would honor the people and the city. With this view of the matter Judge Taylor should have, as we believe he will have, the united support of his party here and the good wishes of all citizens. In a political struggle of the kind now on for the senatorship the action of a republican caucus is not apt to be greatly influenced by democratic opinions, but it will do Judge Taylor no harm if it be known that his friends and neighbors up here regardless of politics are his advocates for the senatorship.

SPAIN is not in a mood for making amicable agreements or entering into new treaty arrangements beyond those imposed upon her by the results of the war. The Paris conference has reached its final agreement, upon the basis of the peace protocol, but the various additional details which the American commissioners sought to incorporate in the treaty the Spanish commissioners have declined to consider, and if any of them need diplomatic adjustment it will have to be left to a more convenient season. Under the circumstances there is not much room for us to find fault with this result, since we have secured so much more than anybody would have dreamed of demanding six months ago, and nobody will be disposed to rub it in on the unfortunate Spaniards. The allusion in the president's message to the Maine, a subject on which they are sensitive, rubbed them the wrong way, and altogether their commissioners are feeling tired. But the treaty, as now agreed on, will be formally engrossed and signed and we have no doubt that ratifications will be duly exchanged.

NORTHERN INDIANA NOTES.

Vorling W. Helm, a well known young man of North Manchester, will go as a missionary to India.

Little Charles Gunter, of Leesburg, while playing doctor, gave carbolic acid to his little brother and sister. Both may die.

Benjamin Lower, seventy years old, of Wabash, whose death is reported, served in the civil war. He was a resident of Wabash for forty years.

Charles Tyner, a farmer residing near Wabash, had one of his arms so badly mangled in a corn-shredder that amputation was necessary. Near Michigan City a young son of Al. Hunt had one of his hands torn off by a similar machine.

Within eight years of the golden anniversary of her marriage to Chas. G. Powell, of LaPorte, Nancy J. Powell, his wife, has appealed to the superior court of Cook county to free her from the bonds which have bound her to her husband for forty two years. Charles G. Powell is the veteran editor of the LaPorte Republican.

Milo Meredith, editor, and Ben Kinerk, business manager of the Wabash Times, were arrested Thursday on an affidavit by John T. Hiler, charging them with criminal libel. The case was called before a magistrate and dismissed when it was found that the prosecuting witness had not made the legal demand for a retraction. Hiler then formally asked for a retraction, which the Times people refused, and new affidavits will be prepared.

In the Dunkard settlement, ten miles north of Goshen, Vernon Bigler, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Bigler, was baptized in the icy waters of a creek, and his death occurred the following day, as alleged, from the shock. Young Bigler was persuaded to unite with the Dunkard church, of which his parents are prominent members, and the young man was taken from a sick bed at the time, with the results stated. The parents insisted upon the baptism, and the people in the neighborhood who are not members of the church feel bitterly toward them.

Chauncy Miller, a respectable laboring man, of Shipshewana, was surprised on his return home from work Tuesday evening to find the house cold and apparently no one at home. He visited the neighbors, thinking perhaps his wife, whom he had left at noon in her usual health and spirits, had gone for a call and prolonged it unconsciously into a visit. But he could find no trace of the missing woman and returned home in some alarm. A search of the premises was then made and it was found that an upper bedroom was locked. The door was forced and there on the bed was found Mrs. Miller cold in death. She had evidently been dead some hours. Mr. Miller gave the alarm and neighbors came in. Considerable mystery surrounds the case which the coroner is trying to clear up. The particulars have not been learned, but it is thought to be a case of suicide.

Clark Bitner was very pleasantly surprised at his home, 175 East Lewis street, Thursday evening by a number of his young friends, who came to help him celebrate his eighteenth birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in games and various other amusements until a late hour, when a sumptuous supper was served.

"77"

Is Dr. Humphrey's Cure for Colds, Lingering Coughs and

GRIP

The air is filled with poisonous Grip, it enters the system with every Cold and is manifest by the tenacious way the Cold "hangs on."

"77" taken early breaks it up promptly. Taken during its prevalence prevents its invasion. Taken while suffering a cure is speedily realized.

At druggists or sent prepaid; price, 25c and 50c; large pocket flask, $1.00. Dr. Humphreys' Manual at druggists or sent free.
Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. Be sure to get

H-U-M-P-H-R-E-Y-S

IN HIS HOLY NAME.

You Are Invited to Worship in the Lord's House.

Sabbath Sermons and Services in Fort Wayne Churches Tomorrow—Announcements of Pastors.

Hanna street Baptist Mission Sunday school, 2:30 p. m. C. M. LaRue, superintendent.

Simpson M. E. Church—Sunday school, 9:30; sermon, "A Neglected Grace," 10:30; senior league, 6:30; sermon, 7:30.

Calvary U. B. church, Sunday services. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Y. P. C. U. 6:30 p. m. Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. J. W. Lake, pastor.

Heidelberg Reformed church, Rev. Maurice Samson, pastor—Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; morning service at 10:30 a. m.; subject, "A Remarkable Message." Evening service at 7:30 p. m.

The First Church of Christ Scientist holds regular services in the Odd Fellows building, No. 20 West street, second floor, 10:30 a. m. Subject, "God, the Preserver of Man." Sunday school following services.

Grace Reformed Church, Rev. A. K. Zartman, D. D., pastor.—Sabbath morning services at 10:30 a. m., subject. "Fishers of Men." evening service at 7:30. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:45 p. m.

Bethel Church of the Evangelical association, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; German preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Young People's alliance at 6:45 p. m. English preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Third Presbyterian church, corner Calhoun and Holman streets, Rev. J. A. P McGaw, pastor.—Subject of morning sermon, "Shall the Sword Devour Forever?" evening at No. 540 South Calhoun street, subject, "Certainty in Religion."

Those whose worship in Bethany church, Nebraska, will please to note that the Sunday school convenes at 9:30 a. m., while the morning hour of public service has been changed to 10:45 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Evening services, 7:30 p. m.

Railroad Young Men's Christian Association—Observance of State day. Gospel songs and brief addresses by C. H. Newton, E. L. Mertz. Charles Yagerlehner and others from 3 to 4 p. m. The meeting for ladies' and gentlemen's Bible study at 4 p. m.

Christ English Lutheran church, corner Jefferson and Webster—Sabbath school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching, 10:45 a. m, sermon on "The Good Shepherd." Y. P. S. C. E at 6:30 p. m. Evening sermon at 7:30, topic, "The Mercies of God," by the pastor, Rev. L. J. Motschman

At the Baptist tabernacle the Sunday school will observe parents' day at 9:30. Following this, Pastor Henson will preach to the members of the school and their parents. At night the school will celebrate Bible day and Franklin college day, at which time Rev. Norman Carr, of Franklin, Ind, will speak.

South Congregational church—Rev. E. E. Frame, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior Christian Endeavor at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening subject: "The New Psychology in Relation to Christian Science and Spiritualism. Emerson quartet.

At the West Jefferson Street Church of Christ services will be held as usual tomorrow at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The second sermon in the series on "Great Facts of Revelation" will be delivered in the evening. "Man Revealed to Himself" will be the subject. P. J. Rice, minister.

Trinity M. E. church, corner of Fourth and Cass streets.—Preaching by Rev. J. S. Nelson at 10:30. Sunday school at 9:30. Epworth league at 6:30. At 7:30 the pastor, Sherman Powell, will conduct a special service. The address will be on "Jesus' Christmas Gift." There will be special music.

St. Paul M. E. church, Rev. M. C. Cooper, pastor.—Class meeting at 9:30; preaching at 10:30 by the pastor; Children's meeting at 2:15; Sunday school at 3 o'clock; Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 and 7:30. Mrs. D. B. Wells, of the Westminster seminary will speak on "City Evangelization."

Plymouth Congregational church, corner Harrison and Jefferson.—Strangers welcome to the services at 10:45 a. m and 7:30 p. m. Evening sermon, "What is the Meaning of My Life? What Am I Here For?" Chorus choir, led by Prof. Miles. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. and Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Rev. James S. Ainslie, minister.

At Westminster church, Dr. Leeper, the pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m, on "Seeking Fruit and Finding None." At 7:30 p. m. he will give a discourse of unusual interest, illustrated by the stereopticon, on "Round About Jerusalem." After a comparison of the Jerusalem of today with Jerusalem in its grandeur, a walk will be taken about the walls. Calvary will be visited. A walk will be taken around its base and well identified places will be shown—as Solomon's quarries, from which was taken the stone to build the temple; the tomb in which Jeremiah and his scribe, Baruch, hid and in which was written "Lamentations;" the site of the stoning of Stephen, and the veritable tomb and sarcophagus in which the body of Christ was laid and from which He rose, according to Gordon and many of the best scholars. This discourse, and, indeed, all in connection with the Holy City which will follow this one, will be especially helpful to Bible students and of great interest to all. Sunday school, 12 m.; Sr. C. E. 6:30 p. m.; Jr. C. E. and other children will meet at 3 p. m.

West Creighton avenue Church of Christ.—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching 10:30 and 7:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Subjects of sermons: Morning, "The Christian;" evening, "Sin and Its Remedy." Z. A. Harris, minister.

Preaching at the Berry Street M. E. church, corner Harrison, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., as usual by the pastor. Sunday school, at 9:30 a. m. Junior league at 2:30 p. m. Epworth league devotional at 6:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend all the services. Special music at each preaching service.

Services at Wayne Street Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; sermon, by Rev. Sherman Powell, subject, by request, "The Pentecostal Church," 10:30 a. m.; classes, 12 m.; Junior league, 3 p. m; Epworth league, 6:30 p. m.; sermon by Rev. J. A. Sprague, 7:30 p. m.; special solo by Mr. Tiley, a fine singer.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Rt. Rev. Joseph Rademacher, D. D., bishop; Very Rev. John Guendling, V. G., pastor; Rev. J. H. Bathe, chancellor; Rev. M. J. Byrne, associate pastor; Rev. Jno. Durham, assistant—Masses at 6, 8, 8:30 (children's services) and 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m.

St. Patrick's, corner DeWald and Harrison. Rev. Joseph F. Delaney, pastor; Rev. Patrick Crowley, assistant pastor. Sunday services, mass at 7:45 and 10 a. m.; children's mass at 9 a. m.; vespers, 3 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Mary's (German), corner of Lafayette and Jefferson streets. The Rev. John H. Oechtering, pastor; assistant, Rev. Gustave Hottenroth. Sunday services, 8 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's (German), corner West Washington and Griffith. Rev. F. J. H. Kroll, pastor. Services 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

St. Joseph's Chapel (in connection with St. Joseph's hospital), Rev. Thomas Eisenring, C. S. S., chaplain. Sunday services, 8 a. m. and 4 p. m. Weekly services, 8 a. m.

St. Peter's (German), corner East DeWald and Warsaw. Rev. Ferdinand Koerdt, pastor. Sunday services, 7:45 and 9:45 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCHES.

Emanuel Lutheran, West Jefferson street.—Rev. C. Gross and Rev. Philip Wambsganss, jr., pastors. Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. Paul's, on Barr street.—Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Trinity, corner of Huffman and Oakland.—Rev. J. A. Bohn, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. John's Evangelical, corner West Washington and Van Buren.—Rev. Henry P. Dannecker, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m., 2 p. m., (in German), 7:30 p. m. (in English).

German Lutheran Zion's Congregational church, Creighton avenue and Hanna streets.—Rev. Henry Juengel, pastor. Services, 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sundays.

Grace church (German Evangelical), Gay and Pontiac streets, Rev. Miller, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday school, 2 p. m.

LIVING SCORE.

Animated Song Sheet at the Elks' Minstrels.

Pickaninny Cake Walk Will Also be Introduced—"Something New" is Manager Heilbroner's Watchward.

Manager Louis Heilbroner has two entirely new features to present among the specialties of the coming charity minstrels of the Elks. An "Animated Song Sheet" is one of them. This will be nothing less than human heads set to music. On a large sheet of canvas will appear the scores and the notes will be represented by human heads appearing through oval openings. The heads will be black. These human notes will join in the chorus of the songs given. Another feature that will make a hit is the pickaninny cake walk, in which a dozen of the real southern article will be seen in the most original and amusing performance known to colored artists.

Concluded to Leave.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—Uri Bennett, who for ten days defied the committee of citizens who ordered him to leave the town of Delmar, has finally taken his departure and no more trouble is feared there.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrah when everything else failed.—Alfred W. Stevens, Cadwell, Ohio.

Ely's Cream Balm works like a charm; it has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head; I would not be without it.—Fred'k Fries, 283 Hart St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

PICTURE FRAMES

Made to Order. A fine line of mouldings to select from.
KEIL & KEIL,
116 Calhoun Street.

"Our Nation in War."

Typewriters cleaned and repaired at International Business College. Home telephone, 504 Main. 516

We are showing a full line of the Crown make silk suspenders, from 50 cts. up to $2 00 per pair.
CLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

TRADES AND LABOR.

New Officers and Delegates Elected Last Evening.

Council Favors Proposed Eight Hour Law—Reports of Secretary and Treasurer Received.

Last evening the Trades and Labor council held an annual meeting for the election of officers and transaction of other business. The following delegates from the various organizations presented their credentials and were duly recognized:

Typographical Union—George R. Hench, Frank Bacome, L. N. Melsheimer, C. J. Lose, Charles W. Habecker.

Cigarmakers—H. G. Hoeltje, C. Kreutzer, F. J. Marx, L. P. Sanders, Levi Bender.

Machinists—John Gribbins, W. M. Schultz, A. C. Hobrock, William Wurtle, John Nolan.

Barbers—C. J. Steiss, John Brunskill, F. H. Schlink, Frank Holmes, H. Guenther.

Retail Clerks—Charles Neireiter, John Buehler, Clem Rekers, Con. Shanks, Christ Rose.

Horseshoers — Thomas Phillips, John Sheehan, John Logan, Charles Starr, John H. Logan.

Hod Carriers—C. E. Redrup, Arthur Burns, Isaac Herring, Frederick Furian, Leonard Stalf.

Bartenders—John Fahlsing, Cliff Gordon, John Clever, Charles Meyer, Perry Stahl.

Engineers — H. F. Newland, Thomas Baxter, C. E. Thomas, D. E. Croy, William Haynerd.

Brewers—Robert Muehlfeith, Albert Rehm, Ben Mathy, Fred Kley, Henry Kraft.

The reports of the secretary and treasurer were read and approved. The treasurer's report showed that the council has received over $500 during the past year, and that over $267 still remained in the treasury. The eight hour law drafted by the American Federation of Labor and known as house resolution No. 7,385, was endorsed and the secretary was instructed to write to the senators and it was to be reported back to all organizations represented in the council.

A committee of five, consisting of Delegates Bender, Lose, Hobrock, Neireiter and Logan, was appointed to investigate the cost of opening a reading room for organized labor. The council will expend every effort during the winter to revive interest in organized labor, both in the old and new organizations. Several important matters were up for discussion last night, but the nature of the proceedings was not given out.

NEW OFFICERS

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected:

President—Thomas Phillips.
Vice President—A. C. Hobrock.
Secretary—C. J. Steiss.
Treasurer—G. R. Hench.
Executive Board—H Guenther, John Logan, Thomas Baxter, Chas. E. Redrup, Chas. Neireiter.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Fred Kreckman.

We are sole agents for the Alfred Benjamin & Co. smoking jackets, dressing and silk vests.
GLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

Misses diamond rings, $2.50 and upwards, Broadway Jeweler.
9 10 13 16 17 20 22 24

If you want a good smoke try the Don Carlos. 8eod-tf

Given Away.

A beautiful Imported Royal Doulton China Dinner Set, 112 pieces.

A ticket will be given with every dollar purchase and entitles you to a chance in the free distribution of this beautiful China Dinner Set, to be given away January 1st, 1899.

1847 Roger Bros. Silver Plated Knives, $3.25 per doz. Wm. Roger's Silver Knives, $3.00 per doz.

WARD CHINA ....STORE,
Sign Big Iron Dog.

Cleveland's Baking Powder does the work just right every time.

That's why all the leading Teachers of Cookery use and recommend it.

PRICES GOING UP.

Shortage in California Wine Crop Has Advanced Sale Figures.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—The shortage in the wine crop of 1898 and the fairly good demand that has existed during the last year have resulted in advancing prices. In speaking of the situation Secretary Hitchkiss, of the Wine Manufacturer's corporation said:

"Prices of wines have been steadily advanced for some time and since October 1, the increase has amounted to six cents per gallon. We feel confident that prices will go higher. Our opinion is based on the facts of the long continued dry weather, which will weaken the vines, and the ravages of the phylloxera."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Typewriters cleaned and repaired at International Business College. Home telephone, 504 Main. 516

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Something for Every Person. Something for Every Purse.

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Gift Books with fancy bindings.
Set Books, complete line.
Bibles in endless variety.
Fancy Goods and Novelties, all new.
Pictures and Picture Frames.
Novelty Toys, Games, Desks, Blackboards, etc.

Siemon & Brother, Opposite the Court House.

SOMETHING NEW

5¢

Large package of the world's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4-pound package. All grocers. Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

UPMANN'S COMPETENCIA EXTRA 5

TRADE MARK C.U.

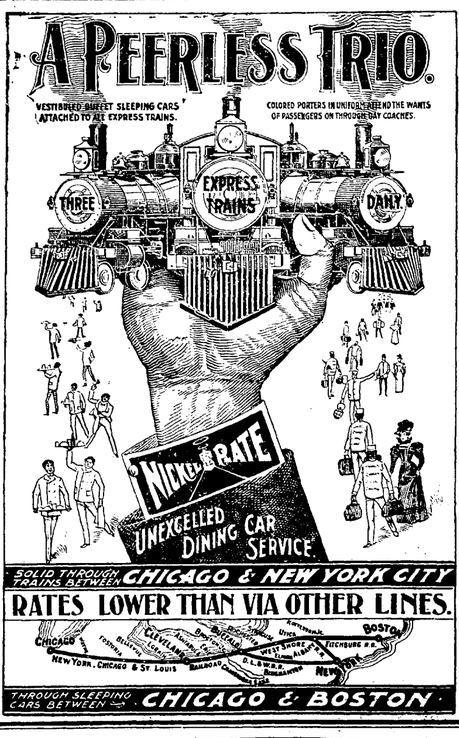
A TEN-CENT CIGAR for a NICKEL. Smoke one and be Convinced.

QUALITY always the BEST and UNIFORM the Year 'Round.

NO EXPERIMENT. Twelve Millions sold annually.

TRADE SUPPLIED BY
UPMANN & WILCOX, CHICAGO.
FOR SALE IN FORT WAYNE BY
C. B. Woodworth & Co. Fort Wayne Club G. E. Belott
Freese & Ranke. George Swain jr. J. F. Getz.
O. G. Klinkerberg. Albert C. Metz.

A PEERLESS TRIO.


VESTIBULED BUFFET SLEEPING CARS ATTACHED TO ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
COLORED PORTERS IN UNIFORM TEND TO THE WANTS OF PASSENGERS ON THROUGH DAY COACHES.
THREE
EXPRESS TRAINS
DAILY
NICKEL PLATE
UNEXCELLED DINING CAR SERVICE
SOLD THROUGH TRAINS BETWEEN CHICAGO & NEW YORK CITY
RATES LOWER THAN VIA OTHER LINES.
CHICAGO
CLEVELAND
BUFFALO
NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST LOUIS RAILROAD
BOSTON
NEW YORK
THROUGH SLEEPING CARS BETWEEN CHICAGO & BOSTON

REGULAR SPANISH

This is the exact size and shape of the Regular Spanish Cigar. The only 10c Cigar that sells for 5c. Made by
Phone 535. KASTEN & KOHLMEYER, 248 Calhoun Street.

Globe

Sensible....

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The time is past to buy foolish presents. So what is more useful are more appreciated by a man, boy or child than one of our

HIGH GRADE

Suits or Overcoats.

We are also showing a complete line of latest novelties in celebrated

Auerbach Holiday Neckwear,
Alfred Benjamin Smoking Jackets,
Young's Hats,

And all the leading makes in other holiday novelties in holiday attire for men, boys' and children.

$12 GIVEN AWAY

EVERY WEEK UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

With every purchase of $1.00 or over you get a key, one of which unlocks the box displayed in our window which contains the

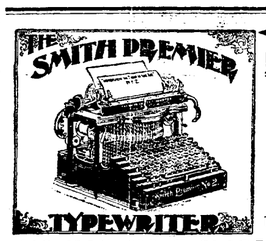
$12.00 Cash.

The lucky key secures the money.

All keys to be tried the succeeding Monday.

GLOBE Mf'g Co.

THE SMITH PREMIER



TYPEWRITER

For All Around Work

It is the.... Superior Writing Machine.

It Excels in all Desirable Features. It is Simple, Strong and Mechanically Correct—the Most Economical Machine Made. ::::::::::

SEND FOR ART CATALOGUE.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

116 MONUMENT PLACE, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

"Seeing Is Believing."

We have on hand a large assortment of good second hand Pianos and Organs which we wish to dispose of within the next 10 days in order to make room for our holiday stock. All of these instruments have been put in first-class condition at our factory and will be sold under a guarantee to be taken back as part payment towards a new PACKARD any time within three years at full price paid.

PIANOS.			ORGANS.		
$375	HALLETT & DAVIS Full sized, upright.	$215	$110	STERLING; 11 Stops, 6 Octave.	$58
$350	KRANICH & BACH, Upright, good condition.	$200	$125	STORY & CLARK; 11 Stops, 6 Octave; good as new.	$72
$350	LESTER, Mahogany Case.	$225	$110	STORY & CLARK; 9 Stops, 5 Octave; modern style.	$60
$350	LESTER, Upright, good as new	$225	$110	ESTEY; 9 stops Fancy Case	$50
$350	KIMBALL, Upright. Slightly used.	$198	$115	ESTEY; 11 Stops.	$58
$325	TAYLOR & SON, Upright, walnut case.	$175	$95	STERLING; 11 Stops, High case.	$47
$250	HINZE UPRIGHT, Oak case.	$150	$110	PACKARD; 8 Stops, Orchestral Style.	$45
$300	VOSE & SON, Square, carved legs, etc.	$125	$85	PACKARD; 6 Stops, Chapel Style.	$30
$300	U. S PIANO CO. Square, large size.	$100	$100	NEW ENGLAND 9 Stops; high top	$50
$375	MILLER SQUARE.	$75	$100	PRINCE; 9 Stops, Modern style.	$47
$375	GROVENSTUN SQUARE	$60	$90	SMITH AMERICAN, Chapel style.	$25
			$75	TAYLOR & FARLEY	$20

Money Saved by buying now. Goods sold for Cash or Credit.

"Packard Music House"

120 Calhoun Street.

EXTEND THE LINE.

The Findlay Will be Pushed Eastward

To Connect With the Baltimore and Ohio, Busy in the Fort Wayne Shops.

A well known railroad man who visited Findlay a few days ago stated that he believed the people of that city would this spring see the extension of the Tangent line toward the east, says the Findlay Republican.

"It will be the carrying out of the decision made one year ago to extend the road," said he.

Continuing, the gentleman said: "There is a probability, however, that the extension will not now be a large one, but it will be an advantageous one to this city. Close observers among railroad men and others have noticed what a great benefit to the road has been the Pennsylvania terminal at Fort Wayne. An eastern terminal with a good railway system would give the road the same advantage in the east. Such a connection would be with the Baltimore and Ohio at Tiffin, and I believe with the proper effort Tiffin could secure the road."

The reports of the officials of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western, which are now being made, will undoubtedly show a large increase in the gross earnings of the road, and this will surely be a good argument in favor of the extension.

Against Scalpers.

At a banquet given in St. Louis, Grand Chief Conductor Clark, of the Order of Railway Conductors, made an address in which he showed that the attitude of railway wage earners is unalterably opposed to ticket scalping as an evil that makes unwarrantable inroads upon the earnings of the railroads. He urged that it is against public morals and public policy, and the railroads are entitled to legislation which will protect them against it.

A Nickel Plate Trainman Killed.

The Bellevue Gazette tells of the sad fate of Sterling R. Davey, who fell from a train at Woodland, Ohio, last Tuesday and was cut in two by the wheels. Until three weeks ago Davey was caller of Nickel Plate train crews at Bellevue and in that capacity made the acquaintance of the trainmen on the division between that city and Fort Wayne. He quit calling and took a position as brakeman on the second division. He was twenty-one years old. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon. Joseph Davey, the father of the deceased, is a conductor on the middle division of the Nickel Plate.

Repair Shops Full of Engines.

At present there are twenty engines in the Pittsburg shops in various stages of repair and the majority of them belong to the roads that go to make up the northwestern system other than the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago. The engines brought in for repairs during the week ending today were Nos. 139, 140, 53, 418, 338 and 172. Tacse repaired and turned out during the same period were Nos. 127, 235, 30, 139 and 202. The machinists and boilermakers are still working thirteen hours per day, with little prospect of a change before the spring months. East bound freight, now that navigation has closed, will increase in volume as the grain movement advances and busy times in the transportation department means plenty of work in the mechanical department. Yesterday there were fifteen solid eastbound freight trains through this city, not including the local freights. The westbound movement was almost as heavy, though the proportion of loaded cars was not so great. As long as this business continues, there will be no "let up" to over time in the shops.

Combine Against Rate Cutting.

It is well understood that a compact has been entered into between the Vanderbils and President Thomson, of the Pennsylvania lines, which means that these roads will compel the weaker lines to refrain from rate cutting. When the Baltimore and Ohio is out of the hands of its receivers it will no longer continue as a rate-disturbing factor among the trunk lines. It is said that until this is accomplished the agreement between the Vanderbilt and the Pennsylvania lines will not become operative.

The Snow Blockade Nearly Ended.

The troubles occasioned by the snow storm in Pennsylvania and New York are gradually subsiding and trains are making better time than they did a few days ago. Westbound trains on the Nickel Plate yesterday, however, were from one to five hours late. Today they were a little behind time in reaching this city, but there was a marked improvement over the preceding three or four days.

Changes at the Wabash Shop Office.

Mr. Thompson, of Moberly, Mo., will take a position as stenographer with Master Mechanic G. S. McKee, of the Wabash, January 1, succeeding Miss Emma Wallace, who next Monday assumes her old place in the office of the manager of the Union Central Life Insurance company, as mentioned in THE SENTINEL yesterday. Until the arrival of Mr. Thompson, Frank Markey, clerk for General Shop Foreman W. S. Cooper, will fill the position in the master mechanic's office, and James Houlihan will perform the clerical duties in the shop.

Injured in a Fall.

Warren Carpenter sustained painful injuries this morning while en route to the electric works, where he is employed as fireman. He slipped on the icy pavement and, in the fall, sprained his right wrist and ruptured one of the blood vessels. The wounds are so paintul that Mr. Carpenter had to give up work and return home.

Personal and General.

G. M. Burns, fuel agent of the Wabash, was in the city this morning.

Fred Lenz, the springmaker, is detained at home by the illness of his wife.

Harry Parker, traveling agent of the Union Pacific, was in the city yesterday.

John Keller, Wabash car repairer, is detained at home by sickness in his family.

Brakeman E. M. Young, of the Nickel Plate, is taking a lay off for a few days.

W. Fetters and Joseph Clark, of the Pittsburg lumber yards, are sick and off duty.

Danny Crimmons, fireman on a Pittsburg switch engine, is off duty on account of sickness.

Illinois now has 16,263 miles of railroad main line, 170 miles having been added the last year.

Nickel Plate Engineer M. F. McCarthy and Fireman H. S. Blackburn are taking a few days' rest.

Hewes Piper, who had a finger injured a few days ago in the Pittsburg shops, resumed work this morning.

Conductor J. Hibinger and Brakeman J. Hamilton, of the Nickel Plate, were hunting down the road yesterday.

B. R. Brown, of the east shops, had his thumb caught between a car door and the jam yesterday and severely injured.

Local agents have been notified that the various Fort Wayne lines would make the usual holiday rate to college students.

President Fish, of the Illinois Central, who has been on an inspection trip of the entire system, has returned to New York.

C. B. Slagle, draughtsman at the Bass works, is suffering from a bad cold which has kept him within doors for two or three days.

The rumor is current that the United States Express company will be consolidated with one of the other large express companies.

William Rohyans and Joseph Boseler, machinists employed on the night shift in the Pittsburg roundhouse, are on the sick list.

F. H. Hoyt, former secretary of the Joint Traffic association, has been selected as secretary of the conference of eastern railway presidents.

Mrs. George Graham, wife of the engine painter, is quite sick and that gentleman is kept from his work in the Pittsburg shops on that account.

Passenger Fireman Ed Nickolia, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road, is on the sick list and Pierce Parmely is performing the duties during Ed's adsence.

President Blackstone, of the Chicago and Alton, has increased his library endowment to the town of Hartford, Conn., where he was born, another $100,000.

Included in the shipments from the electric works today were a car load of dynamo machinery to Camden, N. J., and an 1,000-light dynamo to Wellsburg, W. Va.

Members of the local branch of the Order of Railway Conductors have received an invitation to a ball to be given by the Toledo division of the order next Wednesday evening.

Freight traffic on the Chicago division of the Baltimore and Ohio is the heaviest ever known and engines are being transferred from the eastern divisions to help move the business.

Nickel Plate engine 85, which was turned out of the shops Wednesday, has gone to Bellevue to go into yard service. Engine 102 went to the Stony Island shops yesterday for repairs.

George Carling, who resigned a position with the Wabash a short time ago, has returned to that service and this morning was sent to Peru to work in the shops. He is a coppersmith.

Nickel Plate Brakeman J. A. Shoup, who for several years was a member of the linemen's gang, has been temporarily transferred to that department again, the company being short of linemen.

Engineer Ira Burger, of the Pittsburg, was not seriously injured, as stated by the morning papers. He fell yesterday morning and slightly bruised himself, but took his engine out when his turn came as usual.

T. D. Rhoades, assistant to President Hunt, of the Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Viginia, has been placed in charge of the property during Mr. Hunt's receivership of the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City.

Ambrose Benedict, of the Pittsburg shops, who is undergoing his annual attack of the quinsy, was unable to report for duty this morning, the malady being very bad. He hopes to be relieved in a few days, however.

William Boog, of the Pittsburg shop, is sick with lagrippe.

C. Souder, a Nickel Plate fireman, fell yesterday while going to the round house to take his run out, and severely bruised his left side. He had to give up the run and seek relief at the hands of the company's surgeon, Dr. J. M. Dinnen.

The improvements the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy is making at Quincy, Ill., will cost $1,000,000. This includes a new bridge, new passenger and freight stations, and requires the filling of an embankment forty feet high for over one mile.

Thomas Walsh, the aged watchman at the Lafayette street entrance to the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, fell this morning and severely sprained his back. He is unable to be on duty and John Hayes is filling the position at the gate for awhile.

Daniel Petgen, foreman of the copper and tinsmith departments of the Pittsburg shops, went to Grand Rapids yesterday afternoon on business for the company, expecting to remain there until Monday. A. Gruber has charge of the tin shop in the meantime.

The great number of inquiries received concerning the coming Gates Mexican excursions leads District Passenger Agent R. G. Thompson to believe that there will be a number of excursionists from this territory. Mr. Thompson will have charge of the February excursion.

The second biennial session of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen of America was held in Macon, Ga., and elected John T. Wilson, of St. Louis, grand chief foreman. The executive committee is composed of J. F. Craig, chairman, W. F. MacBee, J. A. Bangor and J. C. Lamert.

The Order of Railway Conductors will initiate a class of ten at its meeting next Sunday afternoon. This will be the largest number of members taken in the order at one meeting for some months. It is the result of the "hustling" some of the members have engaged in lately.

E. R. Pilling, passenger conductor on the Panhandle, who has been confined at his home in Dennison for some time with locomotor ataxia, has written a book, which is now in the hands of the printer, giving a series of railroad experiences from section hand to an official position.

About twenty employes of the electric works, headed by Willam Martin, will go out to Sheldon on "bobs" tonight and indulge in an oyster supper at the residence of Clark Beatty, who until recently was an employe of the Electric corporation. The affair is to be strictly a "stag" party.

Robert Cairnes, the aged Pittsburg engineer, whose illness was noted in THE SENTINEL a week ago, is growing worse daily and news of his death is hourly expected here. Mr. Cairnes is said to be the oldest engineer, both in term of service and age, on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago road. He resides in Crestline.

The Great Northern threatens to invade Northern Pacific territory. J. J. Hill, president of the former company, has purchased the tax certificates on the old Union Pacific roadbed between Tacoma and Portland. The Union Pacific spent $2,000,000 on this line, abandoned the work and the property has been held for taxes.

DAUGHTER OF GEN. WEYLER

Interesting Fact Concerning Mrs. Metcalf, Once of Springfield, Mo.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Dec. 10.—Mrs. Cecil Metcalf, who lived in Springfield up to a short time ago, was a daughter of General Weyler, the former governor general of Cuba. None of her acquaintances knew of her relationship to the Spanish general. Mrs. Metcalf's husband was employed as an advertising agent on local papers. They went to Boston in December, 1896. They are now in Honolulu, where the husband is the correspondent of a Chicago paper. Mrs. Metcalf was about twenty-six years old. She frequently said her father was a Spanish general, but never mentioned his name. She met Metcalf eight years ago while attending school in Boston.

One Who Knows.

A Philadelphia Physician, Like a Philadelphia Lawyer, Is Noted For Wisdom.

W. R. D. Blackwell, M. D., 852 North 23rd street, Philadelphia, Pa., writes to the Buffalo Medical Journal this interesting article:

"Years ago I had a call from the representative of a firm making a malt extract. I told him that, in my opinion, no thin extract of malt was any good. He simply waited until I got through with my talk on the subject, and the next day sent to several hospitals that I had named him, a few cases of his preparation. He also sent me a quantity, and I found it to be the very best malt extract which had ever come into my hands, and since then I have stuck to it. This "best malt" is known to the trade as The "Best" Tonic—Pabst Malt Extract. It is a long time since I first came into the knowledge of this excellent brand of malt, and it will be an equally long time (if I live) before I will give it up for any other. I believe in The "Best" Tonic as being the best; no punning being intended. It is not acrid or sour, as too many of the brands are. It "sets" well on the stomach in weak ladies who reject the ordinary malts. It keeps well also, which is an item of moment. It is economical in cost, and is pleasant in taste. Such characteristics ought to make doctors try it, if you don't already know its merits, and such of my readers as have not yet invested in it would do well to find out for themselves what it really is, and I am sure that they will not be disappointed when they do."

What this Philadelphia doctor has said is an old story with those who are familiar with Pabst Malt Extract, The "Best" Tonic.

If you have been sick, this tonic will help you to recover your health and strength. It will put new flesh upon you, brace you up, revive the whole system. It feeds blood, brain, nerves and bone. If one of your loved ones is ill, and is growing thin and weak, The "Best" Tonic will give him new strength and keep up his spirits. It is easily digested, and is full of the very best nourishment in concentrated form, food for both the body and the nerves. If pale and anemic, it will give rich, red blood, and plenty of it, and will help to bring glowing cheeks and sparkling eyes. If nervously exhausted, it will brace you right up, give you vim and bounce. It is a boon to every nursing mother, and supplies the right nourishment for both herself and her baby. It brings strength to the invalid, creates a good appetite, helps to cure dyspepsia, and will go far to insure sound, refreshing slumber to all those who suffer from wakefulness from any cause.

How many "pretty-featured" girls and women lose all their charm and attractiveness by being pallid, sallow and gray, as if all the blood in their veins were turned to skimmed milk! Even when riding a bicycle, playing tennis or golf, or taking other pleasant exercise, their eyes are still dull and lifeless, no flush beautifies their cheeks, and the air of langnior and lassitude makes them "sicklied o'er with the pale cast of thought," or else, like Cassius, have a "lean and hungry look." These disagreeable features are the outcome of anemia, a wasting out of the corpuscles of the blood, thinning down of the vital fluids, until a person is weak, emaciated and unhealthy looking. The antidote to this unpleasant condition, however is at hand. Pabst Malt Extract, The "Best" Tonic, is an immediate and visible help in making a soft, glowing color, a splendid appetite, a power to digest and assimilate the food, and turn it into fine, pure, healthful blood. Don't look so faded out and limp when you can easily look sweetly strong. A few bottles will show you what it can do.

LADIES CHOOSE LEADERS.

New Staff of Officers for Degree of Honor and Women's Relief Corps.

The Degree of Honor No. 2 has elected the following staff of officers:

Past Chief of Honor—Mrs. W. F. Miller.

Chief of Honor—Mrs. Albert Bressler.

Lady of Honor—Mrs. P. E Albers.

Chief of Ceremonies—Mrs. H. F. France.

Recorder—Mrs. Will Conover.

Financier—Mrs. W. S. Beman.

Receiver—Mrs. A. J. Ford.

Lady Usher—Mrs. Charles Sunderland.

Inside Watch—Mrs. Williams.

Outside Watch—Mrs. J. R. Shafer.

WOMEN'S RELIFE CORPS

The Women's Relief Corps, auxiliary to the G. A. R, held its annual meeting last evening and elected officers as follows: President, Mrs. Melissa Kickley; senior vice president, Mrs. Emilie Gretzinger; junior vice president, Mrs. J. J. Nerhood; treasurer, Mrs. Anna Gay; chaplain, Mrs. Brower; conductress, Mrs. Jennie Lyons; guard, Mrs. Marillat.

SION S. BASS POST.

The following officers were last night elected by the Sion S. Bass post:

Commander—Ambrose Kintz.

Senior Vice Commander—John Kress.

Junior Vice Commander—Millard Jay.

Quartermaster—James E. Graham.

Surgeon—Dr. J. Niswonger.

Chaplain—J. N. Medsker.

Officer of the Day—John Hess.

Officer of the Guard—John Dolan.

Trustees—Theodore Geller, John Soliday, S. A. Jackson.

Delegates to the Department Encampment—Theo. Bley, Theo. Geller, John Soliday, John Kress.

49c.

For every purchase made above 49c, we give you a beautiful water color.

KEIL & KEIL,
116 Calhoun St.,
Dealers in Medallions, Frames and Pictures of all varieties.

Typewriters for rent at International Business College. 5t6

FOR SALE.

A route on this paper. Inquire 411 E. Wayne St. 10tf

Misses gold set ring $1.00 upwards, Broadway Jeweler.

9 10 13 16 17 20 22 24

HER ONLY OBJECTION.

The Bride—There is only one thing I object to about the marriage ceremony.

"What is that?"

The Bride—If I walk up to the altar smiling, people will think I am crasy to get married, and if I frown they will think I already regret the step I am about to take.

The Master Key.

A doctor who prescribes a dozen different remedies for the *symptoms* of one disease is like an old-time turnkey lugging about a ponderous bunch of keys, each one to open a different door. When anyone's blood is thin and watery and poisoned with bilious impurities this condition will show itself in every part of the body and the average doctor gives one medicine for the stomach, another for the head, a third for the lungs and so on; as if each particular *symptom* was a separate dungeon of misery to be unlocked with its own particular key; but the scientific, experienced physician looks deeper and seeks the one master-key which unlocks them all.

Thirty years ago Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., found the wonderful "Golden Medical Discovery" which has since made him famous: It is the perfect master-key which unlocks every torture chamber of weakness and pain caused by faulty action of the digestive system. It gives the stomach and blood-making glands power to produce the healthy blood which drives out all impure disease germs and waste products, and builds up healthy tissue, solid muscular flesh and nerve energy.

Mr. J. W. Brittin, of Clinton, Dewitt Co., Ill., (P. O. Box 276), writes: "For over a year I was troubled with 'liver complaint,' had no appetite, could keep nothing on my stomach and had severe pains in my stomach and bowels. I doctored with home doctors but did not obtain relief until a friend advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After taking four bottles I think myself cured. I can eat anything I want and my food never hurts me. Thanks for your medicines. I cannot say too much in favor of them."

For constipated conditions Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best simple, comfortable laxative. They never gripe. Accept no substitutes or imitations.

A Cure for Constipation.

I was troubled with constipation for several years, and frequently went for nine days without my bowels moving. I spent several dollars for the cure of same but without success. This last winter a salesman insisted on me buying some Ramon's Liver Pills and Tonic Pellets, remarking that they were the 'best on earth.' I laughed at the idea but purchased one dozen boxes. Since that time I have used three boxes and am now enjoying the best of health. I recommend them to my customers and the result is I have sold six dozen boxes already. —M. J. Browning, druggist, Germantown, Ky. Jan1

YOUR ATTENTION!

Best Flour 85c large sack.
Best Potatoes, 40c bushel.
12 barr Battle Ax Soap, 25c.
9 bars Star, Gloss or Globe, 25c.
Best Lump Starch, 4c lb.
Large box Blue, 3c.

E. Lewis Street Cash Store.
S. GANZER, Prop.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

Will save you money on.....

Barney & Berry Ice Skates, Pocket Cutlery, Table Cutlery, Razors and Strops, Shears and Scissors.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

22 Calhoun St.

The Wonderland.

Fortunes told free to Ladies this Week by

GYPSY BELLE.

See the wonderful novelties. Last chance before departure to Europe.

What Do You Want?

WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook. Reference required, at 222 West Wayne street. 3t6

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 90 West Main street. 10t2

WANTED—Boarders and roomers, prices reasonable, at 103 W. Superior St., near Medical college. 16tf

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on first page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 13tf

WANTED—$7.00 daily selling specialty soaps; sample outfit free. Lease Soap Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—Boarders and roomers at 110 W. Jefferson street; first-class board and rooms; prices moderate. 10tf

WANTED—Salesman; salary paid weekly; experience unnecessary; permanent. Brown Bros. Co., Chicago. $10-sam3mo

WANTED—Board and room in private family by two persons; can give best of references. Address Box 14, care Sentinel office. 6t4

WANTED—A position as nurse by a middle-aged lady, who will work cheap; is highly recommended. Address, "Nurse," care Sentinel office. 8tf

WANTED—Young men, our illustrated catalogue explains how to learn the barber trade in eight weeks; mailed free. Moler Barber College, Chicago.

WANTED—Men in every county to act as private detectives under instructions. Experience unnecessary. Address, Universal Detective Agency, Indianapolis, Ind. 1965-sat-tf

WANTED—Traveling salesmen wanted to handle with his other business, dry good specialties on commission. Chestnut, Penn & Street, 209-213 Ionic St., Philadelphia, Pa. 3-10

WANTED—Ladies to embroider; good paying; easy work sent to your home; addressed envelope for sample and materials. Empire Embroidery works, 29 Duane street, New York city.

WANTED—Horses to winter at the Oak Lawn farm, two miles north of the city; large barn, ample accommodations for thirty horses; rates, $3 per month. Address, B. W. Hart, care Sentinel. 7tf

WANTED—Male Help—Government Positions—Don't prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information; sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board, at No. 105 Barr street. 10t2

FOR RENT—Dwelling No. 27 East Washington street. Inquire of A. A. Chapin, Bass block. 26tf

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished front rooms; modern conveniences. 49 West Berry street. 4t2

FOR RENT—Store room, 50 Harrison street. Inquire L. M. Nisde & Son, 42 West Berry st. 1tf

FOR RENT—Four nicely furnished rooms, 77 East Berry street, one and a half blocks from Court house. 10t2

FOR RENT—If you want money on household goods see "ad" on first page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 13tf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, furnace heat, soft water bath, 35 West Lewis street, corner Harrison. 5m1

FOR RENT—Lodge room, each Wednesday evening, No. 107 and 109 Calhoun street, old Sentinel building. Inquire. D. J. Shaw, 23 West Main street. 10-tf

FOR RENT—Seven-room brick house, two blocks from court house; also six-room frame house on Walton avenue. Inquire of C. W. Edgerton, Maiden lane. 15tf

FOR RENT—No. 19 West Jefferson, one-half block west of Calhoun St.; small family can sublet rooms to more than equal amount of rent. Apply to H. M. Williams. 12tf

FOR RENT—Three very nice unfurnished rooms, centrally located, with gas for fuel and lights, also water in house, suitable for man and wife for light housekeeping. 177 Griffith street. 20-tf

FOR RENT—By Dec 15 my house, 481 South Calhoun street, consisting of 8 rooms, with all modern improvements, including furnace, by Herman Michael, 19 Court street, or 488 South Calhoun. 3tf

FOR RENT—One dwelling at No. 29 Bass St. Desk room in office at 15 West Main St. Swayne & Swayne, attorneys at law, office 15 West Main St. Bell phone—office, 435; residence, 158. 19tf

FOR RENT—House of 12 rooms, pantry, clothes closets, etc., barn, well, cistern etc., opposite organ factory; suitable for boarders and warm quarters for workmen in factory Inquire of City Trucking Co. 13-1m

Money to Loan.

AMERICAN INVESTMENT CO., advances money to salaried people on their own names without security or endorsement. Loans negotiated on good securities. Room 4, Tri-State Building, over Klockenbergs' Drug Store. Open Evenings from 7:30 to 9 p. m.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHEELY.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office and Residence 26 Madison Street. Specialty:—Diseases of Women. Telephone 470 Office hours 9 a. m. to 2:30 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

Real Piano Bargains

For Holidays.

Used Upright Pianos from $85.00 up.

New Upright Pianos from $165.00 and up.

Organs.

2nd Hand Organs from $10.00 up. Slightly Used Organs, good as new, from $25.00 to $35.00.

You

Will find that our

Goods Are Right.
Prices Are Right.
Terms Are Right.

We

(Are Right.)

Handle NO new, cheap Pianos with celluloid key, pine cases and cotton hammers. Neither do we make inconsistent promises, but the agreements we do make, we guarantee to fulfill, and our guarantee is the

Best to be Had.

Our Cut Price Sale

Will continue until January 1st, 1899. Call and see the largest line of high and medium grade Pianos ever shown in northern Indiana.

Frank B. Long,

Cor. Calhoun & Washington Blv'd. Phone 1154.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One fresh cow; two and a half miles on St. Joe road. James G. Craig. 5t2

FOR SALE—New 8-room house. West Williams street; $2,450, if sold at once. W. E. Doud. 7tf

FOR SALE—A good family horse; $30 if sold before Saturday. Inquire at 50 West Butler street.

FOR SALE—Two houses on Garden street, at a great bargain; water and gas in both. Call at 69 Garden street. 15tf

FOR SALE—1½ story frame residence, built four years, full lot; rents, $12 per year; will sell at $700. W. E. Doud. 1tf

FOR SALE—If you want money on personal security see "ad" on first page, first column, Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 13tf

FOR SALE—Or exchange: A fine brick residence, 57 East Jefferson St.; any reasonable offer considered. W. E. Doud. 27tf

FOR SALE—Knocked down to $2,000, 8-room dwelling, West Washington Blvd.—$2,000. Rocholl & Wagner. Tel. 49. 23 Court St. 3tf

FOR SALE—New 7-room house, with bath, lights and furnace; nice location, central south; $2,100. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7tf

FOR SALE—One choice building lot, elegant E. Lakeside location; recently sold for $650; will sell for $500 if taken at once. W. E. Doud. 27tf

FOR SALE—An 8-room modern house; perfectly new; 10 squares from court house; monthly payments; price $2,400. W. E. Doud. 27tf

FOR SALE—Cheap—The brick residence on northeast corner of East Superior and Clinton streets. Inquire at 38 East Superior street. 18-tf

FOR SALE—Good farm, well improved, one mile east of Maples; $35.00 per acre; would take small property, south side, part pay. W. E Doud. 7tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, South Calhoun, to be moved off premises to make room for business building; want an offer. W. E Doud. 7tf

FOR SALE—25 foot lot, south frontage, between Calhoun and Clinton, on East Creighton avenue; offered for one week only at $1,000. W. E. Doud. 27tf

FOR SALE—Parties leaving city—Two houses, corner lot, central location, rent $16 per month $2,000. Tel. 49. Rocholl & Wagner, 23 Court St. 8tf

FOR SALE—$1,100 buys the corner of Broadway and Wall street; 7-room house; rents for $7 per month. Tel. 49. Rocholl & Wagner, 23 Court St. 8tf

FOR SALE—New 7-room house and bath room; conveniently located for electric light and Wabash shop employes; bargain at $2,200. W. E. Doud. 27tf

FOR SALE—Several bargains in south side; improved and vacant. If you are thinking of buying, call on Rocholl & Wagner. Home 'Phone 49. 23 Court St. 8tf

FOR SALE—Just think of it! $350 buys one of the best lots on Columbia avenue, Lakeside; size of lot, 65x142, and up to grade. Home Tel. 49. 23 Court St. Rocholl & Wagner. 3tf

FOR SALE—A few bed, mattress, springs; one six-foot table, good as new; one No. 8 cook stove; one commode and dresser, good as new; will sell cheap. Call at No. 58 West Berry street. 10-2t

FOR SALE—A newly repaired 5-room residence, 25 foot lot, on West Jefferson street, near Rockhill; plenty of space between adjacent buildings; presents a neat appearance; price $2,100. W. E. Doud. 27tf

FOR SALE—Listen! $1,600 buys a 49-acre farm; all black soil; good bearing orchard; buildings ordinary; 6 miles from court house, 2 miles from Walton avenue. Inquire of C. W. Edgerton, Maiden lane. 15tf

FOR SALE—A good newspaper property; located in an adjoining county to Allen; price, $800; only paper in town; new type and every thing in good shape; will sell on long time to the right party. Address John W. Tribolet, Bluffton, Ind. 5t6

FOR SALE—Corner lot St. Mary's avenue and Herman St., 50x150 at $500; corner lot Herman and Fredricks Sts., 50x150 at $400; two lots on Herman St., 50x150, at $350 each. These lots at these prices are a bargain. Schrader & Wilson, First Floor, No. 7 Court St. 29tf

FOR SALE—55 feet front on South Calhoun St., west side of street, the middle lot between Woodland avenue and Pontiac, suitable for business or residence. This neighborhood with splendid new pavements is rapidly becoming a good business center. Apply to H. M. Williams, or to any real estate agent. 2tf

FOR SALE—Double corner lot, South Harrison, Pontiac and Woodland avenue, with two fronts, on Pontiac and on Woodland avenue, and of unequal depth, 165 feet on Harrison; as many as five (5) houses could be built on this one lot if desired, two (2) on each front, Woodland and Pontiac, and one (1) on Harrison between. Apply to H. M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 11tf

FOR SALE—Eighty-acre farm, all black soil, as a farming or will exchange for city property; 27 lots, 50 to 60 feet front by 150 feet deep, at less than half what they are worth—will sell from one up on monthly payments, $5.00 down, balance payments to suit; 8-room house in Lakeside, with plenty of fruit, $2,000; 9-room house in Lakeside, new and modern, $2,250; 6-room house, with barn, on Smith street, $1,500; 5-room house, full lot, $700. All the above are special bargains. If you have property to sell, come and see me; will get you quick sale. Money to loan at lowest rate of interest. L. J. Bolya, Room 22, Bank Block. 1dawtf

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Saturday Evening Dec. 10.

The Funniest of them all,

Kelly & Mason, in "Who is Who."

Price 25, 50 and 75cts.

MASONIC TEMPLE.....

MONDAY, DEC. 12.

"You will laugh as you never laughed before

America's funniest woman

FANNY RICE

IN THE GREAT LAUGHING SUCCESS:

At the FRENCH BALL

Every woman should see this play. (DON'T BE MISLED BY THE TITLE.) Regular prices. Reserved seats at the Box Office Friday.

FOR.....

Christmas Trees, Holly Wreaths, Loose Holly, Lycopodium or Boquet, Greens, Palm Leaves, etc.,

Leave Your Orders With

S. BASH & CO.

ICE SKATES!

ICE SKATES!

FROM THE CHEAPEST TO THE FINEST

—AT—

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,

38 and 40 E. Columbia St.

When on the way to the Lake Side Park, Don't forget the SKATES at

Pfeiffer & Schlatter

38 and 40 E. Columbia.

Sale of Women's Jackets!

Eighty-seven of them

In the two lots, in Black, Blue, Tan, Castor and Brown. All at top notch of style.

AT $4.98 — **The first lot. Jackets made of Cheviots and Boucles. Some at value double the price--none worth less than $6.50.**

AT $9.88 — **Jackets made of fine kersey cloths all, colors. Some satin lined throughout, some taffeta silk--$14 and $15 Jackets; decidedly good values.**

AT $1.75 EACH. Today we commence the selling of 50 Electric Seal Scarfs--4 tails. The best low price fur selling of the season.

HOLIDAY UMBRELLAS FOR WOMEN Such a show of pretty umbrellas! A wonderful gathering there needs be to supply the givers of these useful holiday gifts. This hints of the new, pretty kinds for women—all 26-inch.

At $1.00—Silk and wool serge Uubrellas, steel rod, natural wood handles.

At $1.39—Tape edge union taffeta Umbrellas, steel rod, pearl handles.

At $1.50—Silk and wool serge Umbrellas, steel rod, fine dresden and natural wood handles, silver trimmed.

At $2.00—Union serge Umbrellas, horn, natural wood and dresden handles.

At $2.50—Union taffeta Umbrellas, princess handles.

At $3.00—All silk Umbrellas, steel rod, princess handles.

Elegant novelties in all silk Umbrellas, $3.50, $4, $5 and up to $14 each. Beautiful variety of handles to pick from.

WHITE QUILTS.

A useful and good gift for a woman is one of these elegant Quilts which we have just landed—are importation of our own.

Satin finish white Quilts, no doubt the handsomest white Quilts ever brought to sell here.

Prices $4.25 to $20 each.

TOWELS.

Some new beauties just brought out as holiday gifts, large, hemstitched in fine huck and satin damask.

Prices 40c, 50c, 60c to $1.35 each.

CLOI-SON-NE VASES.

Among the many Japanese Vases, we offer this beautiful ware. Shows up a little more dainty—Vases in all shapes and sizes.

Prices 85 to $12 50.

Handkerchiefs for Men.

Initial, 5c, 10c to 60c.
Hemstitched 5c to $1.00.
Hemmed, 10c to 40c.
Colored Border 5c to 25c.

Men's Furnishing Goods.

There's a wonderful variety and choosing for a gift to men in this complete stock.

Men's Laundried Shirts in boxes, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 each.
Men's Suspenders in boxes, 25c, 35c, 50c to $1.50 pair.
Men's Lined Kid Mittens, $1.00, $1.35 and $1.50 pair.
Men's Lined Mocha Mittens, $1.25, 1.40 and 1.50.
Men's Reindeer Mittens, elegant, silk lined, $2.00 pair.
Men's Silk Lined Kid Mittens, $1.00 up to 1.50 pair.
Men's Lined Kid Gloves, $1.00 to $1.50 pair.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

IT IS SO!

Farm land is bound to raise in price before long. Now is the time to buy. I have a number of good improved farms to sell or trade. Can give possession any time. Money to loan at 6 and 7 per cent. interest. If you want to buy a home, don't forget to look at my list of houses and beautiful lots in all parts of the city.

Respectfully,

LOUIS F. CURDES,

Home Phone 622. 8 & 9 Pixley-Long Block.

MONEY!

Can be saved to no better advantage than by placing it with the

ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION,

32 East Berry Street.

Any number of shares can be taken at any time. Six per cent. interest is paid on all classes of stock. No fees to investors. Money to Loan for any Purpose.

SKATES!

You don't want to be a cheap skate, but you want good skates cheap. You can get them at

GOLDSTINE'S PLACE, 176 Calhoun St.

We have less than a carload to select from and Stoves more than a carload. We buy and sell everything.

EBERSOLE PIANOS

Have no equal in tone.

FRANK B! LONG,

119 Calhoun Street.

1840. **THE PIONEER.** 1898.

50 and 52 EAST MAIN.

PREPARED AS NEVER BEFORE FOR HOLIDAY TRADE.
COME TO HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY FURNITURE AND SAVE MONEY.

Prepared with a stock which for size, completeness, variety, lowness of price, quality and general attractiveness, cannot be equaled in Fort Wayne.

The largest store in the city offers Holiday Buyers every advantage any store can or does offer, besides many that no other store can offer.

JOHN M. MILLER,

MISS LOWRY'S AUCTION SALE

Fine China, Lamps and Bric-a-Brac will begin

Monday, December 12th.

Wait for it.

East Berry St., Next Door to Aveline House.

We'll Continue

Our very successful sale of Fine Cheviot and Worsted Suitings, which we will make to your order for

$15, $18 $20,

for this week only. It's the best bargain of the year and the choicest patterns are going very fast. You had better leave your measure at once if you want one of these suits

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Fine Black Clay Worsted Suits, made to your order for $22 00.

I. MAUTNER & CO.,

POPULAR TAILORS.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, DEC. 10, 1898.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office - - - - - - - - No. 175.
Editorial Rooms - - - - - - - No. 650.

The Weather.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—For Indiana: Fair tonight and Sunday; not quite so cold; brisk westerly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

P. J. Bulger, of Griffith street, is on the sick list.

The Red Necktie club will give a hop on the night of January 20.

The Misses Clara and Loretta Sterner are now at home at 88 East Jefferson street.

The students of Concordia college gave a delightful concert at the college chapel last evening.

Nathan Smyser has gone to Chicago to enter the employ of the law firm of Wilbur, Eldridge & King.

Mrs. Inez Johnson, of this city, was this week the guest of her brother, G. O. Russell, jr., at Albion.

Miss Norah Schnelker, of Galion, Ohio, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. H. Schnelker, of 64 Maumee avenue.

The Relief Union will hold an important meeting next Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at No. 146 Pritchard street.

August Savio, of Monroeville, has gone to Chicago to be treated for consumption. He was accompanied by D. C. Purman.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Bowser, who have been in Boston and New York the past two weeks, will return home this evening.

James Dalton, of Colerick street, left last evening for Michigan to join William Graffe and William Kraus on a hunting expediiion.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Miller have issued invitations for the celebration of the twelfth anniversary of their marriage, which will occur December 23d.

Otto Schaaf, the young clerk at the Loesch drug store, who has been ill at the hospital, was able to be removed to his home at 177 East Lewis street yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith, of Bluffton, last evening, entertained friends at supper in honor of Mrs. Max Blitz, who is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Barcus.

Among the guests at the Randall: A. C. Wilkerson, Huntington; J. M. Starrett, Toledo; S. G. Van Winkle, Muncie; A. C. Beeson, Montpelier; S. A. Mier, Ligonier; H. A. Davis, Indianapolis.

J. B. Miller, of Decatur, has decided to come to Fort Wayne and establish a barber shop on South Calhoun street. Mr. Miller's family will become residents of this city within a few weeks.

Among the guests at the Wayne: Charles Brand, Urbana, Ohio; C. Hosler, Mansfield, Ohio; Otto Jaeger, Cicero, Ind.; Ben M. Epstein, Philadelphia; L. A. Lanigan, Detroit; H. L. Parker, Cincinnati; W. F. Ernst, Grand Rapids.

The First Spiritualist society meetings are now being held in the hall above Bloom's undertaking shop, on Calhoun street. D. W. Dunakin, an eloquent and logical speaker, is now serving the society. Lectures each Sunday at 7:45 p. m. Lyceum class at 10:30 a. m.

Captain Bertram Scott, of the Volunteers of America, has effected a lease of the store rooms in the Trentman block, and will soon open regular meetings for the salvation of souls. Captain Scott will shortly be joined by a lieutenant of the army. The meetings are similar to those of the Salvation Army.

At a meeting of the Northwestern Ohio Medical association held in Lima, Ohio, Thursday, Dr. M. F. Porter, Dr. K. K. Wheelock, Dr. G. W. McCaskey and Dr. C. B. Stemen, of this city, attended. Dr. Porter read a paper on "Diagnosis and Treatment of Appendicitis," and Dr. McCaskey read one upon, "The Toxaemic Factor in Diabetes Mellitus and Clinical Study."

Monroeville Breeze: "It is with regret that we announce that the condition of Uncle Johnny Griffeth has grown much worse and all hopes of his recovery have been abandoned by the physician under whose care and treatment his case has been entrusted for the past year. Mr. Griffeth was on Friday last removed from the city of Fort Wayne, where he has been stopping for the past two weeks, to his home east of town, and last reports from his bedside are to the effect that his condition is very critical and the end is liable to appear at a moment least expected."

Poultry and Oysters.

Nice drawn Chickens, 9c lb.
Nice drawn Ducks, 10c lb.
Select Oysters, 25c; Standards, 20c.
Best Celery, large bunches, 20c.
Cape Cod Cranberries, 6c qt.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C F PFEIFFER, Rooms 9-7 Bass Blk. 2tf

Butter, Eggs, Flour, Potatoes and Meats.

Best Roll Butter 15c lb.
Fresh Country Eggs, 21c dozen.
Best South Whitley Flour, $3 25 bbl.
All Best City Flour, $3 40 barrel.
Michigan White Hebron Potatoes, 40c bush.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 15c peck.
Large Denver Onions, 10c peck.
Sugar Cured Picnic Hams and Shoulders, 6c lb.
Best Sugar Cured Hams, 9c lb.
Best Sugar Cured Bacon, 9c lb.
Good Smoked Bacon, 8c lb.

WHITE FRONT HOUSE.

Mrs. F. Y. Gross left today for Garrett, Ind., to visit friends.

Gus Beckmann, agent of the "In Old Kentucky" company, is at the Randall.

Mad Anthony Hive No. 27, L. O. T. M., will give a hop at the Mulqueen dancing academy on December 14.

The Fraternal Mystic Circle will an entertainment on Monday evening, December 12, in the hall over the Fruit House.

The Lotus Group will meet at the rooms of the Universal Brotherhood, 29 East Berry street, Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Miss Cora Hickman, of Van Buren street, has arrived home from Ashley, Ind., where she was engaged in the millinery business.

The fair held by Matchless Chapter at its hall on Clinton street closed last night. It was a success financially and otherwise.

The Wayne tent lodge team will go to Roanoke next Saturday evening to initiate a class of candidates into the lodge of that place.

Mrs. John Haines returned home yesterday from Columbia City, where she was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Curtis Van Orsdall.

The young ladies' society of the First Presbyterian church will give a doll sale and supper at the parlors of the church next Friday afternoon and evening.

Charley Casterline was very pleasantly surprised last evening by about twenty of his young friends. They came masked. The evening was spent in games and cards.

George H. Allen, of this city, has been assigned by the Chicago Record to look after the interests of the paper at Marion, Ind., next week. Mr. Allen has already gone there.

A. Z. Polhamus, superintendent of agencies at the works of S. F. Bowser & Co., will return home this evening from the east, where he has been for some time in the interest of the company.

William Taflinger entertained the T. A. C. club and friends at his home, 70 West Jefferson street, last evening. Games and music were enjoyed until midnight, when a lunch was served.

Among the guests at the New Aveline: M. Gregory, Lafayette; T. J. Clutter, Huntington; J. M. McFarland, Indianapolis; W. A. Boder, Van Wert; E. F. Lyon, Detroit; L. G. Hughes, Terre Haute; G. C. Stoll, Wheaton, Iowa.

The Ruth and Naomi society gave a benefit social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sutton last Tuesday evening and realized enough to assist a needy old lady throughout the winter. The society aims to extend charity wherever it can.

M. W. Fitch has sold his half interest in the Fitch fire insurance agency to his brother, C. B. Fitch, and will at once engage in the insurance, real estate and loan business with his sons, E. M. and D. C. Fitch. The firm will be known as M. W. Fitch & Sons and for the present it will occupy quarters in Dr. Bulson's former offices in the Pixley-Long block.

R. W. E. Southworth, of Flint, Mich., has been in the city several days arranging with the leading hotels to place a revolving library case filled with books in the readrooms of the several houses. The same plan has been introduced at Indianapolis and the owner says it is the purpose to form a chain of libraries in all of the principal cities and issue to traveling men a card annually which entitles them to the use of the books not only in the hotel but while on the road. Mr. Southworth has appointed Messrs. Buck and Stewart, of the Novelty Advertising company, to look after his interests in Fort Wayne.

DR. HALE DOES NOT

Write Testimonials, But Does Good in Another Way.

My husband, Dr. Hale, does not write recommendations, but he always recommends to his patients the use of Postum Food Coffee, in place of common coffee.

We mix the postum with just enough egg (white and yolk beaten together) to moisten it a little, then the Postum does not boil up around the edges of the coffee pot as it does when moistened with water alone, and we think it tastes richer and seems clearer.

This does not take the place of continued boiling, for we have no way to get the rich taste out of Postum except by knowing that it has been allowed to boil fifteen or twenty minutes after the real boiling begins.

Many make a mistake by counting the fifteen minutes from the time they put the pot on the stove, but this will not do. I have never had any liver trouble since I began the use of Postum, whereas before, I was constantly troubled with a sluggish liver.

Mrs. Morrie Hale, 417 Quapau Ave., Hot Springs, Ark.

Poultry, Oysters and Celery.

The Greatest Grocery will have a special sale tomorrow, Saturday, of fine, fat young dressed Turkeys at 11c lb.

Dressed and Drawn Chickens, 10c lb.

Dressed and Drawn Ducks, 10c lb.

Dressed and Drawn Geese, 10c lb.

Fresh Shucked Standard Stewing Oysters, 30c quart, 20c can.

Extra Selects for frying, 25c can.

Michigan Celery, big bunches, 20c.

THE GREATEST GROCERY

GO TO KEIL & KEIL,

116 Calhoun St., for

Medallions.
Picture Frames.
Platinotypes.
Pictures of all varities.

For every purchase above 49c they give you a beautiful water color.

Frank Rodinger is at South Bend on business.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Wright are spending a few days in Chicago.

S. K. Randall, of Avilla, attended the meeting of the Fort Wayne lodge of Elks last evening.

Mrs. Overmeyer chaperoned a party to the Ellison farm last evening. Mr. Ellison was host.

Charles Scantling has resigned his position with the Aldine to accept a position at Churubusco.

Mrs. N. Schlessinger, of Chicago, is the guest of her neice, Mrs. Isaac Weil, of 201 East Wayne street.

There was a special conclave of Fort Wayne commandery, K. T., last evening, to confer Christian knighthood.

Mrs. A. L. Corneille, of 41 East Superior street, was taken suddenly ill yesterday and for a time was in a critical condition.

Little Ruth Evans gave a bobsled party to a number of her neighborhood friends yesterday afternoon after school.

Miss Julia Reeves, for several days the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Kapp, returned to her home in Pentwater, Mich., this morning.

The "400" met last evening with Guy Colerick and elected officers. Other business was tranеacted and the winter's prospect was discussed.

Mrs. Enid-Strasberg Myers went to Chicago yesterday to hear the artist, Moritz Rosenthal, whom many think the greatest pianist in the world.

Harry Jones, who was reported by some of the papers as being threatened with typhoid fever, has recovered from a slight indisposition and is around today as usual.

The Cincinnati Bill Poster this week contains a fine illustration of the big advertisement Joseph Brimmer painted on the court house fence for the Ingersoll lecture last spring.

In giving a list of the prizes won by members of the Maccabees, THE SENTINEL unintentionally omitted the name of Edward Plock, who was awarded an elegant gold button, emblematic of the order.

Mrs. Thomas O'Rourke is in Markle visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Smith. In a few days she will leave for Philadelphia to join her husband, who has accepted a responsible position in a large electric corporation.

The Keramic club will continue its art exhibit and sale in Frank Long's music store until Monday evening. The display has created much admiration from art lovers and praise for the club during the past three days.

Miss Clara Koehn, of New Haven, entertained the H. T. club at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Stetter, 168 Taylor street, Thursday evening. Fancy work and social conversation occupied the evening until a late hour.

The marriage of Miss Anna Boyle to Addison Courtney Gumbert will occur next Wednesday in Pittsburg, Pa., and Miss Velma Ohneck will act as maid of honor. Miss Boyle has visited Miss Ohneck and has many friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Beals, Mrs. S. H. Beals and Miss Minnie Beals are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Mason Long. Harry Beals and Charles Bloomhuff, who were in the city yesterday to attend the funeral of J. H. Beals, returned to Chicago last evening.

Representative Robinson has introduced a petition in congress for an allowance of extra pay to Paul Siegel and Henry Eberly, members of the International Association of Machinists of Garrett, Ind., for working overtime at the United States arsenal.

Mrs. Eldon Metheany and daughter, Bessie, of Cadillac, Mich., are guests of the Misses Louvie and Josephine Strong. The Misses Strong are occupying their new home at 117 East Berry street, which is the recent addition to the Randall homestead.

Miss Edith Zollars and Miss Velma Ohneck are at home to their friends Fridays, from 3 to 6 o'clock, at the home of Miss Zollars. The afternoon yesterday was particularly enjoyable. The guests joined in giving an impromptu program, consisting in recitations, vocal and instrumental numbers.

At the last meeting of the Isaac Knapp Dental Coterie two clinics were given by Dr. J. D. Coyle and they excited much favorable comment. Dr. H. L. Porter also read an interesting paper. The coterie is in receipt of an invitation to cooperate as far as possible towards making the dental congress at the Paris exposition in 1900 a success.

Overcome by a passion to seek game Robert Spice has been stampeding the moors in the vicinity of Shirley City this week. He returned home this morning, accompanied by his faithful but exhausted pug dog and a fair sized bag of quail. He also brought along a choice collection of stories which he will rehearse and then spring them upon his friends The tales of Baron Munchausen will pale into insignificance beside the extravagant account of Mr. Spice's quail hunt.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

The most useful present to buy is one of our fine satchels or dress suit cases.

GOLDEN, THE HATTER,
Opp. Fruit House.

The ladies of the Third Presbyterian church will give a sale of fancy articles and dolls at the parlors, December 15, 16 and 17. Admission free. Supper will be served each evening from 5 to 8 o'clock. December 15, chicken pie supper; December 16, frimasee chicken; December 17, a regular Yankee supper. The price of supper will be 20 cents.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Boester, of Jackson and Wilt streets—a daughter.

Miss Orin Lewis was yesterday the guest of her cousin, Miss Jennie Fair, in Bluffton.

Father Graham, of Huntington, was a visitor at the Catholic episcopal residence yesterday.

Don Hayden is in Huntington visiting Lee Hartman, who is employed in Arnold's dry goods store.

Mrs. C. F. Kaylor has returned from a visit with friends and relatives in Huntington and vicinity.

The ladies of the English Lutheran church are anticipating a large crowd at their sale and supper, which occurs next Wednesday evening.

Miss Vine Varencey has returned from Columbia City, where she was under treatment at the sanitarium. Miss Varency is very much improved in health.

The attending physicians of Alfred Garver, who was caught in a belt at the Bash packing house, report that he is doing as well as could be expected and it is believed that he will recover. Mr. Garver sustained a fracture of the skull, fractures to both legs and two ribs.

Last evening George Seabold and Gus Gocke, accompanied by their lady friends, Miss Jones and Miss Miller, were enjoying a sleigh ride on Fairfield avenue, when the horse became frightened and ran away. The sleigh was upset and the occupants thrown out but not injured. The horse continued its wild career for a distance of four squares when it was brought to a standstill by colliding with a telephone pole.

SIMPLE AT FIRST.

It is Foolish to Neglect Any Form of Piles --Cure Them at the Beginning.

Piles are simple in the beginning and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it—Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkly, 601 Mississippi street, Indianapolis, Ind., says: Have been suffering from the pain and annoyances of piles for fifteen years, the Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Major Dean, of Columbus, Ohio, says: I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from the piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years.

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure or will get if you ask them to. It is fifty cents for full sized package is put up only by the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Dec 10—Wheat, Dec., 64¼c; May, 65½c; July, 64⅜c.
Corn—Dec., 32⅞c; May, 33⅞c; July, 34⅝c.
Oats—Dec., 25⅞@¾c; May, 25⅞@26c.
Pork—Dec., $8.00; Jan., $9.32; May, $9 55.
Lard—Dec., $5.05; Jan., $5.15; May, $5 32.
Ribs—Dec., $4.50; Jan., $4.65; May, $5.82@5 85.

NO ADVANCE.

The Greatest Grocery Has Not Advanced the Price of Sugar, Flour or Meats.

Fine Granulated Sugar, 5c lb.
Soft Coffee A Sugar, 5c.
White Extra C Sugar, 4⅛c.
Fruit Cake Sugar, 4c.
Powdered and Cut Loaf, 5⅛c.
Belle Fort Wayne, best winter wheat Flour made, and all best City Flour, $3.40 barrel.
Rock Creek Mills (Favorite Brand) next best, $3.15 barrel.
Sand Grown Potatoes, 40c bu.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 15c peck.
Sugar Cured Hams, 7c; Picnic Hams, 5½c.

THE GREATEST GROCERY,

Come and see our Auerbach holiday neckwear just in.

GLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

For you Xmas presents go to Loesch's, corner Barr and Wayne streets.

DOLL SALE

At First Presbyterian church Friday afternoon and evening, December 16. Supper from 6 to 8, 25c.

Typewriters for rent at International Bussiness College. 5t6

New Feed Store.

Flour and feed, Geo. Taylor, proprietor. Corner Barr and Jefferson. 'Phone 1234.

PRINCESS RINK.

Second Season.

WOMEN'S CLUB LEAGUE ENTERTAINMENT COURSE.

Tuesday Evening, Dec. 13.

Leland T. Powers

And His Invisible Company

Sale of tickets and reserved seats opens Monday, Dec. 12, at 9 a. m., at Woodworth's drug store.

Tickets and seats for sale at north entrance to the rink on the evening of the entertainment. Admission 50 cents.

Smoke Don Carlos, 5c straight. Sold it.

Fine Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Brushes, Combs, etc., for Xmas presents, at Loesch's drug store.

Get our prices on winter suits and overcoats. G. Schmidt, 70 East Main. 3-26t

FOR SALE.

A route on this paper. Inquire at 373 Calhoun. 7tf

O'Clock 12 O'Clock Dances.

Every Monday night at White Hall, opposite Masonic Temple. Admission, 10 and 15c. 12sat-tf

THE MOST SELECTED

Line of holiday neckwear and suspenders to be found at

GOLDEN'S, THE HATTER.

An old established Chicago tea, coffee and spice jobbing house wishes a first-class salesman with established trade in this line, tributary to Fort Wayne, Ind. State experience, age, name, last employers, salary wanted. Address P. O. Box 1147, Chicago. n26-84t

Typewriters for rent at International Business College. 5t6

$12.00 given away every week until Christmas. Each purchase of $1.00 and over entitles you to a key, one of which will unlock the box containing the money. Try to get the lucky key.

GLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

Election Notice.

To the officers and members of Kekionga council, No. 93, National Union: At our next meeting to be held Wednesday, December 14th, will occur the annual election of council officers and three trustees to serve for the ensuing year.

S. MCAFEE, President.
W. S. CUTSHALL, Secretary. 8 3t

Typewriters cleaned and repaired at International Business College. Home telephone, 504 Main. 5t6

Ladies' tailor-made suits to order at G. Schmidt's, merchant tailor, 70 East Main. 3-26t

Men's, boys and children's woolen and leather gloves or mittens, from 25c up.

GLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

Don Carlos.

Best 5c Cigar in the city. 8eodtf

When in need of typewriter ribbons, carbon paper stenographers' note books, etc., etc., telephone International Business College. Home 'phone 504 Main. 5t6

Watches, clocks and jewelry at bottom prices, Broadway Jeweler. 9 10 13 16 17 20 22 24

The old and the new,

There's as much difference between old and new methods of extracting teeth as between old and new styles of bicycles.

And as much improvement.

Where old-time dentists inflict torture, up-to-date methods make the operation easy and painless by the use of Vitalized Air. It is the only absolutely safe anaesthetic, causing no nausea nor bad after effects.

U. S. DENTAL PARLORS,

98 CALHOUN ST

DRS. J. A. & J. W. WILLIAMS Mgrs.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL and MATERNITY!

141 Cass Street, corner Sixth.
Telephone 1235.
DR. LUELLA M. DERBYSHIRE.

IMPERIAL

BAKING POWDER

FOR YOUR HEALTH'S SAKE
HIGH GRADE REASONABLE PRICE
MEYER BROS. & CO. FORT WAYNE, IND
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

HARNESS

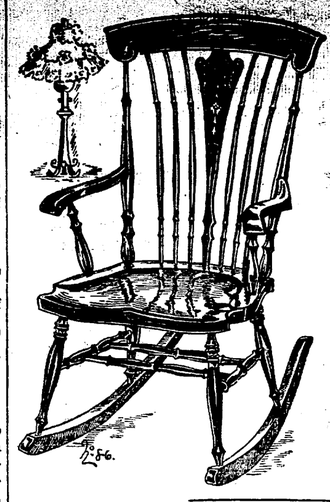
....OF ALL KINDS.

Whips, Robes, Blankets,

Special Sale of Stable Blankets and Storm Covers at Reduced Prices.

Geo. H. Kuntz,

11 Harrison Street.



Keep Your Eyes Open

For a beautiful line of ROCKERS in Golden Oak finish and inlaid with Pearl, which we shall show on our floors next week. Watch ads for that fine line of Children's Rockers, upholstered in genuine Silk Brocatelle. Oak and Mahogany finish, for **$1.65**

Important!

On THURSDAY, DEC. 15, we shall place on sale the second large quantity of Genuine Majolica Ware

Jardinieres

At the wonderful low price of

25c

NO ORDERS taken earlier than Thursday, Dec. 15th.

W. J. KETTLER & SON,

FURNITURE. THE PROGRESSIVE STORE.
15 and 17 Court St. 58 and 60 Clinton St.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

Do you want to borrow money? The Tri-State will loan you money on the famous dollar monthly plan, pay fast or slow—$1,000 for $10.00 per month.

BEST PLAN IN THE WORLD.

INVESTORS

Should call at office for the best plan to save money. $325,000.00 of stock matured in five months.

Call at office for full particulars

COR. BERRY & COURT.

Tri-State Building and Loan Association,

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL $200,000.00.

Cor. Main and Court St.

Pays interest on deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made at a reasonable rate of interest.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, who was appointed Commissioner by the Superior Court of Allen County, Indiana, at its November Term, 1898, in an action wherein Mary A. Burheen is plaintiff, and John G. Weiler and others are defendants, will sell, at private sale, at my office, No. 19 CORT STREET, in the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, the following described parcel of real estate, situated in Allen County, Indiana, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-five (45) in Hanna's addition to the city of Fort Wayne. This real estate is situated on the south-east corner of Barr and Wayne streets.

Said real estate will be offered for sale on December 19, 1898, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., and from day to day thereafter, between the same hours, until sold.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third (⅓) cash; one-third (⅓) in nine months, and one third (⅓) in eighteen months. For the deferred payments the purchaser will be required to execute his notes, secured by mortgage on said real estate, waiving valuation and appraisements laws, and to bear six per cent. interest per annum.

November 26, 1898. HERMAN MICHAEL, Commissioner.
26t3

LOANS TO Salaried People

(Ladies' or Gentlemen) on their own names.

ROOM 3, ARCADE, UPSTAIRS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING- NOTICE OF ELECTION.

FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Dec. 8, 1898.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Fort Wayne will be held at its banking house Tuesday, January 10th, 1899, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., for the election of seven directors, to serve the ensuing year.

8tf LEM R. HARTMAN, Cashier.

You Can Keep Warm By Buying Your....

Furnace Coal, Hard Coal, Soft Coal, Coke & Wood

FROM US—

Quick delivery a specialty.
Special attention to telephone orders.

KRUDOP'S COAL & WOOD YARD,

Cor. Francis and Hayden Sts. 'Phone 135.

Just Received

An elegant line of Richard Hudnut's Toilet Preparation and Perfumes. To convince yourself of the quality of these goods, one trial only is necessary.

Violet Almond Meal, 25 and 50c.
Milk of Cucumber and Orris, per bottle, $1 00.
Perfumes done up in beautiful packages, just the thing for Xmas presents.
Silver Novelties of all descriptions.

MISS E. C. RODENBECK,

NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR,

124 Calhoun Street.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES UNION MADE

$3.50
$3.00
$2.50
$2.00 FOR MEN
$2.00 FOR BOYS

WE are the largest manufacturers in the world selling shoes direct to the wearer on a one profit basis, through our 59 exclusive retail stores.

We invite inspection, and are confident we can convince you that there is no necessity for paying fancy prices for your footwear. W. L. Douglas shoes represent the best you can get at any price. The same quality elsewhere would cost $5 to $6. All the latest styles. Every kind of leather. All sizes and widths.

See them at our Exclusive Store, 86 CALHOUN ST.

TEETH!

Extracted Without Pain.

Acknowledged to be the easiest and best painless extrac ors in Fort Wayne. Application to the gums and vitalized air used.

"I he gold crown and bridge work I had put in at the Boston Dental Parlors is entirely satisfactory. I can use them the same as my own teeth. I take pleasure in recommending your work and nice treatment. MISS MABEL DAVIS, 41 1st street.

A Protective Guaranty for Ten Years with all Work.

No extortionate high prices for effect. No impossible low prices to draw a crowd.

Set of Teeth,	$5.00
Best Teeth, (S. S. White)	4.00
22k Gold Crowns,	$5.00
Bridge Work,	4.00
Gold Fillings,	1.00 up
Silver Fillings,	50c

THREE-FOURTHS

of our enormous practice comes from recommendations of patrons who are pleased with their work. This tells the whole story.

Boston Dental Parlors,

74 CALHOUN ST.

Lady Attendant Open evenings and Sundays. Telephone 263 main.

WAY'S MUFFLET,

Easily put on as your hat.

CYCLING, DRIVING, WALKING, SKATING.

$1.00 and $1.25.

WM. MEYER & BRO.

80 and 80 1-2 Calhoun Street.

Mutual Admiration

while skating is excited by seeing the easy gliding motion afforded by our improved skates. We have one of the most varied and finest stocks of up-to-date club skates, made from the finest steel, easily adjusted, and will not loosen or slip till you wish to take them off.

Now is the Time to Buy

Snow Shovels.

We Have Them.

Seavey Hardware Co.,

Sole agents Famous Born & Stewart Steel Ranges.

19 and 21 W. Main Street.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

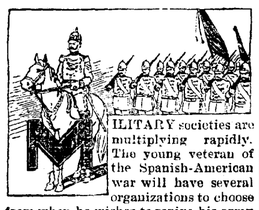
ESTABLISHED 1833. [PAGES 5--8] SATURDAY DEC. 10 1898. [PAGES 5--8] PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FOR OUR NEW VETERANS

Several Young Military Societies Struggling For Supremacy.

FIRST ONE FORMED IN SANTIAGO.

The Latest Organization Is Known as the Service Men of the Spanish War and Is Becoming Popular—One For Commissioned Officers Too.



MILITARY societies are multiplying rapidly. The young veteran of the Spanish-American war will have several organizations to choose from when he wishes to revive his army experiences and find congenial company among old comrades. In fact, it seems as if too many societies were being formed. If all of them live, none will be big enough to be of as much importance as is the Grand Army of the Republic even in its sear and yellow leaf.

It is probable that in the course of time all these new organizations will be consolidated into one great representative body. In the meantime it is idle to speculate which of the many will survive.

One of the latest of the new societies to be formed sprung into existence not long ago in Lexington, Ky. It is known as the Service Men of the Spanish War, a most unwieldy title, by the way. Its founder is Captain Wilson I. Devanny of Chicago, who served during the recent hostilities as commissary of subsistence of the Second division, First army corps. The following prospectus, issued by Captain Devanny, explains the principles and objects of the order:

"The purposes of the organization are purely social and patriotic—to cement the friendship begun in the service and foster fealty to our free institutions, to weld into a new brotherhood the young men, as well as the older ones, who have stood together for human liberty under the stars and stripes, in the glorious dawn of a new century."

The organization will be composed of local camps, each to be named after

CAPTAIN WILSON I. DEVANNY.
[Founder of the Service Men of the Spanish War.]

some deceased soldier, sailor or statesman and numbered in the order of their formation. Each local camp is to elect two representatives to a state camp, and one of these representatives shall be designated to attend a national camp. Charters of the local camps will be issued by the commander and adjutant of the parent camp until a national camp is fully organized and provided with headquarters for its officers. The charter fee at the outset is fixed at $20 for local camps. The funds accruing to the parent organization are to be used to defray the expenses of administration. Local camps are permitted to provide for benefits for needy members.

The first camp is called Camp Henry Clay, No. 1, and Colonel R. W. Leonard of the Twelfth New York volunteer infantry is the first commander, Captain Devanny being chosen adjutant and chief of staff.

The founder of the order, Captain Devanny, is a native of Pennsylvania. Before entering the volunteer army he was an editor and journalist for several years. He settled in Chicago in 1893. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, the Elks and a thirty-third degree Mason.

All the officers who were at Camp Hamilton have become infatuated with the idea of a society of this kind, and Captain Davenny is getting letters from all parts of the country every day asking how to become a member. Of course it may be several months before the society is in good working order, but from present indications it will be one of the most popular of the new army organizations.

The Society of the Army of Santiago, which was first in the field, restricts its membership to those who took part in the Cuban campaign under Shafter. Its first meeting was held in the captured city, and a second gathering was held at Montauk Point, but for several months nothing has been heard of its movements. Possibly there may spring up a Society of the Philippines also.

Unlike the Grand Army, which declined to make eligible to membership the veterans of the Spanish-American war, the Military Order of Foreign Wars has thrown open its rolls to all commissioned officers of the army, navy and marine corps who served during the war with Spain. This society is in some respects similar to the Society of Cincinnati and the Loyal Legion. It was organized in New York about five years ago, and among the men who founded it were General Fitz John Porter and General Francis V. Pinto.

The desire to have an organization coming under the act of congress of 1890, whose original founders were largely composed of veterans and the representatives of commissioned officers who had served during the several wars of this country with foreign powers, in the direct male line, whereby every member should be the possessor of the services of such an officer, seemed in the opinion of these gentlemen to call for some organization. The meetings [illegible]

COMMANDER LEONARD.

each individual as to personal worthiness is carefully scrutinized before his admission is permitted.

Founded on sharply drawn lines, the growth of the order has been necessarily slow, but its very conservatism has brought to its membership men of the highest personal character both as private citizens and in public life.

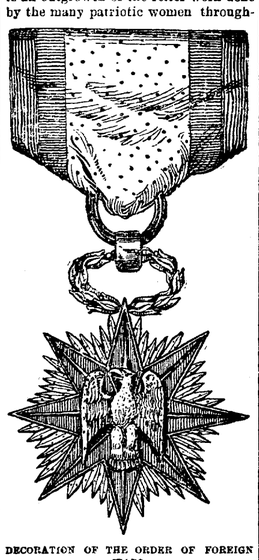
Since the founding of the national commandery the extension of the order throughout the country has been gradual, but continual, so that at this present time 11 state commanderies are in active existence.

Each member is entitled to wear an insignia or decoration, composed of an eight pointed, gold, red enameled star, with a gold eagle on its face and surmounted by a gold wreath. On the reverse is a round plate in the center of the star, with the motto "Deus et Libertas" around the edge, and cross swords and anchor in the center. This badge hangs from a buff, red and blue ribbon. A rosette of the same colors as the ribbon is worn in the coat at times other than on occasions of ceremony.

While the membership of the various state commanderies is composed of men prominent in the social, civil and military life of the country the bringing into eligibility the commissioned officers of the army and navy through the war with Spain has brought this order into great prominence, as the representative "war society for the Spanish-American war."

President William McKinley is enrolled as a companion of the order, being connected with the Pennsylvania commandery, and over 300 officers of the army, navy and marine corps in service during the Spanish-American war have been admitted to veteran companionship, among whom are Major Generals Nelson A. Miles, Wesley Merritt, John A. Brooke, Joseph Wheeler, Fitz-Hugh Lee and E. S. Otis.

There is even an organization open to civilians. It is called the National Society of the Spanish-American War and is an outgrowth of the relief work done by the many patriotic women through-



DECORATION OF THE ORDER OF FOREIGN WARS.

out the country. Membership in the society is open "to all patriotic white Americans." The purposes of the society are the building of a battle monument to the heroic dead of the Spanish-American war and the creation of a fund from which to provide memorial lectures commemorating the brave deeds of both the fallen heroes and courageous survivors of the last war.

CYRUS SYLVESTER.

A Napoleon of Finance.

"Dickie, what did you do with that dime I gave you for taking your quinine?"

"Why, pa, I bought some lickerish with fi' cents—an with fi' cents I hired Tommy Budds to take th' quinine."—Brooklyn Life.

Kindly Said.

Prison Missionary—I am trying to make your lot more comfortable, but I find it very difficult to raise money.

Counterfeiter—That's easy enough, pard. Bring me a tenner, and I'll raise it to $100 in a jiffy.—Nuggets.

End Season.

"De Hamme is looking pretty gloomy since his last road trip."

"It is his cue to look gloomy. The understudy carried off the honors and the treasurer carried off the receipts."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Proof of It.

First Clerk—What makes you think she isn't rich?

Second Clerk—Because she always tries to make believe she is by not wearing her diamonds.—Judge's Library.

WANTED, AN ISLAND.

WHY UNCLE SAM WISHES TO BUY ONE OF THE CAROLINES.

He Needs It as an Intermediary Cable Station In Establishing a Line Between Honolulu and Manila—The Advantages of Ualan.

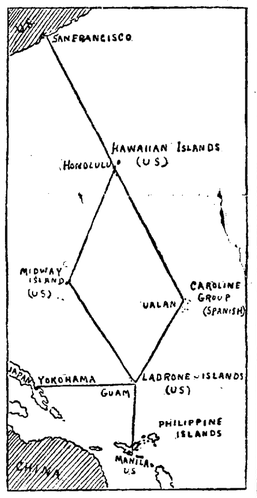
The acquisition of the Philippines brings to Uncle Sam new responsibilities and new needs. One of these needs is for an American cable clear across the Pacific. No argument is needed to show that this is an urgent need. The anxious suspense which our government officials endured for several days after Admiral Dewey destroyed Montijo's fleet taught them even at that early stage that if we were to hold and control the Philippines there must be direct cable communication between Washington and Manila.

The laying of a cable from San Francisco to Honolulu is practically assured, but it is a much farther distance from Honolulu to Manila, and the laying of an ocean cable between the two points is regarded as an impossibility unless a relay cable station, a sort of half way house, is established. So Uncle Sam wants an island. He doesn't mind how small it is if it is only in the right place. Thus it happens that in spite of our recent territorial conquests we are obliged to buy at least one more island.

In order that the United States shall have exclusive control of the proposed transpacific cable, it is essential that all the stations shall be established on United States soil. An important factor in the matter is the desirability of having the proposed line connect with Guam, an island of the Ladrone group, seized by the United States during the war. This island is a considerable distance south of the line between Honolulu and Manila and connection with it will necessitate a wide detour. In the absence of known available territory in a more direct route, however, it is difficult to see how this deviation can be avoided.

Although Guam might easily be utilized as a cable station between Honolulu and Manila, it is said to be too far from Honolulu to admit of the laying of a cable with any hope of success, this practically nullifying the whole scheme unless some place still nearer Honolulu can be secured for the purpose.

Two other islands are under consideration. One is Midway island, owned



PROPOSED ROUTE OF CABLE LINE TO MANILA.

by this country, and the other is Ualan, or Strong island, one of the Caroline group, owned by Spain.

Midway island is pronounced by cable experts as wholly unfit for the purpose. It is a barren coral island, composed only of sand, without vegetation and uninhabited. There is nothing on it to sustain life. To maintain a cable station there a ship would be required to make regular trips with supplies for the operators and attendants.

These objections are only minor ones, however. Chief of all is the natural formation of the island itself. Surrounded by coral reefs, it has only one harbor. The harbor is constantly beaten by a high surf which is driven into it by ceaseless western winds. With the constant action of the surf wearing against the edged reefs the double lines of cable in and out of the harbor would be frequently destroyed.

Just as Midway island is undesirable for a cable station, so Ualan is desirable. It is about 2,245 knots from Honolulu and 1,210 from Guam. Its fertility has given it the name "Gem of the Pacific." It has two accessible harbors, one on the east side and another on the west, with a road connecting them.

In laying a cable across the Pacific the route is from San Francisco to Honolulu, thence to Guam, of the Ladrone group, and from the latter to Manila. So far all is under the America flag, Honolulu, Guam and Manila being ours. From Guam the cable will run north to Yokohama, and in due time a branch will extend to Australia, but the present question deals only with the line to Manila.

The difficulty comes in the stretch between Honolulu and Guam. Here is a distance of 3,340 knots. Of the cables at present in existence the longest is the one recently laid down from Brest, France, to Cape Cod. Its length is 3,167 knots.

It is therefore apparent that there must be a landing for the cable between Honolulu and Guam, so as to shorten the sections. This landing, to carry out the purpose of communication under exclusive American control, can be on no other than territory owned by the United States. This is why we must buy an island. HOWARD SPENCE SINCLAIR.

Rivals.

"Yes," said the lioness to the lady bear, "you are just in time for our private theatricals. We are going to produce 'Cyrano de Bergerac.'"

"Indeed!" exclaimed the visitor. "And who plays Cyrano?"

"We are not quite sure. The elephant and the tapir are going to draw outs for it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Comment by the Bachelor.

"Here is a story," she said, "of a man who stole money in order to be able to marry."

"I have always held," commented the bachelor, "that they discharge people from the asylums for feeble minded before a real cure is effected."—Chicago Post.

MRS. EDDY'S RIVAL.

Mrs. McCoy Expounds a New Faith Similar to Christian Science.

Rev. Mabel McCoy is the exponent of a brand new doctrine. She preaches it to New Yorkers in a church room which she has recently opened there. She is not connected with any other religious body, although her teachings are so similar to Christian Science that they have been confounded with that faith. But Mrs. McCoy positively denies that she is a Christian Scientist, although she preaches the doctrine of the control of spirit over matter and the healing power in each individual.

Mrs. McCoy asserts she is not a follower of Mrs. Eddy and differs from her

REV. MABEL M'COY.

in several fundamental teachings. Asked to define these differences, she struck the keynote of her faith.

"I believe in wholly eliminating personal authority in leadership. Mrs. Eddy is the head of the Christian Scientists and an absolute law to every one of them. I teach Christian Science according to Christ, not Christian Science according to Mrs. Eddy.

"In the Science churches there is no expounding of the belief. 'Science and Health,' Mrs. Eddy's book, is merely used to explain the Scriptures. They read from one, then from the other. They do not even make their own interpretation of the Bible. They accept Mrs. Eddy's.

"My purpose is to rouse men and women to the vital relation between the thoughts they think and their bodily condition. I preach the principles involved in the Christ life—that each shall live with the same essential motive as Jesus of Nazareth."

Mrs. McCoy does not, like the Christian Scientists, deny the reality of the physical world or the physical body. "They say this world is an illusion," she said. "It is not. It is the expression to our sense life of the spirit."

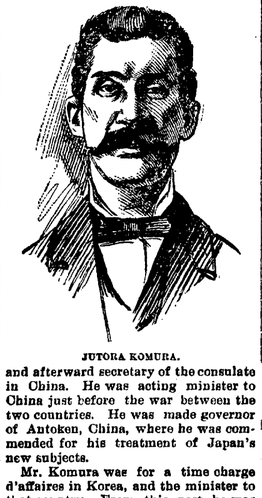
HE KNOWS AMERICA.

New Japanese Minister a Graduate of Harvard Law School.

Mr. Jotura Komura, the new Japanese minister to the United States, is a typical Japanese gentleman, highly educated, refined, the essence of diplomatic politeness and withal a shrewd and wide awake personage. He is no stranger in our country, for he spent three years in the Harvard Law school and for two years more practiced in our courts and studied international law. He left for home in 1877 and since then he has had a variety of diplomatic experience.

Mr. Komura is 45 years old. He does not owe his present position to the fortune of birth, but to his own efforts. As a schoolboy he attracted the attention of the federal lord of Takamabe, who sent him to Jeddo, where he studied European literature in the Kaisei institute. Mr. Komura was selected as one of the young Japanese to be sent abroad by their government to finish their education, and he entered the law school of Harvard university.

On his return to Japan he was appointed a judge in Osaka. He became first secretary of foreign affairs in 1884



JUTORA KOMURA.

and afterward secretary of the consulate in China. He was acting minister to China just before the war between the two countries. He was made governor of Antoken, China, where he was commended for his treatment of Japan's new subjects.

Mr. Komura was for a time charge d'affaires in Korea, and the minister to that country. From this post he was transferred to that of undersecretary of foreign affairs, which office he retained during several administrations.

His Interpretation.

Kerrigan—Do yez believe in dhrames, Riley?

Riley—Oi do.

Kerrigan—Phwat's it a soign of when a married man dhrames he's a bachelor?

Riley—It's a soign that he's goin to mate with a great disappointment—when he wakes.—London Fun.

Suggestions.

"This," said Mr. Rural Joys of the beautiful suburb of Nextation, who was showing an old friend from the city around the village—"this is one of our finest residences, yet the man who lives there has been having a great deal of bad luck lately. In fact, he is hardly able to keep his head above water."

"Ah, yes, so I see. Why doesn't he [illegible]

LIVELY TIME AHEAD.

COMING CONVENTION OF FEDERATION OF LABOR WILL BE INTERESTING.

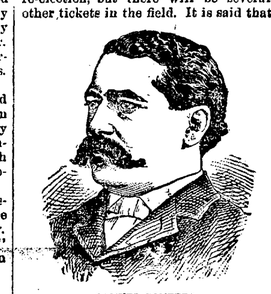
It Will Begin In Kansas City on Dec. 12 and Will Be Attended by Representatives of 1,000,000 American Workingmen.

Representatives of nearly 1,000,000 American workmen will gather in Kansas City on Dec. 12 to attend the eighteenth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. For several reasons this convention promises to be the most important one ever held by this great industrial organization, and some lively sessions are expected.

The federation will probably take a stand either for or against the policy of territorial expansion. President Samuel Gompers has several times within the past few months announced himself as opposed to the so called imperialism of our national government. Whether or not he will have the majority of the federationists with him remains to be seen. There is some reason to think that he may not. He takes the ground that contract labor will be legalized in territory under our flag if the Philippines are annexed. He fears that much legislation for which organized labor has fought hard will be nullified under the new order of things. Other federationists believe this to be a narrow view and one which will do much harm to the organization.

There will be other interesting topics, too, which will come up for discussion. The general eight hour labor law for all governmental work, the work of the industrial commission, measures for additional relief for the seamen and a national prison labor law are among the subjects the delegates are getting ready to talk over and concerning which a policy must be formulated for 1899. Of these the proposed prison labor law will receive as much attention as anything, despite the fact that at least one state law of that sort has been declared unconstitutional by the courts.

The election of officers will undoubtedly be an interesting and lively feature of the convention, more so, in fact, than usual. The present officers and executive council members are candidates for re-election, but there will be several other tickets in the field. It is said that



SAMUEL GOMPERS.

much dissatisfaction with the present administration of the affairs of the federation exists in some quarters and that a determined effort will be made to oust President Gompers. His opponents claim that his has been a "do nothing" administration, and the hostile feeling is directed toward all the present officials, with the possible exception of Treasurer John B. Lennon, who is said to be as popular as ever.

The greatest hostility is in that big section of the federation's jurisdiction lying west of the Missouri river. Unionists in that section believe they have a real grievance. They think they have been treated unfairly with respect to organization work, and they propose to have revenge if it is possible. They say that it was the duty of the federation to send an organizer through the mining districts and all along the slope to form new unions, and that for lack of such work the cause of labor unionism there would have suffered seriously had they not stepped forward and filled the breach.

They did this in May, when a convention to found a rival organization was held at Salt Lake City. This convention was attended by 148 delegates, who formed the Western Federation of Labor and arranged for the organization of new unions all through the summer, to be followed by a second convention in September.

It is admitted by the executive council of the American Federation that no special organization work has been done this year. But what are said to be excellent reasons for failing to carry out the programme are advanced. And, besides, the regular work of organization has been pushed as thoroughly as usual in some places.

What may be termed regular organization work is carried on at small expense. There are about 400 organizers connected with the various unions affiliated with the federation, and they work altogether without compensation, receiving no payments beyond those necessary to defray their actual outgoes. But these organizers work in their own neighborhoods only, where naturally the unions are already well established. It thus falls out that, although much organization work has been done in the east, practically none has been done in the west.

To do this it would have been necessary, according to the eastern men, to expend larger sums than the federation had at its command. Bearing all these things in mind, it will be seen that the proposed special organizer's trip would have cost a great deal of money, and the executive council believed that there were other and more important demands for all the cash the federation's treasury could spare.

All these features will tend to make the coming convention a memorable one, and federationists all over the country are much interested in the event.

O. T. BAXTER.

It Naturally Follows.

"They say that married people get to look alike."

"Of course; a man's wife is bound to look like him when she wears all his collars and cravats."—Chicago Record.

Not the Usual Way.

"Don't you think," he asked anxiously, "that New York has things somewhat reversed?"

Before giving him a chance to spring his joke by asking, "In what way?" the man at the desk took care to get hold of a paper weight. Then he gave [illegible]

SHE LIKES DOGS.

Mrs. Stanton's Ambition For the American Pet Dog Club.

The success of the recent exhibition given in New York by the American Pet Dog club is assurance enough that the affair will now become an annual event to be repeated in the other large cities. It is confidently expected by the original promoters of the exhibit that society will go to see the pet dogs with almost as much enthusiasm as it now goes to see the horses.

Mrs. Walter Stanton, president and founder of the American Pet Dog club, is one of the most enthusiastic pet dog

MRS. WALTER STANTON.

owners in the country. Her corded poodle Hector II has taken no less than 13 first prizes, and her little daughter is the proud owner of a French bulldog that has been awarded many medals and ribbons.

Mrs. Stanton aims to make the organization of which she is at the head as important as the Ladies' Kennel association of England, which has among its patronesses the Princess of Wales and a long list of countesses and duchesses. The British association has in a very short space grown into one of the most important kennel bodies in the United Kingdom and without restricting its ventures to size, color or breed fairly holds its own with the English Kennel club's exhibitions. Perhaps a similar future awaits the American Pet Dog club, and henceforth, may be, all breeds will be embraced. It is a young organization, but the ladies who are at its head are enterprising and ambitious and their recent success has made them very enthusiastic.

HE COMES TO WED.

Earl of Strafford, Who Is to Marry Beautiful Mrs. Colgate.

The Earl of Strafford, who has come over to marry the beautiful and wealthy widow, Mrs. Samuel J. Colgate, cannot be accused of being a fortune hunter, for he is just as wealthy if not wealthier than his intended bride. His estates are very large, and he manages them very carefully, making them produce a princely income. Mrs. Colgate will become Mrs. Byng, for that is the family name of the earl. As her future husband is Viscount of Enfield and Baron Strafford of Harmesworth she will be a countess, viscountess and baroness.

The Earl of Strafford is 67 years old, but he is just as vigorous and well preserved as if he had not yet passed the prime of life. His hair and mustache are snowy white, but his cheeks are round and ruddy, he has a firm, erect, soldierly carriage, and he walks with a brisk step, betokening the enjoyment of

EARL OF STRAFFORD.

perfect health. He is a widower, his first wife having been the Countess Henriette, a niece of the first marquis of Ailesbury.

By his first marriage the earl had four children. His two sons died before reaching their twenty-fifth year. One daughter has been maid of honor in ordinary to the queen; the other married Viscount Somerton. The earl's family seat is Wrotham Park, Barnet; his town house, 5 St. James' square, S. W.

The earl's family is a very distinguished one, and he himself has been highly honored by Queen Victoria. He has been equerry in ordinary to her majesty, lieutenant colonel of the famous Coldstream guards and honorary colonel of the seventh battalion of the King's Royal Rifle corps. He met Mrs. Colgate during the season of 1896 shortly after she had been presented at court and when she was just beginning to gain that popularity which she now enjoys in London's most exclusive society.

Very Old Words.

Take the words corn and storm. These words were spelled in the year 700 precisely as they are spelled now, having preserved their apparent form (with the loss of the trilled r in southern England) for 1,200 years to our certain knowledge. Hence these words must be of extreme antiquity, and it becomes difficult to limit the time of their origin.—Notes and Queries.

The Support.

Dasherly—Did De Broke settle anything on his wife when they married?

Flasherly—No; he settled on her father.—New York Journal.

OUR CHINESE TRADE.

HOW AMERICAN ENTERPRISE WILL AWAKEN SLUMBERING INDUSTRIES.

What Will Happen When the Hankow Railroad Is Completed Through the Wonderful Valley of the Yang-tse-Kiang—Great Coal Deposits There.

The building of an American railroad in China and the development of the wonderful valley of the Yang-tse-Kiang by our capitalists will soon make us much more familiar with this part of the orient than we have been. In fact, we have known little or nothing about it as a nation.

But interest in the far east is beginning to grow. In a short time the average American citizen in Podunk or Billville will know far more about the orient than he does now. He will have a brother or a friend or an uncle out there or he will own a few shares of stock in some Chinese developing company. American engineers will be driving locomotives along the banks of the Yang-tse-Kiang and American skippers will be sailing up its waters.

It will not be long before Americans will be writing magazine articles and books about this great valley. It is a picturesque river, this long named stream. Many of the scenes along its course are very unfamiliar to our eyes. Here, for instance, is an island which rises out of the middle of the river not far below Hankow which is to be one of the terminal stations of the new American road. On this island is a temple which crowns its apex. Below the temple is the home of the priest. Some enterprising American trader will be selling that priest a phonograph, an electric fan and a patent mousetrap before long.

But there are other things besides picturesque scenery in the valley of the Yang-tse-Kiang. Back from the river are great stretches of densely populated territory. The people who live there are almost painfully industrious, but they are also unenterprising. It has been said that the Chinese are the most perfect human machines in the world. They can be taught to do almost anything, but they cannot seem to do things on their own hook. The immense deposits of coal in China they have merely pecked at from the surface for centuries.

American mining engineers will teach them how to sink shafts and cut drifts. Then, instead of the meager coal supply which comes dribbling down the river in slow junks, it will be carried down in long railroad trains and whaleback boats, enough of it to supply the yawning bunkers of the fleets of all the world.

When we built our first transcontinental railroads, the iron horse had to drag its civilization behind it. There were no industries at the western terminus. Industries had to be developed all along the line. It is different in China. The industries are already there. They have only to be stirred into activity.

SCENE ON YANG-TSE-KIANG NEAR HANKOW.

China is not new, and a load of freight would be marketable almost anywhere it happened to stop. It has producers, consumers and opportunities in unlimited abundance. Richthofen says that in time many important industries will be transferred to China. He refers to the Chinese as slumbering factors of immense industrial production.

When it comes to natural resources, the coalfields of Shansi alone, according to Richthofen, will suffice at the present rate of consumption to supply the world for a thousand years. The province of Kansu is not far behind. No department of this province appears to be without deposits, and in some departments the supply is enormous. The coal formation extends without interruption from eastern Shansi to Ili, through 30 degrees of longitude, and is also found near Ili and Yarkand. Much of the coal is anthracite, and the bituminous variety is of high grade. The province of Shansi will take the palm from Pennsylvania in its coal area and by a relatively greater proportion.

Extent is not the only advantage possessed by the coalfields, the ease and cheapness with which coal can be extracted being a remarkable feature. This region, however, labors under the disadvantage of being situated at a distance from the coast and from navigable rivers, and the coal formation lies a few thousand feet above the adjoining plane, a difficulty that will be overcome by the railroads required for the exploitation of the mineral wealth of Shansi.

The district of Luiyang, from which the famous coal of this name comes, forms the most important mining center of a region that is broadly estimated as extending over 90,000 square miles. It is from this source chiefly that the future coal supply of central China must be drawn, but it is the extent of this vast field, in addition to the commercial capacities of a region so populous, that renders the opening of Hunan to foreign enterprise a matter of such importance.

In many places the Chinese have worked the coal for local supply for a long time under the primitive methods of Chinese surface mining. About 400,000 tons have gone to Hankow, 430 miles away, each year. The Luiyang and Yungling mines can produce an unlimited supply at a nominal expense if they are worked scientifically and the mine owners will build railroads to facilitate communication.

All that will be necessary to furnish an outlet for these fields will be short branches connecting with the new Hankow railroad. This same line will also take the bulk of the great silk shipping industry. Tons on tons of silk cocoons are now sent down the river each season in native boats. It will not be long before coolly shippers will be puzzling their heads over railroad freight tariffs. With our commercial headquarters at Manila we can no longer regard China as a strange land. It is a neighboring empire.

FRANKLIN PRICE.

A Pretty Fix.

"What! Resigned the position I got you as debt collector for Stones?"

"You bet! Why, I owed money to most of the men he sent me to dun."—London Fun.

Why He Didn't.

"I suppose you took gas," she said when he returned from the dentist's.

"Not any," he answered with emphasis.

"Why not?" she asked.

"Well," he replied, "if it hadn't hurt it wouldn't seem as if the dentist was earning his money."—Chicago Post.

Practical.

"My friend," said Mr. Stormington Barnes, "you lack experience in play writing. Your ideas of construction are painfully unpractical—painfully so. Why, there is scarcely five minutes in the piece that the star isn't on the stage."

"But I—er—I thought a star rather liked that sort of thing."

"Not these days. You must leave him at least 20 minutes in the second act, so that he can get around to the box office while the money is being counted."—Washington Star.

VISITING LABOR LEADERS.

British Trades Unionists Send Delegates to Kansas City Convention.

Two noted labor leaders of England are to be present at the convention of the American Federation of Labor which begins in Kansas City Dec. 12. One is Mr. William Inskip, who is secretary of the Boot and Shoe Operatives' Union of Great Britain, and the other is Mr. William Thorn, general secretary of the Gas Workers' Society of Great Britain and Ireland. They come as fraternal delegates from the British trades congress, which held a session last September and chose them as its representatives.

Mr. Inskip is well known, by reputation at least, to every prominent trades unionist in America as a sturdy labor leader and for his work in building up the organization of his craftsmen on the other side of the Atlantic ocean. His motto, "May the whole world tread our product under foot," has become famous among American shoe workers during the past few years.

Mr. Thorn is chiefly known for his devoted services in behalf of the unskilled

WILLIAM INSKIP.

workers of the British isles, for whom he has done much in the way of education along economic lines. Mr. Thorn is an avowed socialist. He believes that little can be accomplished until the wageworkers organize a political party and by concerted effort at the polls capture the government, and in this manner establish such laws as will insure the public ownership of all means of production and distribution and the abolition of the wage system.

Mr. Thorn appears to have little sympathy for the Socialist Labor party in this country, however, because of the attacks of its leaders upon the prominent men in the labor movement on this side of the Atlantic.

While in this country these two men will be the special guests of President John F. Tobin of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, who will meet them upon their arrival and will escort them to Kansas City, stopping at Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Chicago on the way.

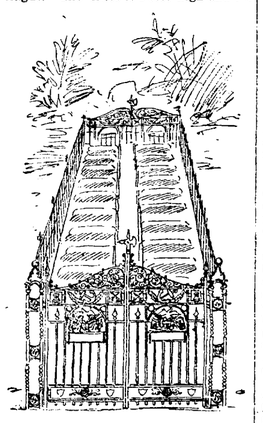
FOR HEROES' GRAVES.

Artistic Fence For Naval Plot In the Key West Cemetery.

For several months the burial plot of some of our naval heroes in the Key West cemetery has been in a somewhat neglected condition. But this is to be remedied. The work of putting the plot in the best possible shape is already under way and before Jan. 1 will be surrounded by a handsome and artistic fence of wrought iron and bronze.

In this plot rest the remains of the 24 martyred heroes who sank with the Maine in Havana bay and those of the four gallant sailors who lost their lives on the torpedo boat Winslow while fighting off Cardenas during the early days of the Cuban blockade.

The fund for the construction of the fence was raised by the Union Veteran league. The fence is 5 feet high and the



FENCE AROUND GRAVES OF NAVAL HEROES AT KEY WEST.

gates 8 feet. The design includes many naval features, such as cutlasses, capstans and anchors. The eagle and cannon design in the center of the swinging gates is a reproduction of the devices above the mirrors in the anteroom of the office of the secretary of the navy. Anchors, ornaments and "U. S. N." monograms, as well as the plates, which are suitably inscribed, are made of burnished bronze.

The headstones for the graves of the Maine and Winslow sailors will not be ready for six weeks. They will be furnished through the quartermaster general of the army and will be paid for by the government out of the navy department contingent fund.

When the work is finished, there will be provided a fitting resting place for the first men who gave up their lives in the Spanish-American war.

Meanness.

Mrs. Brown (who has borrowed butter from her neighbor)—Do you know, Jane, I half believe this is the same butter we paid the Greenes with day before yesterday.

Jones—It does taste mighty like it. Terrible stuff!

Mrs. Brown—To think that the Greenes would pass such butter as that on a neighbor! I'm sure it's the same.—Boston Transcript.

Mamma—I see that The Gentlemen's Home Journal is to be issued this month.

Mabel—How foolish! Why, the gentlemen are never home!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

ISLANDS OF SUMMER.

QUEER PEOPLE TO COME UNDER OUR FLAG IN SULU ARCHIPELAGO.

A Wild, Savage Race of Malays Who Are Pirates by Choice and Mohammedans In Faith—Interiors of Islands Almost Wholly Unexplored.

With the acquisition of the Sulu archipelago some queer people come under the stars and stripes. They are the wildest, fiercest and most uncivilized of all races who have but recently come into the imperial domain of your Uncle Sam.

In securing the Sulu islands we have annexed what is probably the most unexplored portion of the world, barring the unknown regions about the poles. Of the 180 and possibly more islands in the archipelago which Spain has relinquished so regretfully we have definite knowledge about only a few, and concerning the interiors of most of the larger islands we know practically nothing. Only one port in the whole group is absolutely safe for white men to live in. This is Sulu, the capital of the island of Sulu, which gives its name to the whole archipelago.

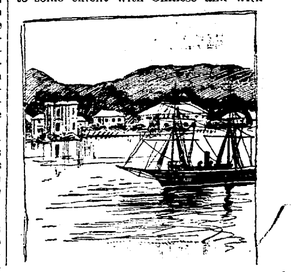
A further distinction of the Sulu islands is that within its boundaries now exist about the only pirates who are worthy of the name. They are the real article. Their enterprise has been somewhat hampered during the last half century by Spanish warships, but they have managed to keep up old traditions, and today a daring Yankee skipper who should venture to sail into some of the out of the way harbors of the group would stand an excellent chance of having his throat cut and his ship scuttled.

The archipelago is divided into three groups, named respectively after the three principal islands: Basselan, in the northeast; Sulu, in the center, and Tawee-Tawee, in the southwest. The whole chain of the Sulus is practically a continuation of the southwestern promontory of Mindanao, the second largest of the Philippine islands.

The area of the Sulu group is estimated at 1,948 square miles and its population at 75,000, mostly Mohammedans. Sulu itself stretches 35 miles from east to west, with a breadth of from five to ten miles.

The whole territory was for centuries under the sway of a despotic dynasty of sovereigns founded in the early days when Mohammedanism first penetrated among the Malay islanders. They ruled over an oligarchy of datus, or species of feudal lords, who in their turn governed large clans of vassals. Commerce, proselytism to the Mohammedan religion, and more especially piracy occupied the activities of these gentry; but their enterprises frequently brough them into conflict with the Spanish and the Dutch.

The Sulu people are real Malays, mixed to some extent with Chinese and with



CHIEF PORT OF SULU ISLAND.

Bissayas from the Philippines. Their complexion is coppery, and they are well proportioned physically. Their houses of reed or bamboo are elevated on posts four or five feet above the ground. The dwellings are almost square, the sloping roof thatched with palm leaves. As a rule there is only one room, and the floor is made of split palm stems. Large chests serve as wardrobes and for storing valuables. They are placed in the center of the room, and mats for beds are spread upon them. The space thus provided for sleeping quarters is inclosed at night with chintz curtains.

Of late years even the commonest people have had chairs and tables. The nobles, or "datus," as they are called, import every imaginable luxury by way of Manila, and their houses are elegantly fitted up. They have Chinese and Spanish glassware, crockery, cooking utensils of brass and iron, English cutlery, silver spoons and even carpets.

The pearl fisheries of the islands are a source of much wealth. Slaves dive for the pearl oysters, and a man who secures a large pearl gets his freedom. The biggest pearls are claimed by the nobles who have property rights in the oyster banks. The fishery is followed with most success at the time of the southwest monsoon, when the sea is perfectly calm and so clear that objects are visible at a depth of 40 feet. The pearls of Tawee-Tawee are famous for their beauty, though they are small, but a few years after being taken from the oysters they turn yellow or purple.

The chief exports of the archipelago are black and white sea slugs, beeswax, pearl oyster shells, edible birds' nests, tortoise shell, seaweeds, rattans, sago, dyewoods, pepper, camphor, pearls, cinnamon and cloves.

The favorite amusements of the people are music and dancing. Most of the noblemen play on the flute, guitar or violin, and everybody dances Spanish dances and sings Spanish ballads. Both men and women are passionately addicted to gambling. Polygamy is lawful, but rarely practiced. Each wife is entitled to a separate apartment in her husband's house. Men who can afford the luxury maintain many concubines.

Perpetual summer reigns in the Sulu archipelago. The climate is excessively hot, but frequent and copious showers refresh the atmosphere. There is no regular wet season. Breadfruit is an important product of the islands, and the plant that bears the chocolate bean grows profusely, being remarkable for the size and abundance of its fruits. Sulu chocolate is greatly prized at Manila.

After the Suluans have been taught to respect our flag, which few of them have ever seen or heard of, the establishment of trading ports will follow. Then will be opened up a rich field for American capital and American enterprise.

ANNETTE CRAWFORD.

The Savage Bachelor.

The Dear Girl—I am really astonished to hear you advance the proposition that a child should not be corrected in the presence of strangers.

The Savage Bachelor—He should not be, because he should never be in the presence of strangers. That's why.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Meanness.

Mrs. Brown (who has borrowed butter from her neighbor)—Do you know, Jane, I half believe this is the same butter we paid the Greenes with day before yesterday.

Jones—It does taste mighty like it. Terrible stuff!

Mrs. Brown—To think that the Greenes would pass such butter as that on a neighbor! I'm sure it's the same.—Boston Transcript.

Mamma—I see that The Gentlemen's Home Journal is to be issued this month.

Mabel—How foolish! Why, the gentlemen are never home!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"You feel a deep interest in the stability of your country, don't you?" said the patriotic young man.

"Of course I do," answered Senator Sorghum. "If there wasn't any country, there couldn't be any government jobs, could there?"—Washington Star.

Plyne English.

Customer—I want two pounds of gripes.

Proprietor (of fruit stand)—Gripes? This ain't no drug store.

Customer—I said gripes—Concord gripes. Can't you understand plyne English?—Chicago Tribune.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, DEC. 10, 1898.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XI, FOURTH QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, DEC. 11.

Text of the Lesson, Jer. xxxvi, 20-32—Memory Verse, 32—Golden Text, Isa. xl, 8. Commentary Prepared by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

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20. "And they went in to the king and told all the words in the ears of the king." This is King Jehoiakim, a son of Josiah, who reigned 11 years, but did evil in the sight of the Lord. In the fourth year of his reign the Lord told Jeremiah to write in a book all the words He had spoken against Israel since the days of Josiah and read them to the people if perchance they might turn from their sins to the Lord and have their iniquity forgiven. Both in the fourth and fifth years of Jehoiakim's reign these words were read publicly and privately again and again (see previous part of this chapter), and now some who heard them tell them to the king.

21. "So the king sent Jehudi to fetch the roll, and Jehudi read it in the ears of the king." Baruch the scribe, who had written the words of the Lord from the mouth of Jeremiah, had also read the book in the ears of the people and of the rulers (verses 6, 8, 10, 15, 16), but now Jehudi reads. It does not matter much who reads provided he reads distinctly and give the sense and cause the people to understand the reading (Neh. viii, 8). As to the origin of the words, they were from the Lord, the Lord's words. He used Jeremiah's mouth and Baruch's pen and mouth, but the message was neither from Jeremiah nor from Baruch, but from God. Now it is Jehudi's mouth, but it is still the same message from the Lord.

22, 23. "He cut it with the penknife and cast it into the fire that was on the hearth, until all the roll was consumed in the fire." Thus did Jehoiakim with the roll containing the message from the Lord. Thus he despised and treated with contempt the message from the Lord and turned his back upon the Lord and would not hearken to Him. What a contrast to Josiah in our last lesson, who humbled himself before God and turned to Him with all his heart! Jehoiakim was a Cain man, while Josiah, like Abel, had faith in God. All are either for or against God.

24. "Yet they were not afraid, nor rent their garments, neither the king nor any of his servants that heard all these words." The hard hearted, rebellious king would influence those about him in the measure to be rebellious, like himself. When once the heart turns away from God, the hardness of things increases very quickly. When we receive not the truth in the love of it, God lets us believe a delusion and a lie (*II Thess. ii, 11, 12*). It is a fearful thing to even listen to a word against God or against His word, for, while holiness is not easily communicated, sin is, according to Hag. ii, 12, 13.

25. "He would not hear them." Three are mentioned who pleaded with the king not to burn the roll, but he would not listen to them. He thought that he knew better than his counselors, he was in his own esteem wiser than his father who had humbled himself before God, he did not believe that "He that, being often reproved, hardeneth his neck shall suddenly be destroyed, and that without remedy" (Prov. xxix, 1).

26. "But the Lord hid them." This refers to Baruch and Jeremiah, whom the king would now like to lay hands upon and put a stop to such words as these. In verse 19 we learn that when the book was about to be read to the king some advised them to hide so that they could not be found, and now we learn that in their hiding they were guided by God. Elijah was so securely hidden by God that he could not be found by Ahab in any nation or kingdom (*I Kings xviii, 9; xviii, 10*). There is a rock, the Rock of Ages, in whom we may so securely hide that no evil can befall us (*Isa. xxvi, 4; xxvii, 5; 1 Cor. x, 4; Isa. xxxii, 2*). The life of all who truly receive Christ as their Saviour is said to be hid with Christ in God, for He is our life (*Col. iii, 3, 4*).

27, 28. "Take thee again another roll and write in it all the former words that were in the first roll." I have for some years resided in the blessed assurance of Ps. cxix, 89, that, O Lord, Thy word is settled in [illegible]. On my way home from India I [illegible] was my joy [illegible] while spending a few days in London to rejoice in some [illegible] fellowship with my dear brother in the Lord, Rev. John Wilkinson, author of that wonderful book, "Israel My Glory." I found him one day greatly rejoicing in the exile. Soon with the expectation of some what after this fashion: "Just think of what we have here. What is settled? Thy word, Where is it settled? In heaven. For how long is it settled? Forever. Where stood it in the Psalms, O Lord? Let the enemies throw out their dart, and his hook, and David and his book, and whatever they do, but they can no more destroy the word of God than Jehoiakim could destroy the words of Jeremiah's roll. What we need is to see we shall find Jesus and His book and Jesus and His book and all the words of God to ever settle it there."

29. "The king of Babylon shall certainly come and destroy this land and shall cause to cease from thence man and beast." These were the words of Jehoiakim which Jehoiakim burned which caused him to hate and fear him. Jonah was a wondrous type of the Lord in His death and resurrection, and this the great truth which satan hates and may be one reason why he would if possible set aside the book of Jonah. In Daniel perhaps more than in any other book in the Bible the incompleteness of the wisdom of this world to understand the things of God is made manifest, and for that reason, among others, the book of Daniel is disliked. Desolation is the devil's downfall and final doom and therefore he would like you not to read that book.

30, 31. "Therefore thus saith the Lord of Jehoiakim, king of Judah." Then follows a statement of what would be upon him personally for this sin, but it is not written that he should be buried with the burial of an ass. God is not willing that any should perish, has no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but if in spite of all His warnings and entreaties the wicked will persist in his wickedness he [illegible] times given up so to do (*II Peter iii, 9; Ezek. xxxiii, 11; Deut. xxviii, 15*).

32. "Another roll was given by Jeremiah to Baruch the scribe, and from the mouth of Jeremiah he wrote all the words that were in the former roll, with the addition of many like words. This suggests to us that all efforts to destroy the word of God or any portion of it only results in the increase of that word. Since the days of Jehoiakim the word of God has been bought in order to be burned, but the money thus obtained produced a larger edition.

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"Our Nation in War."

PENSION NUMBER ONE.

Gunner Gates the First Soldier of Spanish-American War to Get It.

The first pensioner of the Spanish-American war is Jesse F. Gates, a gunner in Battery A, United States artillery. There were applications filed before his, but to Gates was the first pension granted. In fact, he did not really file an application at all, for his papers were made out at the personal request of President McKinley.

Gunner Gates went to Cuba as a member of the regular army, having been previously stationed for several years at Fort Sheridan, Chicago. During the second day of the fighting on San Juan hill he was struck in the face by a piece of shrapnel and seriously disfigured. After a

JESSE F. GATES.

weary wait in the hospital camps he was finally put on board one of the transports and sent up to Montauk Point. Later he was transferred to the New York hospital, where skilled physicians patched him up to the best of their ability.

When he was finally able to leave the hospital Gates went to Washington, and it was while there that President McKinley heard of his gallantry during the battle and of his serious wound. The gunner was summoned to the White House and had a pleasant interview with the chief executive. Just before he went President McKinley turned to Secretary Alger, who was present, and said:

"Mr. Alger, see that a pension is awarded to Mr. Gates at once."

The other claims which had been already sent in were side tracked for the time being, and the papers while will bring to Gunner Gates a neat little income every month were made out. Thus it happens that the first pension of the Spanish-American war was granted.

Gunner Gates is married and lives with his wife Molly in rather poor quarters in Highwood, a suburb of Chicago. He will now be able to live somewhat more comfortably and will never have cause to reflect upon the ingratitude of republics.

NOMINATED AS A JOKE.

But Mrs. Abbott Made a Lively Campaign and Was Elected.

Mrs. Merrie Hoover Abbott, whose election as public prosecutor of Ogemaw county, Mich., was one of the minor surprises of the November contest, is one of the few women lawyers in the country. And if the present effort to "reform her out" does not succeed she will doubtless make a good record in the office.

Mrs. Abbott's nomination by the Silver Democrats of Ogemaw county was something of a joke. The county had previously been strongly Republican, and the Silver Democrats did not expect to elect any of their candidates. But Mrs. Abbott did not intend to be defeated if she could help it. Her campaign only lasted three weeks, but she addressed 54 open meetings, speaking in all the public places throughout the county, and no amount of bad weather or wrecked roads could prevent her filling engagements. While her platform was that of the party which nominated her, she added to it some planks of her own, one of which was conservation on the woman's suffrage question. As a public speaker she was bright, witty and forceful, controlling her audiences entirely by her natural eloquence and sympathetic voice.

Mr. Abbott is just old enough to vote. Her parents were pioneer residents of Clinton county, Mich., and lived at St. Johns, where she was born and where she received a high school education. Then she took a normal course at Ypsilanti, de-

MRS. MERRIE HOOVER ABBOTT.

voting her main attention to shorthand work. Shortly after this she secured a position as stenographer in Chicago. In the early nineties she met Charles F. Abbott, and they were married at West Branch, Mich., in 1894, after which they took the law course at the University of Michigan together. During her senior year in the university Mrs. Abbott had the distinction of holding the office of clerk of the practice court. She was graduated among the students lasted as entitled to special honors, and was unanimously recommended by the faculty and board of regents.

Having finished her law course, she returned to West Branch and began practice there last summer. Her first case was in the circuit court against the Michigan Central Railroad company, and she will have opportunity to appear in the supreme court, as she has taken the case to that tribunal.

THE PUMPKIN'S PARTY.

The Pumpkin made a party for her
friends one autumn eve,
With the Harvest Moon to act as chaperon,
And the orchestra of katydids and crickets was engaged
That the music might be of the proper tone.

The party place selected was the cornfield by the wood,
Where the shocks of corn stood soldier-like in rows,
To grace the glad occasion with a military air
And to guard the timid maids from fancied foes.

The guests were Misses Hubbard Squash, in gowns of richest green,
And their crook neck cousins, dressed in golden hues,
And the Watermelon family, with all their kith and kin,
And the Carrot and the Beet with pointed shoes.

The Parsley and the Onion and Tomato (dressed in red),
And the Pepper, with her temper well in hand,
And the youthful Dr. Cucumber, without a thought of pain,
And the noble Bean from distant Boston land.

The Sweet Potato brought of course her dearest Peanut chum,
And the Radish and the Celery were galore.
With the Lettuce and the Spinach and Potato, Squash and Turnip
While the Cabbage Head and Turnip came at four.

The brilliant dance was opened by the graceful Gladys Hop
With a vegetable of very great renown,
They led the grand cotillion with a dignity unique
And the waltz between the stubble up and down.

The chaperon benignant smiled upon the bashful beaux
Till they quite forgot their quaint and rural ways,
And, choosing blushing partners from the fair and modest guests,
Soon were swinging through the gay and giddy maze.

The Pumpkin served refreshments of a most delicious sort,
Though the dish that all the guests preferred was pie.
While the Gourd, with stately manners, passed the amber nectar round
Which he brought from yonder cider mill hard by.

It was the "dearest" party that the Squash had ever seen,
And the Carrot and the Turnip said the same,
The Owlet with his camera took a snap shot of the group,
And throughout the land was spread the Pumpkin's fame.

—Good Housekeeping.

A MORMON CONGRESSMAN.

Mr. Roberts of Utah May Have a Lively Time in Store.

Brigham H. Roberts, the Mormon congressman elect from Utah, is a figure of considerable interest. He is charged with practicing polygamy, and it is expected that an attempt will be made to expel him from the house of representatives on that ground. It is understood that Mr. Roberts does not definitely deny the charge, admitting that he has three wives, but defends himself by asserting that the Utah enabling act went no further than to prohibit future polygamous marriages.

Mr. Roberts has been in politics but seven years. He has been prominent in the affairs of the Mormon church for a much longer time. He has been a missionary, a president of elders in the church and in late years its chief writer on theo-

BRIGHAM H. ROBERTS.

logical matters. In fact, he was sent in 1894 to explain the Mormon faith to the congress of religions at the World's exposition in Chicago.

Mr. Roberts was a Democratic candidate for congress in the first state election in 1895. At that time he stood for the noninterference of the church with politics. He was defeated as a result of this bold stand and was compelled to give up his church offices. Then the apostles labored with him. He held out for a long time, but finally bowed to the supremacy of the church, and his recent election is a reward for his submission.

Congress will now be called upon to deal with the problem for a contest of Mr. Roberts' election is bound to be made either by his opponents or by the church forces of Utah. It is doubtful whether the Republican candidate, Alma Eldredge, will adhere to the occasion. He has always been a devout churchman, and there is good reason to believe that his nomination was procured with the idea that he would not stand in the way of his ecclesiastical followers. He avoided the question of polygamy all during his campaign. But Warren Foster, the Populist candidate, pledged himself to carry a contest before the house of representatives, and it is probable that he will do so.

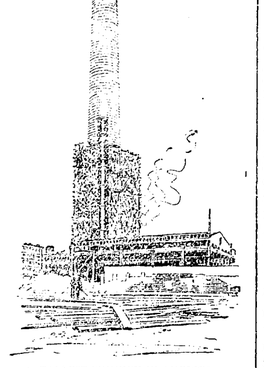
A MONSTER CHIMNEY.

New York Has Now the Tallest One in All America.

The tallest chimney in America and the second in the world in regard to height has just been erected in New York for an electric powerhouse. It is 358 feet in height from base to capstone. It measures 55 feet in diameter at the base, and 3,400,000 bricks have been used in its construction. The outside diameter 80 feet above the ground is 38 feet 10 inches and at the base of the neck 24 feet 10 inches.

The uniform internal diameter of the great stack is 22 feet, and during its construction two elevators were running inside of it, so that materials for its construction could be carried up. On its top rests a massive cast iron cap made in 80 segments. It is large enough to house an entire family and could comfortably be divided into four rooms.

From the outside flange ten lightning rods point skyward and are connected with a metal band, which in turn connects with



TALLEST CHIMNEY IN AMERICA.

two rods running down the north and south sides of the entire chimney. No matter from whence cometh the lightning stroke, it must find one of the ten points and go harmlessly into the ground below.

This enormous weight of 8,540 tons rests on a concrete foundation, which caps a forest of 1,300 40-foot piles, which have been driven to an average depth of 37 feet. The concrete cap over these is 20 feet in thickness and 60 feet square.

This chimney is considered to have been a "lucky" one, according to the traditions associated with the story of chimney construction. Not a single accident has occurred since it was begun—a very uncommon record.

As a final comparison it may be mentioned that the 427 foot chimney in Glasgow does not equal this one in diameter, although it is considerably taller. The closest rival in America of the big New York chimney is the chimney of a smelting works at Denver, which is something more than 300 feet high.

Disliked Walking.

"Don't you want to leave footprints on the sands of time?" asked the mentor.

"No," answered the young man who is ambitious, but lazy. "I'd rather leave carriage ruts."—Boston Journal.

OLD CIRCUS DAYS.

STORIES OF THE SAWDUST KNIGHTS OF THE SOUTH.

The Hunkey Boys and How Their Feast Was Turned Into Mourning. Lowlow, the Clown, and an Unlucky Texan—Amateur Perch Performers.

Occasionally there comes back an echo of old circus days in the south. It is usually when Colonel Johnny Wilson is in a pleasant mood that memories of the times when John Lowlow was in his prime are stirred up. Lowlow was the Robinson clown and used to yell, "Fetch on another hoss!" Aside from General Jackson himself John Robinson was probably the most popular man below Mason and Dixon's line. Wilson was a kid, but a limber article at that, and was used to good advantage occasionally as a "fill in," when some high priced performer left the circus abruptly. He could do about everything from a bareback ride to the trapeze turn and was indispensable.

An organization was formed among the circus men who followed the fortunes of old John Robinson. The name of the combine was the "Hunkey Boys." It got to be very popular, and its numbers swelled from a few to a considerable number. The Hunkey Boys even went so far as to buy gold badges, with the insignia of their lodge upon it. On one trip down the "Massassippy" it was decided to have a banquet after the night performance on a little island about 500 yards from the tents. It was purely a Hunkey Boy affair, and two large caldrons were taken over to the scene of the festivity, in which were made a gigantic stew. Wilson and another boy procured a large bag of asafetida, swam the river, dumped the stuff into the caldrons and swam back while the Hunkey Boys were still at work. It wasn't long after the show before a chorus of curses came drifting from the direction of the banqueters, and the next day Wilson and his accomplice were tried by court martial, but evidence was lacking to convict.

Johnny Lowlow, the clown, was riding a trick horse around the ring one day, getting off a few antics, when a rawboned Texan began roasting his part of the show. He became abusive, and Lowlow concluded to get even. The horse was trained to stop suddenly whenever he was given the office. In stopping he would come to his knees. Lowlow galloped the horse at full tilt around the circle, and just as he came near the Texan gave the horse the sign to stop. He did so, sinking down as he stopped. Lowlow went straight on, head first, right into the chest of the fellow who was roasting him, and half an hour afterward a crowd of doctors were gathered around that Texan in the cook tent, wondering whether he would live or die.

It was away down in Alabama that the perch trick caused deserted the show. The perch trick is the name of the performance where one man holds up a long pole and balances it while a second performs upon it—certainly a difficult thing to do, whether you are upon the pole performing or holding it up. Johnny Wilson, being young, active and light, was called upon to do the perch trick and Board Robinson undertook to balance him. They had no time for rehearsing the act, for the perch people mutinied as the last moment, as they always do; so out came Wilson and Robinson on the sawdust. The end of the pole is supported by a belt, but a fellow who is not used to it will let it slip and, of course, the weight of the fellow up in the air causes it to make a bad impression on his stomach. Wilson had hardly reached the top of the pole when he heard an agonized voice, and looking down saw Robinson with the pole in his stomach.

"Come down!" yelled Robinson in pain, but just as John turned to do so he got the pole back in the belt and cried out, "Stay up!" Then Wilson began to do a few tricks, when again came a gasping voice, "Come down!" He saw that the pole was burrowing into Board's stomach again, and hastened to obey, but before he could get down Robinson lost his balance and over went the pole, throwing Wilson over into the audience. He fell with such force that he went clear through the seats, and a select party of social favorites accompanied him to the ground below.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Ticklish Question.

Parson—"Ow do yo' like yo' new flannels, Pete?

Pete—Tickled to def.—Comic Cuts.

TOMMY'S RISE AND FALL.

Tommy was ruled by his father and mother.
Tommy was bossed by his elder brother.
Tommy was tyrannized over each hour
By a very small maid with the face of a flower.

But one day Tommy was given a wheel,
And he felt like a king on a throne of steel.

Now, a sudden rise from a serf to a king
Has always proved a dangerous thing.
The people who come into power too quick
Go up like a rocket and down like a stick.
King Tom, before the first day was done,
Was emperor, sultan and czar in one.
He owned the pavement, he owned the street,
He put the officers off their beat;
He frightened the coachmen out of their wits
As he scorched right under the horses' bits.
Pedestrians fled when they saw him approach.
He caused disaster to carriage and coach,
For he never turned out, and his pace never slowed;
His bell was a signal to clear the road,
And I would not repeat—indeed, not I—
What the carmen said when his bike went by.

King Tom only winked in their eyes, with a grin,
Proud of his power to make them sin.
And bolder and bolder each day he grew,
And faster and faster his bicycle flew,
And he was certain he owned the earth
And all that was on it from girth to girth,
And he always got off without hurt or scratch
Till all of a sudden he met his match.
Reigning one time in his usual splendor,
He came face to face with a tram car's fender.
He rang his bell for the right of way,
But a biker may ring till his hair turns gray.
And a green tram car or its cousin, trolley,
Will pay no heed to that sort of folly.
All that King Tom recalls of that day
Was riding into the Milky Way.
Where he saw all the stars in the heavens—well,
There isn't much more of his reign to tell.
He gave his wheel to his brother Bill
And walks on two crutches and always will,
And he says, as he looks at his wooden leg,
"I went up like a rocket and down like a peg."

—Nuggets.

Rooster Pecked.

Only one woman in Atchison refers to her cook as her chef, and she doesn't dare to do it in the presence of her husband.—Atchison Globe.

INAUGURATED A BOYCOTT.

A Queen Who Feared the Movement to Protect Hand Workers.

This is Queen Marie Henriette of Belgium, who wrote to her sister queens in Europe and secured their co-operation in a movement to boycott machine made lace by refusing to wear it and thus preserve the industry of making lace by hand. The queen who thus attempts to save the lacemaking art is one of the most accomplished women in Europe. Queen Marie Henriette is the daughter of the late Archduke Joseph

MARIE HENRIETTE.

of Austria. She is the mother of Princess Stephanie of Austria. The pope has recognized her with the Golden Rose of Virtue, the highest regard he could bestow upon her. She is noted for her fondness for horses, which she shows by giving equestrian entertainments. She is also an enthusiastic musician and plays the harp and piano like a professional. Some of her paintings are worthy of the Paris salon.

The Woman With a Parrot.

A woman came out of a tailor's establishment on G street Wednesday morning, and I could not but turn to stare at her. On her left forefinger sat an imperturbable green parrot. There was a faint suggestion of frosty sting in the sunny air, and Master Parrot was fortified against it. He wore a coat or a blanket, or whatever you like to call it, of green velvet, made of two pieces, just the shape of a turtle's shell. One piece hung over his chest. The other protected his back, and the two pieces were joined to a kind of collar. A bicycle stood at the curbstone. The lady set the utterly self possessed bird on the handle bar, mounted and rode away. I said to myself that obviously there was a woman who was—well, who had been having "Miss" on her visiting cards since hoopskirts were in fashion, but when I asked the very next woman I met about it she told me that the parrot's mistress not only has a husband, but a real live baby too.—Washington Post.

Round Garters.

A girl who yearns after rosy cheeks has just discovered that one of the methods of securing the desired healthy glow is to avoid the round garter. In place of the circle of elastic she now uses a smart ribbed stocking that has not only an elastic top, but gathers snugly about the leg, just above the knee, without injuriously compressing the flesh. Into the top of the stocking two ribbon ends are caught, and these, when tied, have all the ornamental effect of the colored garter, without any of its injurious results. Still another hygienic contrivance for the woman who is fearful that constant use of the round garter will bestow on her a red nose in later life is an attachment for making fast the top of the stocking to the bottom of the drawers leg. Two buttons on the drawers and two loops on the stockings make a neat attachment, and great comfort is thereby insured.—Exchange.

A Business Woman.

Among the many women who have taken up their husbands' professions and made a success of them is Mrs. A. D. McClure of Chicago. Her husband was a recognized authority on landscape gardening, and during his illness, which lasted nearly four years, his wife helped him to draw his plans, write out lists of shrubs and plants, superintend workmen, etc., thus unconsciously mastering all the details of the business. When he died, some six years ago, he left his business in her hands, since which time she has had all the work she has been able to attend to. She arranged the grounds around a hospital in Michigan and around the Soldiers' home at Grand Rapids, and she has done considerable work in St. Paul and Milwaukee. She is very enthusiastic about her work and believes that landscape gardening should be taught to girls in the public schools.—Housekeeper.

Suffrage In New Zealand.

Mrs. K. W. Sheppard of Christchurch, New Zealand, says: "An encouraging feature of womanhood suffrage is the growing interest in what may be called humanitarian questions. The care of the aged, the relief of the needy, the protection of children and the reclamation of the weak and erring are subjects that are being discussed by almost all the women's societies, party or nonparty. Nor do the women of these societies confine themselves to discussion. Committees are formed for investigation, and pressure is brought to bear on men in public life. To some extent the measures proposed by the government of the day reflect the humanitarian spirit aroused by societies of women electors."

A florist was exhibiting to a visitor four or five young rubber plants with mottlings of grayish white on the leaves, the rich green of the plant looking the deeper for the contrast. "Do you know what made that?" he asked. "They're as healthy plants as I have in the place. It's charcoal. I fill the bottom of the pot with powdered charcoal, and that's what I get. I can't explain it. I only know it works that way with several plants. Here are a couple of dracænas, for example. Normally they are a regular leaf of green. You notice that those upper leaves are as red as the finest October maple you have seen this year. It's owing to charcoal."—Good Housekeeping.

Home For Needy Jews.

Baroness Hirsch has bought Tudor House, on Hampstead Heath, London, and will make it a convalescents' home for needy Jews, most of whom are prevented from sharing the benefit of gentile convalescents' homes by the dietary rules enjoined by the Mosaic laws. The house is a spacious structure, overlooking picturesque rural scenery. The baroness paid $20,000 for the property, to which she has added $200,000 as an endowment.

A DADDY HINES BOY.

Congressional Delegate Picked Choice From a Buffalo Orphan Asylum.

Among the members of the new congress recently elected is Dennis T. Flynn, delegate from Oklahoma. The story of his career ought to assure the most confirmed pessimist that this is still a republic, and that every man has a chance. Delegate Flynn is a product of a Buffalo orphan asylum. At the age of 4 years he was left fatherless, motherless, friendless and penniless. He was sent to the St. Joseph's Orphan asylum in Buffalo, and for the next 14 years grew up under the care of the late Rev. Thomas Hines, known to most residents of that city as "Daddy Hines of the Hill."

Young Flynn was far from a promising charge. He was noted chiefly for being the ringleader of whatever mischief was afoot and for his frequent escapes to the

DENNIS T. FLYNN.

city, but Father Hines always punished him soundly when he returned and then forgave him, for he saw that there was good in the boy. He sent him to Canisius college, and there the good Jesuit fathers gave him a thorough education.

When he was graduated at 16, he returned to the orphan asylum, having no other home. There he went to work in the printing department of the protectory and learned the printer's trade. Two years later he struck out for himself and went west. One day he drifted into Riverside, a little place in Iowa, and for $200 bought an almost defunct newspaper. This he edited for two years and sold for an even $2,500. Leaving Riverside, he wandered west, and one day stepped in Kiowa, Kan., which was at that time a railroad terminus and a shipping point for Kansas cattle. As a cattle shipper and real estate dealer he prospered, but after awhile the railroad terminus was moved on, and the Kiowa boom fell flat. Mr. Flynn came out of the wreck with hardly a dollar left.

Thus it happened that when the Oklahoma territory was thrown open Dennis Flynn was in the van of the rush line. He settled in Guthrie when it was composed of tents, and when the postoffice was established there he was made postmaster. He served for four years in this capacity, and in 1892 was sent to congress as territorial delegate. In 1894 he was re-elected, but two years later he was defeated. In the recent election, however, he was again returned by a big majority. He has been a candidate for governor of the territory, and his friends say that some day he will get it. Such is the career of the Buffalo orphan boy.

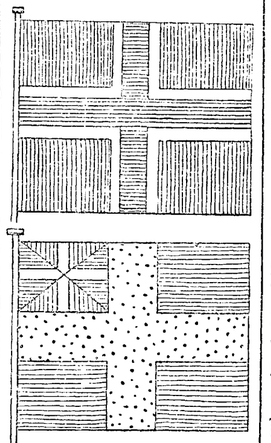
ONE KING, TWO FLAGS.

An Indication That Norway and Sweden Are Drifting Apart.

After having used the same flag for more than half a century Norway and Sweden now have separate emblems. This has come about through the third passage of an act over the king's veto by the Norwegian storthing. This act provides that the national flag of Norway be hereafter used without the jack, which was the symbol of the union with Sweden.

This change in the flag is more than a passing whim of the storthing. It is an indication that the two nations are rapidly drifting farther apart and that an entire separation may be the final result. For many years the relations between the two countries have not been of the best, although both acknowledge allegiance to one monarch.

Of the two countries Sweden is the stronger and wealthier, as well as the



FLAGS OF NORWAY (UPPER) AND SWEDEN (LOWER).

more populous. Norway is rated as the second maritime power in Europe in the tonnage of her merchant marine, although the navies of both countries are comparatively insignificant.

The flag of Norway, with the jack left out, will be four red corners, with a Greek cross of blue through the center. The Swedish flag has four blue corners with a jack of red, blue and yellow in the upper left hand corner and a Greek cross of yellow in the center. The Norwegian flag had formerly the jack which contained the bar of yellow as a symbol of the union with Sweden, but this will not appear in the flag in the future.

It will be some time before the new flag of Norway will receive recognition from other nations, as it will have to pass through certain forms before it is official.

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Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Dreier & Bro., druggist.

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TO THE WARSHIP INFANTA MARIA TERESA.

[Sunk in the action off Santiago de Cuba. Raised by Lieutenant Hobson.]

Oh, daughter of another race than ours,
Who, travail'd sore by cruel winds of fate,
Fell prone and helpless at our mansion gate!

Oh, thou who, in the clime of sun and flowers,
Walked with thy peers, elate—
Come, through the bypaths of the foam,
To where thy new found sisters wait
With eager arms
To greet thy charms,
To greet thy charms within our harbor home!

There will thou find a goodly company—
There will thou count a lineage high as thine—
Proud sons and daughters of a noble line,
True children of the bold old valiant sea!
Ah, there the Bonhomme Richard comes to thee—
(Or is it but his gladden'd welcoming shade?)

Oh, little dreamed he of an hour like this,
When, in the fury of the cannonade,
The fierce delirium of his battle bliss—
He slew the Serapis!
There Perry, too, his proud Niagara rides—

She whom with flame and thunder shook the lakes!
Hark! hark! The Constitution sends thee cheer,
Bidding the crest out thy haunting fear,
While her high vault of glory shrikes
With spirit salvos mild and clear!

See how the Hartford dips the flag—
She who had dared the utmost fates of war!
Not hers—not hers to sulk or lag
Who sought the desperate fight afar.
Look! How she dips her shot rent flag
To greet her sister's star!

Ah, fast met, beneath the southern skies,
These officers, come to greet thee in the guise
Ah, they, too, heard the deep toned sudden bass
The fierce awakening of their watchdog guns!
Peace, sister, peace! We bid these members
Only that them may'st glory here with them.
Once it was meet to place the diadem
Of death upon the fallen gem of the brave.
See how a stanch New York salutes thee now!
Hear how the Brooklyn, how the Oregon
Thunder to thee and thunder once again.
Hear how the Texas takes the joyous strain
And like them, Iowa roll it on.
Shrill [illegible] the little Gloucester, trim and [illegible]
Eager to join the welcoming refrain
As down she speeds her glory blazon'd track.
And, lo, it see wot fold—
A precious flag of fojance is unroll'd
From the ghost masthead of the Merrimac!

Hear'st thou that thunder from the eastern island?
That cannonade swept in the sunrise skies?
Hast thou the saucily answering replies?
No vessel to bridge the desolate waste main?
List! how the proud Olympia gives salute!
The Baltimore, the Boston echo her,
The Raleigh and the Concord quick confer,
Nor can the little Petrel's voice be mute!
Across the sea, around the sundering world
They boom their welcomes in the great guns' blast
In token of the joy and faith they bear—
They bid thee come and be our fondest care.
With starlit banners to the winds unfurl'd.
Thy sorrows now forever from thee cast.
In love full pledged, in love not least, though last!

These—these shall be thy sisters of the sea.
And thou shalt speak the language that they speak
In accents that the hurrying world shall hear.
For thou shalt voice henceforward without fear—
For thou shalt voice henceforward for the weak
The word of succor of the brave and free:
Not earmarc hungry, in thy ocean quest,
But as a daughter of the flag should be
Who bears within her beautiful pure breast
Her country's hope, her country's high behest!

—John Jerome Rooney in New York Times.

The Dining Car.

L. and N. W. Official—You may not believe it, but this dining car cost £3,000.

Planetree—How long has it been running?

"Just a week."

"Paid for itself yet?"—Nuggets.

Easily Located.

Mr. Sprocket—Pshaw! You can't even tell me the position of the crank on a tandem bicycle!

Mrs. Sprocket—I can if you tell me where you usually sit.—Yonkers Statesman.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by Dreier & Bros., druggists.

AN EPILEPTIC VILLAGE.

New Jersey Plan to Remove Unfortunates From Asylums.

The title of Maxwood Farm, near Princeton, lot by the homestead of the Voorhees family of New Jersey, passed recently to a board of directors appointed by the governor, and henceforth will be the state village for epileptics. Patients will be received immediately from the New Jersey insane asylums. By Governor Werts the need of removing epileptics from association with maniacs was recognized, and the village idea was formed. Governor Griggs, however, vetoed a bill to establish one on account of its cost. A second bill was passed last winter, and Governor Voorhees appointed a commission, which selected Maxwood Farm as the place for the village.

The healthful atmosphere, a high altitude and retirement recommended the farm. The estate includes 187 acres of fertile and well wooded apple orchards. An option upon an adjoining farm of 213 acres has been obtained, and it is intended that this property shall be used for the Shadywood estate. The land will be cultivated and it is expected that the village may become self supporting. Eventually, there will be a community of epileptics, with their own church and [illegible] cost was. No restraint further than attendants to help the patient, in case of necessity will be imposed. At time a limited number will be allowed to have their wives and children with them.—Special St. Louis Republic.

Since the Assessment.

"I can't decide that there is plenty of room in this car."

"Just that statement. I've observed, is generally put forward by people who have no room there."—Nuggets.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Dreier & Bros.' drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

REMEMBER

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BRIGHT SIDE OF LIFE

There Is Sunshine on Every Cloud Says Dr. Talmage.

What We Consider God's Afflictions on Us Are Always Influences for Good—Why the Useful Are Taken.

[Copyright, 1898.] Washington, Dec. 4.

In this discourse Dr. Talmage takes an optimistic view of many things that are usually accounted as inexplicable in human experience and shows us that even trouble and affliction may not be wholly without their brighter side. Text, Psalm 49:4: "I will open my dark saying upon the harp."

The world is full of the inexplicable, the impassable, the unfathomable, the insurmountable. We cannot go three steps in any direction without coming up against a hard wall of mystery, riddles, paradoxes, profundities, labyrinths, problems that we cannot solve, hieroglyphics that we cannot decipher, anagrams we cannot spell out, sphinxes that will not speak. For that reason David in my text proposed to take up some of these somber and dark things and try to set them to sweet music. "I will open my dark sayings on a harp." So I look off upon society and find people in unhappy conjunction of circumstances, and they do not know what it means, and they have a right to ask: Why is this? Why is that? And I think I will be doing a good work by trying to explain some of these strange things and make you more content with your lot, and I shall only be answering questions that have often been asked me or that we have all asked ourselves while I try to set these mysteries to music and open my dark sayings on a harp.

Interrogation the first: Why does God take out of the world those who are useful and whom we cannot spare and leave alive and in good health so many who are only a nuisance to the world? I thought I would begin with the very toughest of all the seeming inscrutables. Many of the most useful men and women die at 30 or 40 years of age, while you often find useless people alive at 60 and 70 and 80. John Careless wrote to Bradford, who was soon to be put to death, saying: "Why doth God suffer me and other such caterpillars to live that can do nothing but consume the alms of the church and take away so many worthy workmen in the Lord's vineyard?" Similar questions are often asked. Here are two men. The one is a noble character and a Christian man. He chooses for a lifetime companion one who has been tenderly reared, and she is worthy of him and he is worthy of her. As merchant or farmer or professional man or mechanic or artist he toils to educate and rear his children. He is succeeding, but he has not yet established for his family a full competency. He seems indispensable to that household, but one day, before he has paid off the mortgage on his house, he is coming home through a strong northeast wind and a chill strikes through him, and four days of pneumonia end his earthly career, and the wife and children go into a struggle for shelter and food. His next door neighbor is a man who, though strong and well, lets his wife support him. He is around at the grocery store or some general loafing place in the evenings, while his wife sews. His boys are imitating his example and lounge and swagger and swear. All the use that man is in that house is to rave because the coffee is cold when he comes to a late breakfast or to say cutting things about his wife's looks, when he furnishes nothing for her wardrobe. The best thing that could happen to that family would be that man's funeral, but he declines to die. He lives on and on and on. So we have all noticed that many of the useful are early cut off, while the parasites have great vital tenacity.

I take up this dark saying on my harp and give three or four thrums on the string in the way of surmising and hopeful guess. Perhaps the useful man was taken out of the world because he and his family were so constructed that they could not have endured some great prosperity that might have been just ahead, and they all together might have gone down in the vortex of worldliness which every year swallows up 10,000 households. And so he went while he was humble and consecrated, and they were by the severities of life kept close to Christ and fitted for usefulness here and for seats in Heaven, and when the last one at last before the throne they will reach the edge that, though the furnace was hot, it purified them and prepared them for the eternal career of glory and reward for which no other kind of fire could have fitted them. On the other hand, the useless man lived on to 45 or 50 or 70 years, because all the ease he ever can have he must have in this world, and you ought not therefore to grudge him his earthly longevity. In all the ages there has not a single loafer ever entered Heaven. There is no place for him there to hang around.

Interrogation the second: Why do good people have so much trouble, sickness, bankruptcy, persecution, the three black vultures, sometimes putting their fierce beaks into one set of jangled nerves? I think now of a good friend I once had. He was a consecrated Christian man, an elder in the church, and as polished a Christian gentleman as ever walked Broadway. First his general health gave way, and he hobbled around on a cane, an old man at 40. After awhile paralysis struck him. Having by poor health been compelled suddenly to quit business, he lost what property he had. Then his beautiful daughter died; then a son became hopelessly demented. Another son, splendid of mind and commanding of presence, resolved that he would take care of his father's household, but under the swoop of yellow fever at Fernandina, Fla., he suddenly expired. So you know good men and women who have had enough troubles, you think, to crush 50 people. No worldly philosophy could take such a trouble and set it to music or play it on violin or flute, but I dare to open that dark saying on a golden harp.

You wonder that very consecrated people have trouble? Did you ever know any very consecrated man or woman who had not had great trouble? Never! It was through their troubles sanctified that they were made very good. If you find anywhere in this city a man who has now and always has had perfect health and never lost a child, and has always been popular, and never had business struggle or misfortune, who is distinguished for goodness, pull your wife for a telegraph messenger boy and send me word, and I will drop everything and go right away to look at him. There never has been a man like that and never will be. Who are those arrogant, self-conceited creatures who move about without sympathy for others and who think more of a St. Bernard dog, or an Alderney cow, or a Southdown sheep, or a Berkshire pig than of a man? They never had any trouble, or the trouble was never sanctified. Who are those men who listen with a moist eye as you tell them of suffering, and who have a pathos in their voice, and a kindness in their manner, and an excuse or an alleviation for those gone astray? They are the men who have graduated at the royal academy of trouble, and they have the diploma written in wrinkles on their countenances. My! my! What heartaches they had! What tears they have wept! What injustice they have suffered! The mightiest influence for purification and salvation is trouble. No diamond fit for a crown until it is cut. No wheat fit for bread till it is ground. There are only three things that can break off a chain—a hammer, a file or a fire—and trouble is all three of them. The greatest writers, orators and reformers get much of their force from trouble. What gave to Washington Irving that exquisite tenderness and pathos which will make his books favorites while the English language continues to be written and spoken? An early heartbreak that he never once mentioned, and when 30 years after the death of Matilda Hoffman, who was to have been his bride, her father picked up a piece of embroidery and said: "That is a piece of poor Matilda's workmanship," Washington Irving sank from hilarity into silence and walked away. Out of that lifetime grief the great author dipped his pen's mightiest reenforcement. Calvin's "Institutes of Religion," than which a more wonderful book was never written by human hand, was begun by the author at 25 years of age because of the persecution by Francis, king of France. Faraday toiled for all time on a salary of £50 a year and candles. As every brick of the wall of Babylon was stamped with the letter N, standing for Nebuchadnezzar, so every part of the temple of Christian achievement is stamped with the letter T, standing for trouble.

When in England a man is honored with knighthood, he is struck with the flat of the sword. But those who have come to knighthood in the kingdom of God were first struck, not with the flat of the sword, but with the keen edge of the scimeter. To build his magnificence of character, Paul could not have spared one lash, one prison, one stoning, one anathema, one poisonous viper from the hand, one shipwreck. What is true of individuals is true of nations. The horrors of the American revolution gave this country this side of the Mississippi river to independence, and the conflict between England and France gave the most of this country west of the Mississippi to the United States. France owned it, but Napoleon, fearing that England would take it, practically made a present to the United States, for he received only $15,000,000 for Louisiana. Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota, Colorado, Dakota, Montana, Wyoming and the Indian Territory. Out of the fire of the American revolution came this country east of the Mississippi, out of the European war came that west of the Mississippi river. The British empire rose to its present overtowering grandeur through gunpowder plot, and Guy Fawkes' conspiracy, and Northampton insurrection, and Walter Raleigh's beheading, and Bacon's bribery, and Cromwell's dissolution of parliament, and the battles of Edge Hill, and the vicissitudes of centuries. So the earth itself, before it could become an appropriate and beautiful residence for the human family, had, according to geology, to be washed by universal deluge and scorched and made incandescent by universal fires, and pounded by sledge hammer of icebergs, and wrenched by earthquakes that split continents, and shaken by volcanoes that tossed mountains and passed through the catastrophes of thousands of years before Paradise became possible, and the groves could shake out their green banners, and the first garden pour its carnage of color between the Gihon and the Hiddekel. Trouble a good thing for the rocks, a good thing for nations, as well as a good thing for individuals. So when you push against me with a sharp interrogation point: Why do the good suffer? I open the dark saying on a harp and, though I can neither play on organ or cornet or hautboy or bugle or clarionet, I have taken some lessons in the Gospel harp, and if you would like to hear me I will play you those: "All things work together for good to those who love God." "Now no chastening for the present seemeth to be joyous, but grievous, nevertheless afterward it yieldeth the peaceable fruit of righteousness unto them which are exercised thereby." "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning." What a sweet thing is a harp, and I wonder not that in Wales, the country of my ancestors, the harp has become the national instrument, and that they have festivals where great prizes are offered in the competition between harp and harp, or that weird Sebastian Erard was much of his time bent over this chorded and vibrating triangle and was not satisfied until he had given it a compass of six octaves, from E to E with all the semitones, or that when King Saul was demented the son of Jesse came before him and, putting his fingers among the charmed strings of the harp, played the devil out of the crazed monarch, or that in Heaven there shall be harpers harping with their harps. So you will not blame me for opening the dark saying on the Gospel harp:

> Your harps, ye trembling saints,
> Down from the willows take;
> Loud the praise of love Divine
> Bid every string awake!

Interrogation third: Why did the good God let sin or trouble come into the world when He might have kept them out? My reply is: He had a good reason. He had reasons that He has never given us. He had reasons which He could no more make us understand in our finite state than the father, starting out on some great and elaborate enterprise, could make the two-year-old child in its armchair comprehend it. One was to demonstrate what grandeur of character may be achieved on earth by conquering evil. Had there been no evil to conquer and no trouble to console, then this universe would never have known an Abraham, or a Moses, or a Joshua, or an Ezekiel, or a Paul, or a Christ, or a Washington, or a John Milton, or a John Howard, and 1,000,000 victories which have been gained by the consecrated spirits of all ages would never have been gained. Had there been no battle there would have been no victory. Nine-tenths of the anthems of Heaven would never have been sung. Heaven could never have been a thousandth part of the Heaven that it is. I will not say that I am glad that sin and sorrow did enter, but I do say that I am glad that after God has given all His reasons to an assembled universe He will be more honored than if sin and sorrow had never entered, and that the unfallen celestials will be outdone and will put down their trumpets to listen, and it will be in Heaven when those who have conquered sin and sorrow shall enter, as it would be in a small singing school on earth if Thalberg and Gottschalk and Wagner and Beethoven and Rheinberger and Schuman should all at once enter. The immortals that have been chanting 10,000 years before the throne will say, as they close their librettos: "Oh, if we could only sing like that!" But God will say to those who have never fallen, and consequently have not been redeemed: "You must be silent now. You have not the qualification for this anthem." So they sit with closed lips and folded hands, and sinners saved by grace take up the harmony, for the Bible says: "No man could learn that song but the hundred and forty and four thousand which were redeemed from the earth."

But now I come nearer home and put a dark saying on the Gospel harp, a style of question that is asked a million times every year. Interrogation the fourth: Why do I have it so hard while others have it so easy? Or, Why do I have so much difficulty in getting a livelihood, while others go around with a full portmonnaie? Or, Why must I wear these plain clothes, while others have to push hard to get their wardrobes closed, so crowded are they with brilliant attire? Or, Why should I have to work so hard, while others have 365 holidays every year? They are all practically one question. I answer them by saying it is because the Lord has His favorites, and He puts extra discipline upon you and extra trial, because He has for you extra glory, extra enthronement and extra felicities.

That is no guess of mine, but a Divine says so: "Whom the Lord loveth He chasteneth." "Well," says some one: "I would rather have a little less in Heaven and a little more here. Discount my Heavenly robe ten per cent. and let me now put it on a fur-lined overcoat; put me in a less gorgeous room of the house of many mansions and let me have a house here in a better neighborhood." No, no; God is not going to rob Heaven, which is to be your residence for nine hundred quadrillion of years, to fix up your earthly abode, which you will occupy at most for less than a century, and where you may perhaps stay only ten years longer, or only one year, or perhaps a month more. Now, you had better cheerfully let God have His way, for, you see, He has been taking care of folks for near 6,000 years and knows how to do it and can see what is best for you better than you can yourself. Don't think you are too insignificant to be divinely cared for. It was said that Diana, the goddess, could not be present to keep her temple at Ephesus from burning because she was attending upon the birth of him who was to be Alexander the Great. But I tell you that your God and my God is so great in small things as well as large things, that He could attend the cradle of a babe and at the same time the burning of a world.

And God will make it all right with you, and there is one song that you will sing every hour your first ten years in Heaven, and the refrain of that song will be: "I am so glad God did not let me have it my own way!" Your ease willbe all fixed up in Heaven, and there will be such a reversal of conditions that we can hardly find each other for some time. Some of us who have lived in first-rate houses here and in first-rate neighborhoods will be found, because of our lukewarmness of earthly service, living on one of the back streets of the celestial city, and clear down at the end of it at No. 868 or 909 or 1505, while some who had unattractive earthly abodes, and a cramped one at that, will in the heavenly city be in a house fronting the royal plaza.

You, my brother, and you, my sister, who have it so hard here, will have it so fine and grand there that you will hardly know yourself and will feel disposed to dispute your own identity, and the first time I see you there I will cry out: "Didn't I tell you so when you sat down there in the pew and looked incredulous because you thought it too good to be true?" And you will answer: "You were right, the half was not told me!" So I open your dark saying of despondency and complain on my Gospel harp and give you just one bar of music, for I do not pretend to be much of a player. "The Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall lead them to living fountains of water, and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes." But, I must confess, I am a little perplexed how some of you good Christians are going to get through the gate, because there will be so many there to greet you, and they will all want to shake hands at once and will all want the first kiss. They will have heard that you are coming, and they will all press around to welcome you and will want you to say whether you know them after being so long parted.

Amid the tussle and romp or reunion I tell you whose hand of welcome you had better first clasp and whose cheek is entitled to the first kiss. It is the hand and the cheek of Him without whom you would never have got there at all, the Lord Jesus, the darling of the skies, as He cries out: "I have loved thee with an everlasting love, and the fires could not burn it, and the floods could not drown it." Then you, my dear people, having no more use for my poor harp on which I used to open your dark sayings, and whose chords sometimes snapped, despoiling the symphony, you will take down your own harps from the willows that grow by the eternal water courses and play together those celestial airs, some of the names of which are entitled "The King in His Beauty," "The Land That Was Far Off." And as the last dark curtain of mystery is forever lifted it will be as though all the oratorios that were ever heard had been rolled into one, and "Israel in Egypt," and "Jephthah's Daughter," and Beethoven's "Overture in C," and Ritter's first "Sonata in D Minor," and the "Creation," and the "Messiah" had been blown from the lips of one trumpet.

But here I must slow up lest in trying to solve mysteries I add to the mystery that we have already wondered at—namely, why preachers should keep on after all the hearers are tired. So I gather up into one great armful the whys and hows and wherefores of your life and mine which we have not had time or the ability to answer and write on them the words: "Adjourned to Eternity." I rejoice that we do not understand all things now, or if we did what would we learn in Heaven? If we knew it all down here in the freshman and sophomore class, what would be the use of our going to stand amid the juniors and the seniors? If we could put down one leg of the compass and with the other sweep a circle clear around all the inscrutables, if we could lift our little steelyards and weigh the throne of the Omnipotent, if we could with our seven day clock measure eternity, what would be left for heavenly revelation? So I move that we cheerfully adjourn what is now beyond our comprehension, and as, according to Rollin, the historian, Alexander the Great, having obtained the gold casket in which Darius had kept his rare perfume, used that aromatic casket thereafter to keep his favorite copy of Homer in and called the book therefore the "Edition of the Casket," and at night put the casket and his sword under his pillow, so I put this day into the perfumed casket of your richest affections and hopes this promise, worth more than anything Homer ever wrote or sword ever conquered: "What I do thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter" and that I call the "Edition Celestial."

A MAN WHO HAD NO CHANCE.

Discussed Labor Problems Over the Saloon Bar While His Wife Took in Washing.

"Well," Morris Cleburn said, as he entered the door of his home one day, "I can't get work. A man has no chance these days. I was talkin' it over with Hill jest now, an' he says it's the same with him. No job nowhere!"

Mrs. Cleburn looked up from her ironing.

"I find plenty to do," she said, quietly.

"Oh, yes, you women hev things all your own way, anyhow. As Hill sez—"

"Where did you see him—in the saloon?"

Mr. Cleburn was annoyed.

"Why, yes. I jest dropped in there as I was passin' to speak to a man that owed me. There wasn't no harm in that, was there?"

"No. Did he pay you?"

"Yes, of course he did."

"Where is the money?"

"Money? Oh, yes. I—I've got it here in—"

Mr. Cleburn made a fine show of searching in his pockets and then exclaimed:

"I've been robbed! I had that money right here when—"

Mrs. Cleburn looked up resignedly

"When you went up to the bar to settle the labor problem with Hill? Well, don't look for it. The children and I

SETTLING THE LABOR QUESTION.

can go without supper another night, I guess. Where are you going?"

Mr. Cleburn was starting toward the door.

"Goin'?" he asked, more in sorrow than in anger. "I'm goin' where I can have some peace. There don't seem to be any of it here. 'A pleasant fireside,' as Hill says, 'is the greatest blessin a workin' man can know.' But I hain't got one. I hain't got one!"

He struck the door, as he had seen the play actor strike the flimsy canvas on the stage, and went back to the saloon. And Mary Cleburn smiled, as women do, above dead hope, dead love, and dead respect—and went on with her ironing.—Chicago Journal.

BEER, MONEY AND CHURCHES.

Deplorable State of Affairs Which Existed One Hundred Years Ago.

A hundred years ago there were no temperance societies or Bands of Hope, no Rechabites, and Blue Ribbon army. To be as "drunk as a lord" was the height of human felicity. It was the age of "three-bottle men," of convivial toasts, of drinking songs. Even the church indirectly encouraged intemperance. There were certain districts where at Whitsuntide the churchwardens were accustomed to levy contributions of malt from the parishioners. This was brewed into strong ale and sold in the church. The Whitsuntide topers had, however, a pious method in their madness.

The money spent on the beer was expended by the churchwardens in church maintenance, and the muddled roisterers no doubt believed themselves to be pillars of the church even when, under the influence of its alcohol, they rolled upon its pavement. They thought themselves supporters of the church when they wanted "supporting" themselves, and deemed themselves most saintly when they were most soddened. Until as recently as 1827 (when the license was withdrawn) a church and public house were covered by one roof at Deepdale, midway between Derby and Nottingham. A door that could be opened at will served to separate the consecrated interior of the church from the common taproom of the tavern! Tea drinking was regarded as one of the feminine vices of 160 years ago. The Female Spectator of that period observes: "The tea table costs more to support than would maintain two children at nurse. It is the utter destruction of all economy, the bane of good housewifry, and the source of idleness." — Chambers' Journal.

"Young Men, Keep Your Record."

These were the last words of the eloquent temperance lecturer, John B. Gough, spoken in the Presbyterian church, Frankford, Pa., on the night of February 19, 1886, before he sank insensible into a chair, from which he was never able to rise. In the course of his lecture he said:

"I have seven years in the record of my own life when I was held in the iron grasp of intemperance. I would give the world to blot it out; but, alas! I cannot." Then stepping forward, with an impressive gesture, he added:

"Young men, keep your record—"

But he was never able to finish the sentence. Evidently it would have been: "Young men, keep your record clean."

An impressive dying testimony from such an eventful life. It was through the severest struggles that Mr. Gough came out into liberty. "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap."

A Good Army.

The much sickness due to over-indulgence by soldiers of the volunteer army in strong drink, the waste of their small pay due to tippling and drunkenness; the murders and outrages committed by some of them while under the influence of liquor; the rioting and disgraceful conduct of many of the young men in their cups, have brought out the suggestion that a good army should be a temperance army.—Sacramento Record-Union.

Poor Patriotism.

Notwithstanding the fact that the liquor trade has dumped the war tax on beer entirely upon the consumer, the trade keeps on boasting about its patriotism and sacrifice in supporting Uncle Sam in his war needs. There is nothing modest about the average liquor dealer.—True Reform.

INEBRIETY IN WOMAN

Reasons Why She Becomes Enslaved to the Appetite of Intoxicating Drinks.

Inebriety is bad enough in a man, but in a woman it is even more pitiable, and, if it be possible, more far-reaching and more dreadful in its results. With women it would, we think, be safe to say that the origin of the drink habit lies in perturbed physical conditions—in fact, that it is a disease, and not a mere obliquity, as many would have us believe. The consequences of alcoholism in women are not so quickly evident as in men. In the earlier stages of inebriety, in those cases in which there is power of volition, a peculiar shrinking from publicity protects some women against the symptoms noted among men at a like period. Two causes may be given for the lapse of women into inebriety. First is the nervous condition due to lack of nutrition and the wear and worry of domestic life and the demands of society—an exhaustion for which relief is mistakenly sought in the transient aid of alcohol; secondly, the pain and unrest incident to disorders of their sex, for which solace is sought in the anaesthetic and paralyzing effects of alcohol. In the first case the woman who flies to drink must be unaware or unmindful of the fact that its taking involves a great risk of creating a morbid condition that often finds expression in constant inebriety. In the second case, the so-called solace, with startling and sorrowful frequency, ends in confirmed alcoholism.—N. Y. Ledger.

RUDYARD KIPLING'S STAND.

Relates a Scene He Witnessed as the Reason Why He Became a Prohibitionist.

Rudyard Kipling says that one night, in a concert hall, he saw two young men ply two girls with liquor until they were drunk. They then led them, staggering, down a dark street. The rest of the story we give in Mr. Kipling's own words. "Then," he says, recanting previous opinions, I became a prohibitionist. Better it is that a man should go without his beer in public places, and content himself with swearing at the narrow-mindedness of the majority; better it is to poison the inside with very vile temperance drinks, and to buy lager furtively at back doors, than to bring temptation to the lips of young fools such as the four I had seen. I understand now why the preachers rage against drink. I have said: 'There is no harm in it, taken moderately,' and yet my own demand for beer helped directly to send these two girls reeling down the dark street to—God alone knows what end. If liquor is worth drinking, it is worth taking a little trouble to come at—such trouble as a man will undergo to compass his own desires. It is not good that we should let it lie before the eyes of children, and I have been a fool in writing to the contrary."

This is important testimony. Rudyard Kipling is no unknown person. No one can accuse him of intolerance or fanaticism. No one can taunt him with ignorance of life.

STOP BEFORE YOU BEGIN.

The Only Safe Method of Keeping a Pure Mind and a Clean Body.

Success depends as much on not doing as upon doing; in other words, "stop before you begin" has saved many a boy from ruin.

From drinking and swearing and every sin,
You are safe and secure if you never begin.
Then, never begin, never begin;
You can't be a smoker unless you begin.

If John, at that time a clerk in a warehouse, had only said when invited to stop at a saloon and have a glass: "No, I thank you," he would not now be the inmate of an inebriate asylum.

If James, a clerk in a store, when invited to spend his next Sabbath on a steamboat excursion, had said: "No, I thank you," he might to-day have been perhaps an honored officer in the church instead of occupying a cell in prison.

It is the "first glass" that brings the murderer to the gallows.

It is the "first cigarette" that produces the cancer on the tongue and "tobacco heart."

It is the "first bet" that results in the financial wreck of the gambler.

It is the "first impure word" that makes the string of terrible oaths.—National Temperance Advocate.

GLEANINGS.

Down with the liquor traffic and up with the people, should be the motto of every patriot.—National Temperance Advocate.

The police commissioners of Kansas City, Mo., are a unit on the ruling that no saloons can be established near the public library.

During the world's fair there were over 7,000 saloons in Chicago. Since then they have been gradually declining, and the numbers are not much over 6,000. Over 200 have gone out of business during the last quarter.

The Catholic university of America, located at Washington, has a "Father Mathew chair," under the auspices of which noted lecturers deliver temperance lectures in the university extension courses throughout the country.

It is reported that the Catholic Total Abstinence union, of Buffalo, N. Y., has appealed to the committees of the cardinals of Rome for some action on their part "to protect young Catholics from the indescribable ravages of alcoholic drinks."

The official returns of the recent prohibition plebiscite in Canada show that the provinces outside of Quebec gave a majority of 98,439 for prohibition. Quebec gave 88,067 majority for anti-prohibition, leaving a total majority the other way of 10,372.

Must Give Temperance Education.

The assistant attorney-general of the United States has rendered an opinion in which he holds that it is the duty of the various boards of education to enforce the law passed by congress May 20, 1896, that makes the study of alcoholism with reference to its effects upon the human system a compulsory branch of study not only in the public schools of the territories, but in the various Indian schools wherever located, and in the naval and military schools of the United States. Teachers also must pass a satisfactory examination on this special subject if they have not already done so.

The Saloon Influence.

Friends, the liquor alone is not the only product of the saloon. It is the saloon influence, the saloon association, which is of the greatest significance. If it were not for this the crimes of liquor would soon be blotted from the face of the earth. If all young persons or even if all professed Christians would not allow themselves to be influenced by such association our world would soon be revolutionized. As it is, their influence degrades our society and corrupts our politics.—C. A. Hercules.

A LITTLE WHILE.

A few more years—'tis but a little while—
Our work all done, our weary feet at rest,
Tho' full-orbed moon and rising sun still smile
On lowest plane and highest mountain crest,
They call us not to joys that come with
Earth's brightest scenes are wrapped in shades of night.
A little while! We change as all things must.
These mortal frames should crumble into dust!
Whate'er our work, that work will end at last.
The joy, the grief, the pleasure and the pain.
The end will come! Where'er our lines are cast,
All helps shall fail, all earthly props prove vain.
The friends of youth who joined us in our plays,
Our school-day friends, and friends of later days—
All, one by one, have gone, or soon will go;
From life to death, there is a constant flow.
But, O what joy! When Death hath claimed its own,
The morning breaks of life's unending day!
When earthly scenes and earthly joys have flown,
Our spirits, freed, enraptured, fly away!
No sickness there, no pain, no stilled breath—
No signs, no tears, no crushing griefs, no death!
O joy of joys! of God's free Spirit born!
We gladly hail the Resurrection morn.
—John M. Morse, in N. Y. Observer.

TO EVERY SEASON ITS CHARM.

It Takes Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter to Make a Rounded Year—So with Life.

Every season has its own attractions, its peculiar charms. The freshness and hope of the spring, the warmth and bloom of the summer, the maturity and ripeness of the autumn, the frosts and snows of the winter, combine to make the beauties of the complete and rounded year. Without any one of these the others would be imperfect. It were easy in each season to think, as it draws to its close, that no joys can be like those which are passing away. It were wiser to feel that these joys have had their time, and that those of another and more fitting season are approaching. The true soul thanks God for the freshness and hope of childhood, in the springtime of life; for the warmth and bloom of youth and young manhood, in life's summer; for the maturity and ripeness of more fully developed being, as life comes toward its season of declining years; for even the frosts and snows of its winter in old age. Each season has its beauties which would not have been beauties before, but which now are appropriate and timely. There are possibilities of brilliancy and gorgeousness in the forest foliage of October which are never to be seen in the month of June. These possibilities are in the spheres of both nature and grace. He who is growing old, with a proper sense of his place and privileges, can do a work with and for others that he could not have done before, but which others will now recognize and rejoice in. But a man cannot do this unless he is ready to thank God that he has lived through the other seasons of life's year, and that what he is now doing he must do as one who is in the autumn of life, with winter approaching rapidly. — S. S. Times.

A LIFE WORTH LIVING.

It Is Not the Self-Contented Life, But One After the Pattern of Christ's.

A cynical acquaintance once remarked that nothing was more perilous to the peace and happiness of a person than to come into close relations with another person. "You never know what you are involving yourself in," he said; "you are certain to get entangled in his concerns, and you will have no end of bother and trouble." Marriage was his bete noir. In his opinion it was literally giving a hostage to fortune. To marry was to open a gate through which a troop of troubles would come upon you. You might find happiness, but at the constant peril of greater unhappiness. That is the quintessence of selfishness and diabolical philosophy. Its condemnation is that it is against nature and against God. Helpful and sympathetic relations with our fellow human beings are the very wine of life. Suppose that one does escape some trouble and annoyance by living a purely selfish life, how much he misses! Getting entangled with the concerns of others! Why, that is the very charm of a full and rich experience. That is the way to be happy: that is the way to do good and get good; that is the way to live like a man or woman. He fought his battles; he had a thousand relations with his fellow men; he was helpful and generous, and a rock in a weary land to those who were in perplexity and trouble; he loved to make the cares of others his own. Is not that the ideal of a life worth living?—Boston Watchman.

DUTY DEFINED.

Some Good Definitions Recently Elicited by the Ram's Horn in a Prize Contest.

Duty is the fulfillment of all known law.—John Semones.

Duty—That which man owes to God and man.—William H. Cord.

Duty is doing the right thing at the right time.—W. C. Armstrong.

Duty is God's will done—moral obligation reverenced by work.—C. Poling.

Duty is the full measure of man's obligation gauged by the Golden Rule.—C. G. Steinhart.

Duty is that, the doing of which at any given moment is the only course that will put us in right relation to self, to man and God.—T. F. Murphy.

Duty is our obligation or what we ought to do in view of all law, written or unwritten, natural, moral or spiritual. —Mrs. H. C. Wharton.

A nettle that stings the careless hand;
Yet strangely, doth impart
New strength and peace when boldly seized
And firmly pressed to heart.
—N. A. Vilius.

A debt we owe; the debt of love,
To man below; to God above:
One we should pay to young and old,
Each passing day in deeds of gold.
—Mrs. E. L. Stapley.

Duty is that one thing which an enlightened conscience tells us we ought to do or say at a certain time; a debt we owe humanity, including ourselves. Duties often come in numbers, but each has its own order of time and place, and never conflict when these are rightly assigned.—Mrs. D. W. Morrison.

The Moral Master.

Because Jesus Christ is moral master of the world, by the better sentiments which He inspires in the heart of humanity. He shall drive out of the holy temple of freedom and civilization all tyranny, oppression and wrong.—Rev. Dr. Bristol.

IF HE HAD LEFT HIM.

But Mr. Little Stayed by Jerry Macauley and the Sot Became a Power for Righteousness.

"Do you know Jesus?" was the question which to unaccustomed ears may seem abrupt and irreverent.

"And who is He?"

The reply, expressing as much defiance as ignorance, was uttered by a fierce-looking woman on the stairs of a dirty tenement-house at 17 "Cherry Hill," New York city, 27 years ago.

The questioner was Mr. Little, a visitor from an uptown church. The woman had placed herself in his way and disputed his passage.

In a room near by lay a drunkard just awaking from his sodden sleep. Through the partly-open door he heard the stranger's voice, and gathering himself up from the floor, came out to see who it was. The apparition of the unshaven "rough" in his red shirt and high-legged boots was so threatening that Mr. Little retreated downstairs; but the man followed him.

"Say," he called, hoarsely, "what name was it you asked that woman about?"

Mr. Little believed he meant to make trouble, and his surprise may be imagined when the fellow added:

"I used to love that name years ago—when I was in prison—but I lost Him. I wish I knew where I could find Him."

It was a fact that the drunkard was one of the convicts who had been influenced by the preaching of Orville Gardner, the converted prize-fighter, 12 years before, in one of the state prisons. His reformed life and docile behavior had shortened his sentence and Gov. Dix before his term had expired pardoned him.

With no offered opening to encourage the "jailbird" in honest living, his relapse into his old ways was almost inevitable. If he had friends of the true sort, they lost sight of him.

Mr. Little at once returned to the man and took him to a room in New Bowery, listened to his story, treated him as a brother, and saw him sign the pledge.

The next time he met the ex-convict—three nights afterward—the man was in liquor, and making his way to the river in company with a Water street thief. The missionary begged him to turn back and go to his home with him, but he pleaded that he "couldn't starve."

"I'll pawn the coat I have on," said Mr. Little, "before I'll see you steal."

The poor fellow looked at his friend. "If you are that kind of a friend I'll die before I'll steal," he said.

"'Seek first the kingdom of God—and all the rest will be given to you,' Jerry, that's Bible."

"I'll take it," said Jerry; and regardless of his profane companion's abuse, he left him and walked off with the missionary.

Not only once, but five times after this the "reformed" ex-convict fell—and began again, for Mr. Little would not leave him. He followed him with his friendly help, and he summoned aid of his Christian allies, until he saw him safely on his feet, and standing out boldly as a professed follower of Christ.

Jerry Macauley did not fall again. The mission founded by him at 316 Water street, New York, and which bears his name, celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary in Carnegie hall the 21st of last November.

It is a health-spot in the purlieus of sin. It has brought life and blessings to hundreds of darkened and debased souls who else would have known no God and no divine teacher.

Against the evil he once did, a grateful community will set the gracious later influence of the sometime thief and outcast, Jerry Macauley.

But what if Mr. Little had left him? In the divine habit of mercy there are years of patience, and "seventy times seven" forgivings to one repulse. Only after such love is wasted, can come the terrible sentence: "Ephraim is joined to his idols: let him alone."—Youth's Companion.

NEWSBOY LEGISLATION.

An Incident That May Be Suggestive to Many Business Men Who Call Themselves Christians.

A story told in a recent number of the Standard contains a rebuke to those business men, and their name is legion, who conduct their affairs according to the maxim, "Business is business."

The story follows:

"Here, boy, let me have a Sun."

"Can't nobow, mister."

"Why not? You've got them. I heard you a minute ago cry them loud enough to be heard to the city hall."

"Yes, but that was down t'other block, ye know, where I hollered."

"What does that matter? Come now, no fooling; hand me out a paper. I'm in a hurry."

"Couldn't sell you no paper in this here block, mister, cos it b'longs to Limpy. He's just up to the farder end now; you'll meet him."

"And who is Limpy, pray? And why does he have this especial block?"

"'Cos us other kids agreed to let him have it. Ye see, it's a good run on 'count of the offices all along and the poor chap is that lame he can't get around lively likely the rest of us, so we agreed the first one caught sellin' on his beat should be hit on and thrashed. See?"

"Yes, I do see. So you newsboys have a sort of brotherhood among yourselves?"

"Well, we're goin' to look out for a little cove what's lame, anyhow, you bet."

"There comes Limpy now; he's a fortunate boy to have such kind friends."

The gentleman bought two papers of him, and went on his way down town, wondering how many men in business would refuse to sell their wares in order to give a weak, haltering brother a chance in a clear field.

Our Comments on Others.

Our characters are often shown in our comments on our fellows. If we see a good trait in one in whom others see only evil, it is to our credit rather than to his. If we are ready to point out a flaw in a character of which others speak well, it is to our discredit instead of to his. It would seem, then, a very simple thing to win credit in this way. Yet it is very hard to do this, except as a loving heart prompts to it.—S. S. Times.

Makes Useful Lives.

God . . . has made apostles and saints out of men and women that the world would have thrown away as rubbish. Why, the whole New Testament is just a record of that—Peter, the weak and wayward; Mary Magdalen, the defiled; Zaccheus, the worldly; Thomas, the despondent; Paul, the persecutor and blasphemer. What God could do in the first century. He can do, He is doing, to-day.—Henry Van Dyke.

Patience.

Patience true is beautifying, but it is also empowering. It does a work in us—a perfect work.—Dr. McElveen.

Highest Fame.

The highest fame is found in self-abnegation that others may be glorified. —Rev. F. C. Harding.

RAPE.

How to Grow This Invaluable Feed For Sheep and Other Stock.

In all parts of the United States having a latitude no farther south than Dayton, O., the best paying plant for sheep food is undoubtedly rape. In The National Stockman and Farmer Mr. J. S. Woodward describes its culture:

It may be sown almost any time from April to September and give a crop that will richly pay for time and expense of growing. Rape may be sown with oats at the rate of a couple of pounds per acre, and four seasons out of five it will withstand the drought, and after the oats are harvested it will grow rapidly and afford a large amount of excellent feed and come just in time when the lambs should be weaned.

Every corn field should also have three pounds of rape seed sown at the last cultivation. By putting a boy on a steady horse he can sow the seed broadcast over the standing corn to be cultivated in. A little of the seed may lodge in the leaves, but enough will reach the ground to make a profitable crop. It won't make very much show when corn is cut, but in a short time the ground will be covered, and as it grows rapidly after the fall rains it will pasture a large stock and be worth to the ground many times as much as the seed will cost.

But for a main crop and to give largest returns it should be grown as a lone crop. To do this best and obtain most satisfactory results in feed production and as a renovator of the soil and an eradicator of weeds the field should be plowed quite early and well. It should then be harrowed or cultivated once a week until the middle of May, or even up to 1st of June, but none of this cultivation should be deep. What is wanted is to induce as many weed seeds as possible to germinate and be killed before the rape is sown. If the land is poor, it will pay if from two to eight loads of manure are scattered on each acre after the plowing and worked in by the after cultivation, or a little fertilizer may be used. Two hundred pounds muriate of potash and a like amount of dissolved rock or bone have more than doubled the crop. But if anything is used, or whatever it may be, it should be applied so as to be well worked into the soil.

The soil being in fine condition, the seed, three pounds per acre, should be sown, and it should be done after a shower if possible. While it will do very well broadcasted, it will do much better to be put in drills from 20 to 30 inches apart. It will make more growth, and sheep will eat it much better. In fact, where it is growing side by side sown in the two ways they won't eat any of the broadcasted so long as the other lasts. If the land has been well cleaned before seed is sown, it will make a good crop without any cultivation, but it will give enough more by being cultivated once or twice after coming up to ten times its size.

In about six or eight weeks after sowing it will have made a large growth, from 12 to 18 inches, and be ready for pasturing.

When sheep or lambs are first turned to the rape, it should never be when it is wet with dew or rain and never when they are hungry. In either case they are almost sure to eat so rapidly and so much that many of them will bloat and possibly some die. The better way is to turn them to the rape after it is dried and after the sheep have been a few hours in pasture, and they should then not be allow

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY DEC. 10, 1898.

WHIST CONVENTIONS.

They May Be Distinguished as Logical and Arbitrary.

THE SYSTEM OF TRUMP SHOWING.

Necessity of Knowing What System Is Practiced by Both Partner and Opponents—Surprise For the Crack New York Club.

For the better understanding of whist "conventions," which is a general term covering all plays having a definite and predetermined meaning, it is convenient to consider them in two classes, according as they are based on the principles of the game and are rationally deducible from the fall of the cards or as they are artificially created and possess significance only through mutual agreement among players. Suppose your partner leads the king of a suit of which you do not hold the ace, and that the king wins. Your natural inference is that the ace lies with partner, because if either adversary had it he would play it on the king. From partner's standpoint the lead of the king, from ace and king and others, is intended to show you the ace remaining and is a conventional lead known and practiced by all players. Its use requires no prior arrangement between partners. Such a convention I call "logical." On the other hand, suppose your partner starts with the ace, winning the trick, and follows it with the king. What does he mean? He has reversed the natural order of the leads, and the play must have a peculiar significance. What the significance is, however, you cannot tell from the fall of the cards. It is necessary that you should be acquainted with the so called "American" system of leads, in which, from the ace-king combination, the king is led first when the suit consists of less than five cards and the ace is led first when the suit numbers five or more. This play of ace, then king, to "show five," is a convention that is unintelligible without mutual agreement between partners and is what I call "arbitrary."

In general all conventions are either logical or arbitrary, though it is sometimes hard to say which, and sometimes the two qualities are combined in one play. For instance, by the lead of king, accompanied by ace, the "American" leader shows the ace remaining, which is the logical part of the convention, and also shows less than five (usually just four) in suit, which is the arbitrary element. An example of the doubtful convention is the ordinary trump call. In a former article on this subject I have pointed out that there is some reason in the proposition, "If I follow suit with an unnecessarily high card, I want to have trumps led." Still, I should scarcely like to place the trump call in the logical category. It is safe to regard all the many uses of the signal—namely, the play of the higher and then the lower of two indifferent small cards in following suit—as arbitrary conventions.

In the detailed consideration of whist conventions I shall first take up the openings or original leads, beginning with those which are made from high card combinations.

1 (a). From ace, king, queen, jack, with or without others, the purely logical opening is the king, showing the ace behind it. If the king wins, continue with the jack, showing the queen also.

1 (b). According to the number showing or "American" system, the leads from the quart major vary according to number in suit. If this is four exactly—that is, the high combination without smaller cards—you lead the king, showing four (arbitrarily) as well as the ace (logically), and continue with the jack. If there are more than four cards in the suit, proceed thus: From five exactly, jack and then ace; from six, jack and then king; from seven or more, jack and then queen. There is, however, a variation of the American system in which the lead of the jack is restricted to the combination of king, queen, jack and two or more others (without ace), in which case the queen is led first from the quart major accompanied by one or more smaller cards. In general, under the American system, the king led indicates just four in suit, and the ace, queen or jack more than four, but there are exceptions to the latter rule.

1 (c). The trump showing system demands that the king or jack of a plain suit should be led only from hands containing numerical trump strength, by which is meant a trump suit of four or more cards, and the ace or queen (sometimes the 10) only from hands that are numerically weak in trumps. These rules are, of course, purely arbitrary conventions. They may be combined with the number showing or American system. Thus, from the quart major of a plain suit accompanied by trump strength the trump shower may open with the king to show four in suit or with the jack to show more than four.

It is quite clear, even from the little I have said about these conventional openings, that in order to play an intelligent game you must know what system is practiced by partner and opponents. Suppose you sit in a game with strangers and your partner leads the king of a plain suit of which you have not the ace, and the king wins; you cannot tell, unless you have previously catechised him, whether partner means merely that he has the ace also or that he has the ace and just four in suit or that he has the ace and trump strength or that he has the ace and just four in suit and trump strength too. If the other players are as ignorant of one another's systems and intentions as you are, you may not suffer, but if the adversaries have a mutual understanding and you and your partner have not you are surely placed at a disadvantage. It is, therefore, wise to find out something about the other players' methods before you begin to play, and the American Whist league has a law compelling its members to answer all questions put by adversaries concerning conventions at any time except during the actual play of a deal. Nevertheless, I confess to a sort of pride—false perhaps, but common to many players—which causes me to prefer fathoming other peoples' schemes by means of the play itself rather than by word of mouth.

Leaving the main subject for the present, I have to announce one of the greatest surprises that were ever sprung on the whist world. The crack team of the Whist club of New York, which on Nov. 12 wrested the league challenge trophy from the Boston holders by the crushing score of 98 to 9, was defeated in its very next match by a team that was deemed in every respect inferior. It was the Knickerbocker Whist club of New York that performed this extraordinary feat. The game was played on Nov. 21, and the score was 26 to 23 in favor of the challengers, Messrs. C. R. Watson, R. M. Cramer, G. L. Tirrell and E. Eloit, Jr. Not one of these men had taken part in a championship contest before, and they had never even played together before as a team. It was a heartbreaking struggle, lasting till after 3 o'clock in the morning, close all the way through and decided only at the bitter end. For 42 deals the Whist club four held the lead by a narrow margin, but then they weakened, and on the last few deals lost seven tricks and the match. The result helps to demonstrate the beautiful uncertainty of duplicate whist.

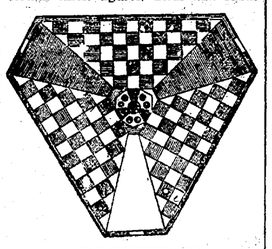
E. C. HOWELL.

TRIPLE CHECKERS.

A Novel Checkerboard, Designed For Three Players.

By means of a peculiarly devised game board the game of checkers can now be played by three persons at the same board instead of being limited to two. This board is the invention of George F. Gruver. He has worked out the details of his game and patented the device. The board is triangular in form, and the players can play a much more complicated game by means of it. Each man has two antagonists instead of but one, as is the rigid rule under the old style of play. This is what Mr. Gruver says of his game:

"My invention relates particularly to the game board and to the provision of certain lines, figures, fields and subdi-



TRIPLE CHECKERBOARD.

visions thereon, the leading feature of which is an arrangement whereby three players are enabled to play at the same time.

"The shape of the board is substantially that of a triangle, with the corners removed. It contains three sections, one for each player and a center section, connecting all three sections, and by moving over which one player is enabled to enter either one of the two sections of his opponents. These main sections are again subdivided to form smaller parts, figures or fields, upon which the checkers are placed and between which they are manipulated by being moved from one to the other. By a preference sections are subdivided like a checkerboard, the alternate squares being colored differently as indicated in lines, the colors being any suitable combination, as, for instance, gold or silver or otherwise."

Golf Ball Industry.

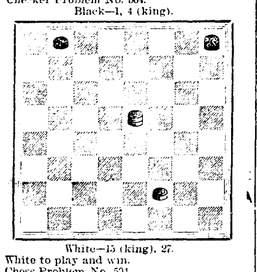
An interesting thing about golf is the golf ball industry and the ingenuity displayed by the makers of golf balls in shading the tiny globes so that they will offer the least resistance to the air. It is said that the markings or grooves on the surfaces of every golf ball have considerable to do with their flight. Since gutta percha has been employed, a problem has been to make the grooves serve the player. A London writer in referring to this matter says: "Provided the gutta percha be good and properly seasoned, there seems to be no reason for the very deep markings which are seen on many balls, while it is obvious that the undue number of lines must decrease in size and consequently the resisting power of the points left exposed to the blow. If the material be hard, a very shallow groove is all that is necessary to detach the points of impact and to sustain the blow." It has been estimated that from 16,000,000 to 12,000,000 balls are made annually in Great Britain. A large part of that output is imported to this country

Eccentric Pugilists.

Billy Madden denies the statement that Tom Sharkey is the only heavyweight fighter who can't make a speech. "Why," says Madden, "Ruhlin is almost tongue tied. If there is any virtue in not being a gasbag, why, my man is a champion. But, I can go you one better, and that is that Ruhlin cannot be coaxed in front of a camera and would not fight before a kinetoscope under any conditions."

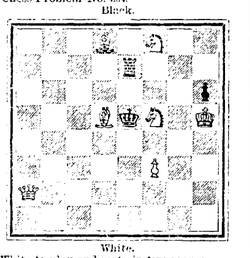
CHECKERS AND CHESS.

Checker Problem No. 501.
Black—1, 4 (king).



White—15 (king), 27.
White to play and win.

Chess Problem No. 504.
Black.



White.
White to play and mate in two moves.

SOLUTIONS.

Checker problem No. 501:

Black.	White.
1..12 to 16	1..8 to 11
2..16 to 20	2..11 to 15
3..1 to 6	3..13 to 10
4..6 to 1	4..10 to 14
5..20 to 24	5..15 to 10
6..24 to 27	6..14 to 17
7..27 to 21	7..17 to 14
Drawn	

Chess problem No. 503:

White.	Black.
1. Kt to K B 5	1..Any
2..Mates	

NEVER AGAIN!

Wherein Is Shown That Absentmindedness Is Sometimes Fatal.

This tale comes from Roumania, where the events related really occurred. I will give 100 golden guineas (as soon as I have them) to any person proving that this incident did not occur in Roumania. Further, I will give my I O U for 200 golden guineas to any person proving that this history occurred anywhere out of Roumania at any time.

A professor, famous for his absentmindedness, invented a parachute. His confidence in his contrivance was so great that he even sought for an opportunity to try it. In this he erred. It is all very well for a man to invent parachutes and flying machines to present to persons he doesn't like, but if he has family ties he ought never to indulge in experiments. However, the professor searched zealously for an opportunity to test his aerial umbrella. Success unhappily crowned his efforts, and a balloonist consented to give him a lift.

On the appointed day the professor joined the aeronaut, and the two men entered the car of the balloon, accompanied by the parachutic umbrella by means of which the professor proposed to sink softly and safely to the earth from an enormous height.

The balloon shot upward swiftly. When they were at an altitude a little less than 30,000 feet, the professor suddenly remembered what he was there for, and at once climbed out of the car and dropped off before the aeronaut could stop him.

He had dropped 10,000 feet and was still dropping, when he remarked to himself with great disgust:

"Good gracious, I've come away and forgotten my umbrella!"—Judy.

Superabundant Zeal.

"Civilization is making remarkable advances," exclaimed the good natured man.

"Yes," answered the friend in golf stockings, who had been reading the news from Europe. "The only trouble is that so many monarchs are trying to be pacemakers they're liable to have a collision."—Washington Star.

HE WENT WRONG.

I first met Jack Burridge nearly 10 years ago on a certain North County race course. The saddling bell had just rung for the chief event of the day. I was sauntering along with my hands in my pockets, more interested in the crowd than in the race, when a sporting friend crossing on his way to the paddock seized me by the arm and whispered hoarsely in my ear:

"Put your shirt on Mrs. Waller."

"Put my—?" I began.

"Put your shirt on Mrs. Waller," he repeated still more impressively and disappeared in the throng.

I stared after him in blank amazement. Why should I put my shirt on Mrs. Waller? Even if it would fit a lady! And what about myself?

I was passing the grand stand, and glancing up I saw "Mrs. Waller, 12 to 1," chalked up on a bookmaker's board. Then it dawned upon me that Mrs. Waller was a horse, and thinking further upon the matter I evolved the idea that my friend's advice, expressed in more becoming language, was, "Back Mrs. Waller for as much as you can possibly afford."

"Thank you," I said to myself, "I have backed cast iron certainties before. Next time I bet upon a horse I shall make the selection by shutting my eyes and putting a pin through the card."

But the seed had taken root. My friend's words surged in my brain. The birds passing overhead twittered, "Put your shirt on Mrs. Waller."

I reasoned with myself; I reminded myself of my few former ventures. But the craving to put, if not my shirt, at all events half a sovereign, on Mrs. Waller only grew the stronger the more strongly I battled against it. I felt that if Mrs. Waller won and I had nothing on her I should reproach myself to my dying day.

I was on the other side of the course. There was no time to get back to the inclosure. The horses were already forming for the start. A few yards off, under a white umbrella, an outside bookmaker was shouting his final prices in stentorian tones. He was a big, genial looking man, with an honest, red face.

"What price Mrs. Waller?" I asked him.

"Fourteen to one," he answered, "and good luck to you."

I handed him half a sovereign, and he wrote me out a ticket. I crammed it into my waistcoat pocket, and I hurried off to see the race. To my intense astonishment, Mrs. Waller won. The novel sensation of having backed the winner so excited me that I forgot all about my money, and it was not until a good hour afterward that I recollected my bet.

Then I started off to search for the man under the white umbrella. I went to where I thought I had left him, but no white umbrella could I find.

Consoling myself with the reflection that my loss served me right for having been fool enough to trust an outside "bookie," I turned on my heel and began to make my way back to my seat. Suddenly a voice hailed me:

"Here you are, sir. It's Jack Burridge you want, over here, sir."

I looked around, and there was Jack Burridge at my elbow.

"I saw you looking about, sir," he said, "but could not make you hear. You was looking the wrong side of the tent."

It was pleasant to find that his honest face had not belied him.

"It is very good of you," I said. "I had given up all hopes of seeing you, or," I added with a smile, "my 47."

"Seven pun' ten," he corrected me. "You re forgetting your own thin un."

He handed me the money and went back to his stand.

On my way into the town I came across him again. A small crowd was collected, thoughtfully watching a tramp knocking about a miserable looking woman.

Jack, pushing to the front, took in the scene and took off his coat in the same instant.

"Now, then, my fine old English gentleman," he sang out, "come and have a try at a man for a change."

The tramp was a burly ruffian, and I have seen better boxers than Jack. He got himself a black eye and a nasty cut over the lip before he hardly knew where he was. But in spite of that—and a good deal more—he stuck to his man and finished him.

At the end, as he helped his adversary up, I heard him say to the fellow in a kindly whisper:

"You're too good a sort, you know, to whollop a wench. Why, you very near gave me a licking. You must have forgot yourself, matey."

The fellow interested me. I waited and walked on with him. He told me about his home in London, at Mile End—about his old father and mother, his little brothers and sisters—and what he was saving to do for them. Kindliness oozed from every pore in his skin.

Many that we met knew him, and all when they saw his round, red face smiled unconsciously. At the corner of the High street a pale faced little drudge of a girl passed us, saying as she slipped by:

"Good evening, Mr. Burridge."

He made a dart and caught her by the shoulder.

"And how is father?" he asked.

"Oh, if you please, Mr. Burridge, he is out again. All the mills is closed," answered the child.

"And mother?"

"She don't get no better, sir."

"And who's keeping you all?"

"Oh, if you please, sir, Jimmy's earning something now," replied the mite.

He took a couple of sovereigns from his waistcoat pocket and closed the child's hand upon them.

"That's all right, my lass; that's all right," he said, stopping her stammering thanks. "You know where to find Jack Burridge."

Strolling about the streets in the evening, I happened to pass the inn where he was staying. The parlor window was open, and out into the musty night his deep, cheery voice, trolling out an old fashioned drinking song, came rolling like a wind, cleansing the corners of one's heart with its breezy humanness. He was sitting at the head of the table surrounded by a crowd of jovial cronies. I lingered for awhile watching the scene. It made the world appear a less somber dwelling place than I had sometimes pictured it.

I determined on my return to London to look him up, and accordingly one evening started to find the little hostreet off the Mile End road in which he lived. As I turned the corner he drove up in his dog-cart. It was a smart turnout. On the seat beside him sat a neat, withered little old woman, whom he introduced to me as his mother.

"I tell 'im it's a fine gell as 'e oughter 'ave up en aside 'im," said the old lady, preparing to dismount, "an old woman like me takes all the paint off the shove."

"Get along with yer," he replied laughingly, jumping down and handing the reins to the lad who had been waiting, "you could give some of the young uns points yet, mother."

"I allus promised the old lady as she should ride behind her own 'oss one day," he continued, turning to me. "didn't I, mother?"

"Aye, aye," replied the old soul as she hobbled nimbly up the steps, "ye're a good son, Jack, ye're a good stone."

He led the way into the parlor. As he entered, every face lightened up with pleasure, a harmony of joyous welcome greeted him. The old hard world had been shut out with the slam of the front door. I seemed to have wandered into Dickensland. The red faced man with the small, twinkling eye and the lungs of leather loomed before me, a large, fat, household fairy.

From his capacious pockets came forth tobacco for the old father; a huge bunch of hothouse grapes for a neighbor's sickly child, who was stopping with them; a book of Henty's—beloved of boys—for a noisy youngster who called him "uncle;" a bottle of port wine for a wan, elderly woman with a swollen face—his widowed sister-in-law, as I subsequently learned; sweets enough for the baby (whose baby I don't know) to make it sick for a week, and a roll of music for his youngest sister.

"We're going to make a lady of her," he said, drawing the child's shy face against his gaudy waistcoat and running his coarse hand through her pretty curls, "and she shall marry a jockey when she grows up."

After supper he brewed some excellent whisky punch and insisted upon the old lady joining us which she eventually did with much coughing and protestation, but I noticed that she finished the tumblerful. For the children he concocted a marvelous mixture, which he called an "eye compeller," the chief ingredients being hot lemonade, ginger with sugar, oranges and raspberry vinegar. It had the desired effect.

I staid till late, listening to his inexhaustible fund of stories. Over most of them he laughed with us himself—a great gusty laugh that made the cheap glass ornaments upon the mantelpiece to tremble, but now and then a recollection came to him that spread a sudden gravity across his jovial face and brought a sudden quaver into his deep voice.

Their tongues a little loosened by the punch, the old folks would have sung his praises to the verge of tediousness had he not almost sternly interrupted them.

"Shut up, mother," he cried at last, quite gruffly. "What I does I does to please myself. I likes to see the people comfortable about me. If they wasn't, it's me as would be more upset than them."

I did not see him again for nearly two years. Then one summer's evening, strolling about the east end, I met him coming out of a little chapel in the Burdet road. He was so changed that I should not have known him had not I overheard a woman as she passed him say, "Good evening, Mr. Burridge."

A pair of bushy side whiskers had given to his red face an aggressively respectable appearance. The twinkle in his little eyes was transformed into a gleam of meek cunning. He was dressed in an ill fitting suit of black and carried an umbrella in one hand and a book in the other. In some mysterious way he managed to look both thinner and shorter than my recollection of him. Altogether, he suggested the idea that he himself—the real man—had by some means or other been extracted, leaving only this shrunken husk behind.

"Not Jack Burridge!" I exclaimed, confronting him in astonishment.

His little eyes wandered shiftily up and down the street. "No, sir," he replied (his tones had lost their windy boisterousness—a hard, metallic voice spoke to me), "not the one as you used to know, praised be the Lord."

"And you have given up the old business?" I asked.

"Yes, sir," he replied, "that's all over; I've been a vile sinner in my time, God forgive me for it. But, thank heaven, I have repented in time."

"Come and have a drink," I said, slipping my arm through his, "and tell me all about it."

He dragged himself from me firmly, but gently. "You mean well, sir," he said, "but I have given up the drink."

He would evidently have been rid of me, but a literary man, scenting material for his stockpot, is not easily shaken off. I asked him after the old folks and if they were still stopping with him.

"Yes," he said, "for the present. Of course a man can't be expected to keep people forever—so many mouths to fill is hard work these times, and everybody sponges on a man just because he's good natured."

"And how are you getting on?" I asked.

"Tolerably well, thank you, sir. The Lord provides for his servants," he replied with his smug smile. "I have got a little shop now on the Commercial road."

"Where-abouts?" I persisted. "I would like to call and see you."

He gave me the address reluctantly and said he would esteem it a great pleasure if I would honor him by a visit, which was a palpable lie.

The following evening I went. I found the place to be a pawnbroker's shop, and from all appearances he must have been doing a very brisk business. He was out himself at a temperance lecture, but his old father was behind the counter and asked me inside. Though it was a chilly night, there was no fire in the parlor, and the two old folks sat one each side of the empty hearth, silent and sad. They seemed little more pleased to see me than had been their son, but after awhile their natural garrulity asserted itself, and we fell into chat.

I asked what had become of his sister-in-law, the lady with the swollen face.

"I couldn't rightly tell you, sir," answered the old lady, "she ain't livin with us now."

"You see, sir," she continued, "John's got different notions to what 'e used to 'ave. 'E don't cotton much to them as ain't found grace, and poor Jane never did 'ave much religion."

"And the little one?" I inquired. "The one with the curls?"

"What, Jessie, sir?" said the old lady. "Oh, she's out at service, sir; John don't think it good for young folks to be idle."

"Your son seems to have changed a good deal, Mrs. Burridge," I remarked.

"Aye, sir," she assented, "you may well say that. It nearly broke my 'art at first. Everythin is different to what it 'ad been. Not as I'd stand in the boy's light. If our being a bit uncomfortable like in this world is a-goin to do 'im any good in the next, me and father ain't the ones to begrudge it, are we, old man?"

The "old man" concurred grumpily.

"Was it a sudden conversion?" I asked.

"How did it come about?"

"It was a young woman as started 'im sir," explained the old lady. "She come round to our place one day a-collectin for somethin or other, and Jack, in 'is free 'anded way, 'e give 'er a five pun' note. Next week she come again for somethin else and stopped and talked to 'im about 'is soul in the passage. She told 'im as 'e was a-goin straight to 'ell and that 'e oughter give up the bookmakin and settle down to a respectable, God fearin business. At first 'e only laughed, but she hammed in tracts so 'im full of the most awful language, and one day she fetched 'im round to one of them revivalist chaps as fair set 'im.

"'E ain't never been 'is old self since then. 'E give up the bettin and bought these 'ere, though what's the difference, blessed if I can see. It makes my 'art ache, it do, to 'ear my Jack a-beatin down the poor people—and it ain't like 'im. It went agen 'is grain at fust, I could see, but they told 'im as 'ow it was folks' own fault that they was poor and as 'ow it was the will of God, because they was a drinkin, improvident lot.

"Then I made 'im sign the pledge. 'E'd allus been used to 'is glass, Jack 'ad, and I think as knockin it off 'ave soured 'im a bit—seems as if all the spirit 'ad gone out of 'im—and of course me and father 'ave 'ad to give up our little drop too. Then they told 'im as he must give up smokin—that was another way of goin straight to 'ell—and that ain't made 'im any the more cheerfuller, and father misses 'is little bit—don't ye, father?"

"Aye," answered the old fellow savagely, "can't say I thinks much of these ere folks as is goin to heaven. Blowed if I don't think they'd be a chirpier lot in the t'other place."

An angry discussion in the shop interrupted us. Jack had returned and was threatening an excited woman with the police. It seemed she had miscalculated the date and had come a day too late with her interest.

"It was my dead husband's watch," said the woman. "I'd rather have died than parted with it. You've cheated me out of it. You're a cheat—a cheat—a cheat!"

Having got rid of her, he came into the parlor with the watch in his hand.

"It's providential she was late," he said, looking at it. "It's worth 10 times what I lent on it!"

"But she can claim the difference, can't she?" I asked.

A curious smile crossed his unctuous face.

"Yes," he said. "If she knows the law—and how to go about it."

He packed his father back into the shop and his mother down into the kitchen to get his tea, and for awhile we sat together talking.

I found his conversation, which was a strange mixture of self laudation, showing through a flimsy veil of self disparagement and of satisfaction at the conviction that he was "saved," combined with equally evident satisfaction that most other people weren't, somewhat trying, however, and remembering an appointment rose to go.

He made no effort to stay me, but I could see that he was bursting to tell me something. At last, taking a religious paper from his pocket, he blurted out:

"You don't take any interest in the Lord's vineyard, I suppose, sir?"

I glanced at the part of the paper indicated. It announced a new mission to the Chinese, and heading the subscription list stood the name, "Mr. John Burridge, 100 guineas."

"You subscribe largely, Mr. Burridge," I said, handing him back the paper.

He rubbed his hands together. "The Lord will repay a hundredfold," he answered.

"In which case it's just as well to have a note of the advance down in black and white, eh?" I added.

His little eyes looked sharply at me, but he made no reply, and shaking hands I left him.—Jerome K. Jerome.

The Value of Stories.

A gentleman who acted as private secretary and amanuensis for Prescott, the historian, gives some extremely interesting particulars in relation to the daily habits of that remarkable man. He was as regular in his movements as clockwork, and among his invariable habits was that of listening every day of his life for the space of an hour to some story or tale read to him by his wife or his secretary. He needed this kind of mental refreshment as a relief from his grave study of the matter of fact histories in which he worked as much as he needed sleep or exercise in the open air.

And what he required every mind requires. Stories, therefore, are as necessary to the preservation and improvement of the human intellect as any other kind of literary exercise. It is only the thoughtless and unphilosophical who speak of stories with contempt. They are to the sober realities of earth what flowers are in the vegetable world. Roses and violets are as important in the economy of the universe as are oaks and cedars. The story writer, therefore, is not to be held in less esteem than the author of ponderous volumes of history or dissertations on philosophy and political economy.—New York Ledger.

Ships Keeping Company.

Sailing ships sometimes spend long intervals at sea without raising a sail of any kind above their ever changing horizons. Hence the unique experience of the Lorton and the Cockermouth is well worth recording. They left Liverpool together and arrived at Astoria, Or., within 48 hours of each other.

Throughout this long passage of over 15,000 miles they were not widely separated at any given instant and for 40 days were actually in close company. Captain Steel and his family of the Lorton would dine on board the Cockermouth on one Sunday, and Captain McAdam and his wife of the Cockermouth would pay a return visit to the Lorton on the following Sunday. Life may be made more worth living on sailing ships remote from the land were such an interchange of courtesies always possible.—Chambers' Journal.

A Flattering Request.

The chief of a government bureau was flattered recently by a request from a citizen for 10 copies of his latest annual report. The edition of the report was exhausted, but by skirmishing around among public officials and personal friends the bureau chief managed to secure the 10 copies desired and forwarded them at once with a letter in which he incidentally asked his correspondent how it happened that he was so much interested in that special report. The reply came, thanking the bureau chief for his courtesy and closing with this explanation: "I am not particularly interested in the subject treated of in your report, but I have one copy of it which I find very convenient and useful as a scrapbook, and as I like to have all my scrapbooks uniform I wanted to get 10 volumes more to match."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Insuring the Plum Pudding.

Strange indeed are the claims that are sometimes made upon insurance companies. One of the strangest was made to a company whose head office is in the provinces. The sum claimed was 10s. 6d., which was said to be the value of a plum pudding and a saucepan that had been burned in a private house. Needless to say the claim was not allowed, even though it was for so absurdly paltry an amount. The humor of the matter was all the greater because it was proved that the casualty had resulted from the omission of the cook to put any water in the saucepan.—London Tit-Bits.

He Couldn't Understand It.

"Pa," said the alderman's little son, "is there any truth in the story that George Washington never told a lie?"

"Yes, I guess there is," was the reply.

"Well," continued the embryo statesman, "I don't see how he ever got his pull in politics."—Chicago News.

Retort Courteous.

Mrs. Sprouts—Oh, come along! It's only my husband.

Mrs. Sprouts (later)—How could you, Harriet, go on the way you have with George?

Harriet—It is only your husband, you know. What does it signify?—Boston Transcript.

Fully Qualified.

Examiner—Want to enlist as an army nurse for Egypt, eh? Had any experience with the sick and wounded?

Fair Applicant—I should think so! I've four brothers, every one of 'em a scorcher, and pa shaves himself with a safety razor.—Tit-Bits.

A Strong Minded View.

Mr. Meeke—The paper says the judge reserved his decision. I don't see why it is judges invariably put off deciding a point until the next day.

Mrs. M.—Huh! Judges have sense enough to want to consult their wives.—New York Weekly.

And Branches Out.

"Papa," asked Sammy, who was laboriously spelling out an item in the paper, "what does a 'great manufacturing plant' grow from?"

"From the root of all evil, my son," answered Mr. Tarbox.—Chicago Tribune.

Real Joke From England.

"You are wasting your time, old man," said Ted to George. "You're courting the wrong girl."

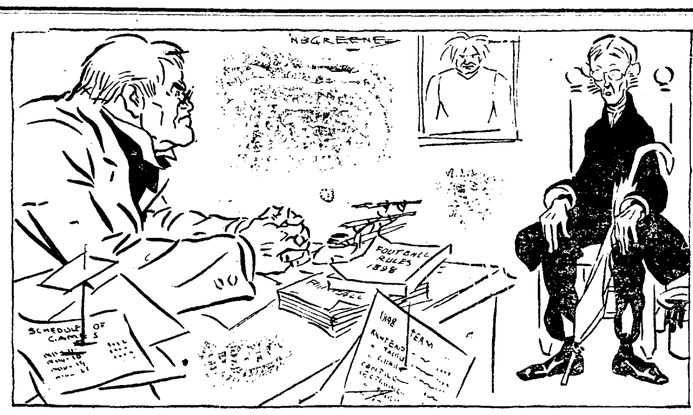
"No, she's the right girl. I'm afraid the trouble is that I'm the wrong man."—Punch.

The War in Vain.

"I do wish the United States could get possession of the Canary islands."

"Why?"

"Because it would make good singers cheap, wouldn't it?"—New York Truth.



MODERN PEDAGOGY.

Principal Preparatory School—What branches do you teach?

Applicant for Position—Zoology, Geology, Trigonometry, Greek, Latin, Sanscript, Anglo-Sax—

Principal—Hold on. Can you coach the foot-ball eleven?

Applicant—Why, I—er—no.

Principal—You wont do.

Quick Relief.

Soggy Sampson—Gee, I jest struck dat guy for a quarter. Told him I was awful dry."

"Wot'd he do?"

"He soaked me."—New York Journal.

Widow—No, I don't want any sentimental stuff on my husband's tombstone. Just put "Age 76. The good die young."

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Flowers Six Thousand Years Old.

Well-preserved flowers discovered at Dahsourh, in Egypt, in tombs of the times of the Pharaohs, have just been placed in the Cairo Museum. The commonest of these were the white or blue lotus, the red poppy, the leaves and flowers of the crocus. It seems that the flowers and plants of today are the same as flourished then and that chrysanthemums were known 6,000 years ago. Some of these flowers found in the tombs when soaked in water seemed to revive.

A Cycling Calculation.

An Italian engineer has calculated that there must be by this time as many as 10,000,000 cyclists in the world. If only one-half of them were to mount their machines on the same day, each traversing about twelve and a half miles, their combined journeys would represent a distance equal to 2,500 times the circumference of the earth. These startling figures help us to form some idea of the importance of the cycle as a factor in modern civilization.

Gone with a One-Legged Man.

Mrs. William Mitchell of Anniston, Ala., has eloped with W. H. Brown, a one-legged man, who boarded with the Mitchells. They disappeared several days ago, but Mitchell has just learned that they went away together. Brown had his right foot smashed off in a pipe foundry and received $2,000 damages recently. Mrs. Mitchell carried away $200 in cash and a gold watch belonging to her husband, so they are well provided with funds. Brown came there last year from Ohio, where it is said he has a wife.

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Eastern Express, No. 4	3 30
Local Freight	7 15

WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE. DEPART

Standard Express, No. 6	7 15
Western Express, No. 1	9 35
Nickel Plate Express, No. 3	4 35
Local Freight	7 15

†Daily except Sunday. Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.

Through Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

Meals are served at "Nickel Plate" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.

WABASH

Time Table Effective Nov. 13th, From Fort Wayne.

GOING EAST.

No. 3.	Fast Eastern Express, daily	6:15 a.m
No. 10	Toledo Accom., daily except Sun.	9:25 a m
No. 6	New England Fast Mail, daily	11:20 a.m.
No. 24	Atlantic Express, ex. Sunday	7:00 p.m

GOING WEST.

No. 21	St. Louis Day Express, ex. Sun.	8:33 a.m
No. 7	Kansas City Cannon Ball, daily	12:35 M.
No. 5	Government Fast Mail, daily	6:30 p.m
No. 3	St. Louis Limited, daily	8:15 p.m

Telephone, Bell-Home No. 6.

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SENTINEL WANT COLUMN
To make known your Wants. The surest medium.

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Table Linen

at a price.

For a short time we will run a splendid ($1.00 grade of 72-inch) BLEACHED TABLE LINEN at

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Another extra nice quality of 62-inch BLEACHED LINEN in the 75c grade at

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And a handsome Unbleached, 70-inch LINEN; regular 60c quality at

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GEO. DeWALD & CO.
COR. CALHOUN & COLUMBIA ST.

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From $10 to Any Amount.

Any person in need of money can borrow it on their household goods, piano, horses and wagons, carriages, store Fixtures and other like security,

The Property Remains in Your Possession and you have use of both money and goods.

No Delay. Lowest Rates.

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IT PAYS TO BORROW OF US.
No trouble to explain.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Room 3 Arcade. Upstairs.
Open Saturday evenings only from 7 to 8:30.

DR. BULSON
Announces the removal of his office to His Residence .....
55 W. WAYNE STREET.
Practice limited to diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Main 413.

We Loan Money
On Farm and City Real Estate at the lowest Rates of Interest.
LOANS CLOSED WITHOUT DELAY
THE J. F. SCHELL LOAN AND INVESTMENT CO.,
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'Phone 485. Office open evenings.
Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

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PRACTICE LIMITED TO
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office Hours:—8:30 to 12 m. and from 2 to 4 p. m.
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MONEY TO LOAN
At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave the property in your possession.
Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan or to suit you. Business confidential. No publicity.
FORT WAYNE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Room 21 Bass Blk., over First National Bank, 77 Calhoun.
Take elevator to fourth floor.

Xmas Suggestions.
Any of the following articles Would make acceptable Xmas Gifts.
Perfumes in cut glass bottles, Atomizers, Military Hair Brushes, Traveling Sets, Sterling Silver Manicure Sets, Aluminum and Celluloid Toilet Sets, etc.
English Violet and English Flower Perfumes are the most lasting.
FREESE & RANKE,
Pharmacists, 88 Calhoun St.

ECZEMA
FOR YEARS CURED
TWO REMARKABLE CASES.
I have been an intense sufferer from Eczema for five years. I tried medicines, four doctors, one a specialist in skin diseases, with no improvement, and setting me almost frantic with dreadful itching. After using three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and one box of CUTICURA SALVE, *I was completely cured.*
GEO. A. LOWE, 907 Market St., Phil., Pa.
I had Eczema for seven years, and my scalp was in a bad state. Three inches of my back was covered with a dry scale. The itching was so bad I thought it would drive me mad. I tried all remedies, but could not get cured. I used a cake of CUTICURA SOAP, and five boxes of CUTICURA SALVE, and *I was completely cured.*
C. H. [illegible], 1708 Ellis Ave., Toronto, Can.

TREATY IS SIGNED.

The Peace Pact Receives the Signatures of Commissioners.

THE FORMAL END OF THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The joint peace commission met at 3:30 p. m., and at 5:15 took a recess until 7 p. m. The commissions are awaiting the engrossing of the treaty of peace.

The Americans were the first to arrive at the foreign office, the Spaniards coming half an hour later. Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish commission, ascended the steps leaning on a cane and bundled up in a fur coat.

The Americans shook hands with the Spaniards when the latter entered the conference hall. The faces of the representatives of Spain were exceedingly solemn. Apparently they regarded the occasion as a funeral one.

The treaty, which was not completed, was brought in sections in the hands of the engrossers, while the commission was sitting.

After being photographed the commissioners listened to the reading of the treaty until 5:15, at which hour they took a recess until 7 o'clock while awaiting the arrival of the last sections of the treaty.

LATEST.

3:30 P. M.

PARIS, Dec. 14, 8:45 p. m.—The treaty of peace was signed at 8:45 this evening.

A VICTORY.

Quay Trial Will Have to be Postponed.

Supreme Judges Issue Rule Granting Argument for Motion for a Certiori Returnable January 7th.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—Supreme Court Justices Green and Williams today granted a rule allowing the defendants in the Quay conspiracy case to argue the motion for a writ certiovari removing the proceedings from the court of quarter sessions to the supreme court. The rule is returnable January 7 and all proceeding are stayed in the meantime

One of the results of the rule granted by the supreme court will be to carry the trial over beyond the term of office of District Attorney Graham, which will expire with the present year.

The delay occasioned by the action of the supreme court will also in all probability have the effect of carrying the proceedings or at least the conclusion of the trial beyond the date for the election by the legislature of a United States senator to succeed Senator Quay, who is a candidate for re-election. The legislature will vote for senator on January 17.

The senator and his attorneys do not hesitate to admit that their object in securing delay for the trial is to take the case out of the hands of District Attorney Graham. Mr. Graham, they say, is an enemy of the senator, and his displayed great eagerness in unjustly persecuting him and his co-defendants.

MARKED THE MONEY

And Located the Clerk Who Had Been Stealing.

By a clever trick Sheriff Melching has just uncovered a young man who has daily been robbing his employers.

The proprietor of the establishment complained to the sheriff that he was being robbed and suspected one of his clerks as being the robber.

The sheriff marked three half dollars exactly alike and sent one of his deputies into the store to purchase goods amounting to $1.50. The deputy bought the merchandise of the suspected clerk and in a few minutes the proprietor, who knew what was going on, reported that only $1 had been turned in.

The sheriff went to the store and the young clerk was called to the office and told to produce the money. He pulled out one of the marked half dollars and when pressed, acknowledged that he had more of the firm's money, producing a silver dollar and some smaller change. He also admitted that he had taken small sums before.

The proprietor of the store says that the clerk has made away with several hundred dollars in the time he has been in the store. The young man is the son of respectable parents and for that reason he will not be prosecuted.

"TULU" BY AMATEURS

First Performance Will be Given on December 20th.

At the meeting of the Dramatic club Wednesday evening it was decided to admit a number of [illegible] of admission, instead of sending out invitations for the performance of "Tulu" on December 20. Their first performance will be exclusively for the members of the club and their friends; no tickets will be sold. But for the benefit of the general public, a matinee will be given Thursday, December 29. The play is being rapidly moulded into shape under the able direction of Professor Adams and promises to be a pronounced success. Amateur companies, however good they may be, always have much to contend with in overcoming popular prejudice against their work, simply because it is amateur, but this club has set a high standard by its performance of "A Scrap of Paper," and evidently mean to set its standard still higher. "Tulu" is well adapted for the purpose, being full of comical situations and intensely interesting complications. The plot is well laid and carries the interest to a higher and higher pitch to the very end.

HIS TENTH YEAR.

Anniversary of the Pastorate of Rev. Seabrease.

He Will Deliver a Special Sermon Tomorrow on "My Ten Years in Trinity Parish."

It will be ten years tomorrow since the Rev. A. W. Seabrease entered Trinity Episcopal parish as its rector and to commemorate the anniversary he will deliver a sermon prepared especially for the occasion, "My Ten Years in Trinity Parish."

The services of the day will be as follows:

8 a. m.—Holy Communion.

10:45 a. m.—Morning prayer and anniversary sermon.

5 p. m.—Evening prayer and sermon.

Under the pastorate of the Rev. Seabrease the church has prospered well, spiritually and otherwise, and the mutual relations of the flock and rector could not be pleasanter.

WESTMINSTER NOTES.

A Crisp Chronicle of Some of the Week's Doings at the Seminary.

After a brief vacation Miss Cox's evening class in literature resumed work Tuesday. The class is increasing in numbers and interest.

Next week, Friday, will occur the sale of art specialties from the studio. These include many exquisite pieces in china, water colors and monotypes. Some of the water colors will represent bits of Fort Wayne scenery. The monotypes are very attractive, greatly resembling etchings in their appearance. A very beautiful Aiglon teaset will be shown.

Miss Bessie Harris was summoned to her home at Payne, Ohio, on Wednesday by the dangerous illness of her older sister. Since then the family have been pained to learn of the death of the sister. Beautiful flowers were sent as expression of the sympathy of the family.

The basket ball teams continue regular practice two evenings in the week, Tuesdays and Thursdays. They would be glad to receive a challenge for a friendly game from any city team.

During the week guests at luncheon and dinner have been Misses Margery Olds, Alice Knight, Helen Knight, Hadje Dawson, Eva Bowser and Esther Smith. The Misses Helen Davis, of Noblesville, and Blanche Colter, of Arcola, both of the class of '98, spent Monday night at the seminary renewing former experiences and "making believe" they were still pupils. It was a very pleasant evening for all concerned. The "old girls" are always the most welcome guests.

Mrs. Myers went to Chicago Friday to hear the pianist, Rosenthal, at the matinee. She returns Monday noon.

Tom Sharp, of Edgerton, Ohio, called on his cousins, Misses Polly and Carrie Sharp, jr., on Saturday.

Friday evening the senior class tendered a sleigh ride to the house girls, terminating with a supper at the home of the class president, Miss Mary Knight. They were chaperoned by Miss Cox, and report a very gay time. More class spirit is shown by the "ninety-niners" than for several preceding years. Their courtesy to the under classes is greatly appreciated.

While in Kendallville Miss Antoinette Walker, of the Walker Whiteside company, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wells at the home of Mrs. Wells' mother, Mrs. Flint. Miss Walker and Mrs. Wells were roommates while in attendance at the seminary. It was a very pleasant renewal of old acquaintance.

TO VISIT ISLANDS.

President May Make a Trip to Cuba and Porto Rico.

Has Such a Tour Under Serious Consideration.

Will be First Executive to So Leave His Office.

Mr. McKinley is Anxious to Make the Journey, But May Not Go Until After Congress Adjourns.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A special from Washington says:

A report that the president intends to visit Cuba and Porto Rico at the first favorable opportunity has become known in the state, war and navy departments, and was quickly made the subject of serious speculation among various officials on account of the exceedingly interesting questions it raised. Among other things there was a spontaneous revival of the fiction that the chief executive could not pass the boundaries of the United States without forfeiting his office.

It is peculiar how peristent is the notion even among high officials that some constitutional or statutory restriction confines the executive to American soil, when, as a matter of fact, although none of President McKinley's predecessors have ever left the country during their terms of office, their actions were alone effected by considerations of propriety or precedent, which no one could hold to apply in the present instance.

It was generally recognized that the president might naturally wish to make a personal tour of inspection in those islands as soon as he could spare time from pressing public business in Washington, and that no valid objection could stand against such a tour as he was understood to contemplate.

It is pointed out, however, that it would be practically impossible for him to spare the time requisite for such an extended voyage as that to Porto Rico before congress adjourns, on March 4, which is, fortunately, about the best time of year to make a short stay in the tropics. During the first six weeks of the new year, in addition to the continuous executive routine business, the social obligations involved in the program of public receptions and state dinners will restrict the president closely to Washington, and after next week's southern tour he will hardly find it possible to leave the white house for more than two days at a time before the beginning of lent, in the middle of February.

For the ensuing two weeks, with a rush of legislation which marks the closing days of a short session of congress, there will be no leisure for the executive, and therefore his pennant could hardly fly in the harbors of Porto Rico before the middle of March.

With Havana only a single night's run for the dispatch boat Dolphin from Tampa, there might be a chance for the president to spend two whole days there in a week's absence from Washington, and remain always in close telegraphic communication with the executive departments, so that if a critical emergency arose he could be in a railway train speeding toward the capital within twelve hours.

No thought, is entertained, however, of a presidential trip to Havana before the Spanish flag is hauled down on January 1.

Practical unanimity of opinion prevails among officials that the contemplated visit of the president to Havana has a full warrant, as his trip to Porto Rico, so long as the American flag flies over Cuba, although a few quibblers may hold that Porto Rico itself is not actually a part of United States territory until congress has made a declaration to that effect, either in so many words or by ratifying the peace treaty of Paris.

This fine point is not seriously raised except to show that Porto Rico and Cuba must be considered identical in view of the fact that they are governed precisely alike, by military officers under the immediate direction of the president as commander-in-chief.

The belief is expressed that the president would not care to set foot in Cuba if it were held to be foreign territory, much as he might wish to see the country, for that might be a perilous precedent to establish. But no one appears to controvert the right as well as the advisability of an executive visit to the new American possessions, provided it does not involve too long an enforced idleness from Washington. When the president visits Porto Rico and Cuba he will undoubtedly be accompanied by Mrs. McKinley and several members of the cabinet with their wives and, although the stay of the party in each place visited will not be longer than a day, an absence of two weeks from Washington will be necessary. It is probable that Secretary Alger and several officers will go to San Juan, Santiago, Havana and other points in the island before the president visits those places.

Leonards Again in Trouble.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 10.—The noted Cuban filibustering steamer Willy Leonard, in spite of warnings with the United States government. Her offense this time consists in smuggling, at divers times during last summer, whisky into Alaska, aggregating in value $875. The United States attorney has filed a libel against the vessel.

LIFE'S DUTY DONE.

Mrs. Lydia Shanklin Succumbs to Heart Failure.

Her Death Occurred in Washington, D. C.--Visited Here Recently--Other Deaths and Funerals.

E. G. Anderson this morning received a telegram to the effect that his sister, Mrs. Lydia Shanklin, died at her home in Washington, D. C., last evening of heart failure. The deceased was the sister of Mrs. Edwin Evans, Mrs. George W. Ely, besides Mr. Anderson. Five weeks ago she came to Fort Wayne to visit her sisters and brother and during her stay she was taken ill but recovered sufficiently to return home. She will be remembered by many as this city was her home for many years. She was sixty-six years old at the time of her death. The obsequies will take place at Washington, probably Monday.

CARTWRIGHT.

At 11:30 last night occurred the death of James F. Cartwright at his home, near Poe, in this county. The deceased had been an invalid fourteen years from general debility and a complication of diseases. He was born in Allen county April 23, 1857, and his age was forty-one years, eight months and twenty days. The funeral will take place Sunday at 1 o'clock and the interment will be in the cemetery at that place.

WHEELER.

Mrs. Mary Wheeler, widow of John W. Wheeler, died at her home, 126 Horace street, at 4:30 this morning, of dropsy. Deceased was forty-nine years of age and leaves several children. She was born in Whitley county, but resided in Fort Wayne for a number of years. The funeral will take place Monday at 1 p. m. from the residence.

ROBBINS.

Word was received in the city last evening of the sudden death in Chicago of David B Robbins, a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. A. Hattersley. Mrs. Robbins, who has been here spending a short time with her parents, left immediately for Chicago. Mr. Robbins formerly resided here and is a relative of Mrs. L. E. Thayer.

The remains will arrive this evening and be conveyed to the residence of A. Hattersley, on West Wayne street. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house, Rev. D. W. Moffat officiating. Funeral private.

SCHMALING.

Winfred, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schmaling, of No. 84 Summit street, died at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon of diphtheria. The funeral occurred at 3 o'clock this afternoon and was private.

BURCHARD.

The funeral of Charles, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Burchard, will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, No. 196 Fairfield avenue. Interment in Lindenwood.

WILL WIN AGAIN.

Miller Has Tight Clutch on a New Victory.

The Six Days' Bicycle Race Drawing to an End--Waller is Riding Gamely to a Finish.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The last morning of the six days' bicycle race at Madison Square Garden dawned upon what bids fair to be an unprecedented and terrific struggle for first place between the two leaders.

Miller, the Chicago man, and last year's champion, still led, but close at his heels was Waller, the "Flying Dutchman" from Boston.

Miller was the strong favorite for the first place, but at 9 o'clock only seventeen miles separated the leaders.

The fifteen hours that still remain for the race afford small opportunity for the tail-enders to pick up, and barring accident, the first prize of $1,500 will go to Miller or Waller. The race has now developed into a contest of physical endurance between these two.

Out of the thirty-one starters, only twelve remained in the race this morning. Of the ten men who trailed behind Waller and Miller, Pierce maintained an easy lead for third place. Julius, the last man on the list at 9 o'clock, was practically out of the race, the Swede having declared that he only remained in it for fun.

Stevens, the Buffalo boy, also admitted the hopelessness of his case and remained off the track for five hours.

THE SCORE AT NOON.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Six days bike race scores at 12 noon:

Miller, 1,626; Waller, 1,897; Pierce, 1,849; Albert, 1,766; Gimm, 1,733; Lawson, 1,697; Aronson, 1,658; Nawn, 1,647; Forster, 1,600; Stevens, 1,501; Hale, 1,450; Julius, 1,165.

A smoker and progressive pedro was given at the Zion's Walther league last evening and the affair was a most pleasant one. The first prize, a box of cigars, was won by Otto Bengs and the booby prize fell to Theodore Dobler. It was a clay pipe.

TWO BIG MEETINGS.

Great Feast For Sunday School Workers.

C. D. Meigs to Speak and E. F. Yarnelle and Daughter to Sing at Wayne Street M. E. Church Tomorrow Afternoon.

The Sunday school people of Fort Wayne should not forget the two big meetings tomorrow to be addressed by C. D. Meigs, of Indianapolis. The first meeting will be held in the Wayne street M. E. church at 3 o'clock. Subject, "How to Teach the Lesson and How to Enjoy It."

At this meeting Mr. Yarnelle and daughter will sing several duets. The meeting in the evening will be held at the First Presbyterian church at 7:30. Subject, "What I Saw When I Went to Sea." Mr. Meigs has the reputation of being one of the strongest Sunday school speakers of the west.

He was one of the speakers at the worlds Sunday school convention in London last summer. His lectures are very entertaining and full and running over with good things for the Sunday school worker.

Every Sunday school worker in Fort Wayne should attend these meetings, as they will get something that will greatly benefit them in the work. At the evening meeting the Haydn quartet will sing. Among Sunday school workers Mr. Meigs is known as "the cyclone."

A 'POSSUM SUPPER.

Colored People Will Give an Unique Entertainment.

A Grand Cake Walk in Which Professor Moten and Other Noted Walkers Will Participate.

The colored people are making arrangements to give something original in the way of an entertainment. It will be a grand cake walk and opossum supper and it will be held on the evening of December 29th at the hall, corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets. Among the leaders of the cake walk will be Prof. J. H. Moten, who is noted as a walker. The 'possum supper will be something a little above and beyond anything in the way of a feast that has ever before been attempted by the colored people of Fort Wayne. The committee of arrangements consists of J. H. Green, chairman; Frank Brown, A. F. Dickerson, Charles Rhoades and S. J. Peters.

LOCAL LINES.

I. Guntzberger, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is in the city, the guest of Mrs. A. Heilbroner.

Mrs. George Kiefer, of Spy Run avenue, and Mrs. Benjamin F. Johnson have returned from Marion, where they attended a banquet given by Temple No. 2, Ladies of the Golden Eagle.

Harvey Turner has received a telegram announcing the death of his brother, John E. Turner, at St. Louis. Deceased was seventy-five years old. He was one of seven children and the first of them to pass away. The oldest of these children was seventy-eight years and the youngest was sixty-seven. His home was at Muscogee, I. T. Mr. Turner left to attend the funeral.

Next Tuesday evening Leland T. Powers, the noted impersonator, will appear with his invisible company at Princess rink, under the auspices of the Woman's Club league, in the entertainment course.

The American public knows Mr. Powers and honors him. He is the originator of a form of entertainment as fascinating as it is unique, and which he has developed into a new and especial art. Apart from its unlimited pleasure-giving power, the dignity, beauty and educating force with which he has invested this art have gained recognition from able critics, educators and men of letters throughout the land, as well as from the great general public, with whom there is no greater favorite on the platform than Mr. Powers.

We are sole agents for the Alfred Benjamin & Co. smoking jackets, dressing and silk vests.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

When in need of typewriter ribbons, carbon paper, stenographers' note books, etc., etc., telephone International Business College. Home 'phone 504 Main. 5t6

$12 given away every week until Christmas. Each purchase of $1 and all entitles you to key, one of which will unlock box containing the money. Try to get the lucky one.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

A THIRST FOR BLOOD

A Shocking Tragedy on a Michigan Farm.

William Hitchings Murders Two Men and a Woman.

Then He Cuts His Own Throat, Dying Instantly.

Slaughtered Two Companions, With Whom He Was Working, With an Ax--No Cause Assigned.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 10.—A special to the Journal from Freesoil, Mich., says:

A man named William Hitchings, a brother-in-law of John Hunt, a farmer who lived about two miles west of this place, killed Mr. Hunt, Mrs. Hunt and their hired man, Thomas Hayward, yesterday afternoon and cut his own throat. Hunt and Hayward were in the woods cutting wood and Hitchings splitting it, when the latter struck Hunt with his axe, killing him instantly.

Hayward started to run but fell and was struck by Hitchings' while lying on the ground, also killing him instantly. Hitchings' then went to the house and killed Mrs. Hunt by stabing her in the neck with a jack knife.

After killing Mrs. Hunt, Hitchings' went up stairs and cut his throat from ear to ear and must have died at once from the way blood was splashed about the room.

WELLER BOUND OVER.

Coroner at Ottawa Charges Him With Manslaughter.

The coroner at Ottawa, Ohio, has completed his investigation of the killing of Sol. Wise, and charges A. B. Weller, whose gun did the killing, with manslaughter. Boad was fixed at $2,000, and was furnished by Andrew Brouen, Weller's employer, and Charles Buchanan.

Weller says that he had gone into the Wise store to show Mr. Wise the revolver which he had purchased that day. He had taken, he said, all the shells out of the revolver, and laid them on the counter, while Wise examined the revolver. Then Weller loaded the piece again and put it in his pocket. Weller had told the witness that Wise asked him how he could shoot a man with the gun in his pocket, and he had held the gun up, while it was still in his pocket, and it accidentally discharged.

NICKUM AND HIS LIGHT.

The Strange Illumination of His House Causes Excitement.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 10.—S. B. Nickum, the perpetual light man, is again responsible for perturbation in his neighborhood. Neighbors say they hear uncanny noises and see a strange illumination in his house at night. Sentries prevent a close approach while operations are in progress, but the inventor's adherents declare that he has put his queer machine together and he is engaged in turning out the globes filled with the perpetual light. Agents who were quieted by the receipt of circulars explaining how federal court proceedings delayed shipment of the lights, are confidently expecting consignments about Christmas. In fact, one Logansport man, who has an abiding faith in Mr. Nickum, said today that he expected to sell a large number of lights for Christmas presents.

PARENTS ABDUCT GIRLS.

First Vainly Attempt to Recover Babies From an Orphans' Home.

WABASH, Ind., Dec. 10.—The five-year-old twin daughters of Alton Cox and wife, of this city, were abducted from the orphans' home here by their parents, who refuse to surrender them.

Last December Cox and his wife quarreled and placed the children in the home. Lately they becam reconciled, and attempted to gain possession of the twins, but the directors refused to give them up.

Driving to the institution as the little ones were starting for school, Cox and his wife grasped the children, threw them into a sleigh and drove off at a high speed. They have been located and legal proceedings will be commenced to recover the children, as Cox is declared unfit to rear them.

BEZINAH WON.

Referee Brown Decided He Outpointed Jimmy Murray.

Several hundred people were at the Princess rink last evening to see the twenty-round sparring match between Eugene Bezinah, of Covington, Ky., and Jimmy Murray, of Cincinnati. The men were quite evenly matched. For eighteen rounds Murray had much the best of it, but in the final rounds Bezinah was the strongest. Referee George Brown declared Bezinah the winner on points.

Senator Carey to Retire.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 10.—Judge Carey, ex-United States senator, has announced that he will not be a candidate for election to the United States senate at the next session of the legislature. His retirement is regarded as materially improving Senator Clark's chances of re-election.

Charged With Poisoning Her Husband.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 10.—Mrs. Lulu Johnston, of Pond Creek, Okla., is in jail at Pond Creek and will be tried December 16th on the charge of poisoning her sixth husband at Lawrence, Kan., in May. She is also accused of poisoning a half brother in Sumner county, Kan., last July.

ALL ABOUT A COW.

The Bovine is the Cause of Malicious Tresspass Case.

The Principals to the Suit Live Near Sheldon--Items Gleaned From the Courts.

In 'Squire France's court Joseph L. Pevert has sworn to an affidavit charging George McDowell with malicious trespass, and Constable Ford went to Sheldon this morning to arrest McDowell.

Pevert alleges that George McDowell is a butcher and some time ago William Dalman, a farmer, allowed McDowell to erect a slaughter house on his farm. McDowell used the building for some time, but finally abandoned it, although his brother had paid for its erection. Mr. Pevert then secured Mr. Dalman's permission to use the slaughter house and in a few days went into the country, purchased a cow and tied it in the slaughter house. The next morning the bovine was missing and it put in an appearance later at the home of the original owner. Now Mr. Pevert claims to have evidence that McDowell went to the slaughter house and set the cow loose. The suit for malicious trespass is the result.

COURT NOTES.

The Central Electric company sues the Summit City Manufacturing company to recover $75. Vesey & Heaton are attorneys.

The Fort Wayne Building, Loan Fund and Savings association sues Chas. T. Berndt, the Land and Security company and several others to recover $1,500. Breen & Morris are attorneys.

D. H. Holstein and Louis Bender sue Lena Traut on a mechanic's lien to recover $22. Ryan & Ryan are attorneys.

Sophie Fox et al. sue William H. Stein et al. to recover $1,750 for conversion of property. Breen & Morris are attorneys.

The board of commissioners considered ditch cases yesterday. They established the Ort ditch in Eel River township, the Shambaugh ditch in Cedar Creek township, and appointed Michael Fritz and Wm. F. Hagen and Wm. Smith, reviewers on the Waters ditch in Washington township.

The case of J. A. Trentman against Thomas H. Groves, on attachment, is being heard by Judge Dawson and a jury.

The cases against Frederick, Edmund and Leonard Leneke, charged with illegally cutting and removing timber from the land of Daniel O'Grady in Lake township, were heard by Judge O'Rourke yesterday afternoon, and the defendants discharged.

The trial of the case of George W. Lahr against the Fort Wayne Institute of Science, Art and Industry, resulted in a verdict for the defendant by the circuit court jury.

The will of the late John M. Boschet was filed for probate. The estate is left to the wife and children.

The jury in the case of Trentman vs. Groves returned a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $200.

Sophia Boschet has been appointed executrix of the estate of John M. Boschet, deceased.

Catherine Heintz, a traveling saleswoman of this city, injured by a fall on a sidewalk, while at Marion, in October, 1897, has brought suit against the city of Marion for $2,000 damages.

GILLISPIE IS GONE.

The "Match-Maker" Gets Away With Some Money.

He Left the Rink Last Evening to "Take Something" and Has Not Been Seen Since.

The backers of the Summit City Athletic club, under whose auspices the sparring match was given in Princess rink last evening, are wondering what has become of Clarence J. Gillispie, the erstwhile matchmaker for the club. Several months ago Mr. Gillispie came here from Brooklyn heralded as a great promoter of sparring matches. He was in the employ of the Fort Wayne Athletic club. When this club gave up sparring matches he was taken on by George Brown, Dave Eckart and Elwood George, backers of the Summit City Athletic club. It was Gillispie who pushed last night's sparring match along. He was considerable of a hustler and issued a souvenir program for the occasion. He handled many of the tickets and seemed to be all O. K. Last night the young man acted rather suspiciously at the rink and Mr. Eckart got a settlement with him for over $100 worth of tickets, but he had money for tickets which had been given him by Mr. Brown and the receipts from the souvenir program. After the settlement with Mr. Ecart Gillispie went out to "take something" and he has not been seen since. Neither has the money which he had in his possession. Furthermore the program has not been paid for and somebody must settle. Mr. Gillispie did not get all the club managers believe he wanted, but he got enough and it will not be pleasant for the match maker if he is located.

MAY AMEND CHARTER

Changes Necessary to Protect the City's Credit.

Purchasers of Improvement Bonds Must be Protected.

City Attorney and Comptroller Visit Indianapolis.

They Studied the Capital's Charter and Find That Changes Have Been Made Such as are Necessary Here.

City Attorney Shambaugh and Comptroller Berghoff have returned from Indianapolis, where they went to study the capital city charter.

The city authorities find that it is necessary to make some changes in the charter to maintain the credit of Fort Wayne, which now ranks at the top. In issuing bonds on street and sewer improvements, it is found that there is no way to protect the bonds which are sold to foreign capitalists. The law at present provides for the issuance of bonds, which are turned over to the contractor, who is compelled to sell them to capitalists in order to get his money out of the improvement. When the interest falls due the bonds are sent to the comptroller and as there is no fund to pay them and no provision made for their collection by the city, the bondholder falls to get his interest on the coupons and the credit of Fort Wayne is injured. Indianapolis had the same difficulty, but it was remedied at the session of the legislature in 1897. Amendments were adopted which completely protect the bondholders. Three per cent. of the contractor's price for making an improvement is withheld and when the coupons come to the comptroller from the bondholder, the delinquent interest is paid from this fund. The delinquent assessment is placed on the tax duplicate and is collected at the same time and in the same manner as taxes. If not paid, the property is sold. The sale can be made if the property is delinquent on the first installment and on each succeeding installment should it not be paid. In this manner the person who bids in the property on the first delinquency, in order to hold it, must pay all the assessments. At the end of two years enough collections are made to reimburse the contractor with the 3 per cent. held out as a fund to meet delinquent interest. This system has proven successful in Indianapolis and an effort will be made to have the next legislature make the same amendments to the Fort Wayne charter.

MUNICIPAL NOTES.

The council committee on waterworks will meet in the city clerk's office next Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

A. Leeds, city civil engineer at Michigan City, was in Fort Wayne yesterday, inquiring into the merits of the several kinds of pavements. Michigan City will probably pave many of its streets the coming season.

The health authorities this afternoon removed the diphtheria card from the Brear residence, on Maumee avenue.

The board of works has not reached any decision as to whether a tunnel will be built under the Pennsylvania and Wabash railways. The council committee on streets at one time decided to recommend to the council that that body recommend to the board of works that the tunnel be built at Clinton street, but it is believed now that no such recommendation will be made.

JUVENILE FESTIVAL.

Will be Held at the Standard Club Next Wednesday.

Jewish Congregation Will Give the Little Folks a Good Time in Celebration of Chanukah.

Next Wednesday evening the Jewish congregation will tender a reception to the young folks of the Jewish Sabbath school, in celebration of the Chanukah holidays, which begin today. The affair will take place at Standard hall, and will consist of an entertainment, dancing and a feast of good things. There will be good music in attendance.

BY THE OLDER ONES.

The Hebrew citizens will have a social and hop at Standard hall on Thursday evening, for which affair extensive preparations are being made.

WILL EXCHANGE PULPITS.

Next Friday evening Rabbi Frederick Cohn, of this city, and Rabbi Joseph Leiser, of Lafayette, will exchange pulpits. The services at both churches will be of a special character on that occasion.

Men's, boys' and children's woolen and leather gloves or mittens from 25 cents up.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

The Ministerial association will meet in Berry street M. E. church Monday at 10 a. m. Rev. E. E. Frame will read a paper on "The Law of Psychic Phenomena."

We are showing a full line of Crown make silk suspenders from 50c up to $3 per pair.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

USE THE SENTINEL WANT COLUMN
To make known your Wants. The surest medium.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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To make known your Wants. The surest medium.

ESTABLISHED 1833. [PAGES 1--5] SATURDAY DEC. 10, 1898. [PAGES 1--5] PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Table Linen

at a price.

For a short time we will run a splendid ($1.00 grade of 72-inch) BLEACHED TABLE LINEN at

85c a yard.

Another extra nice quality of 63-inch BLEACHED LINEN in the 75c grade at

60c a yard.

And a handsome Unbleached, 70-inch LINEN; regular 60c quality at

49c a yard.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.
COR. CALHOUN & COLUMBIA ST.

MONEY TO LOAN

From $10 to Any Amount.

Any person in need of money can borrow it on their household goods, pianos, horses and vehicles, storage, chattel mortgages, notes, warrants, short time and call loans, without fear of publicity. We have the largest office in Your Township, and you have no out of both money and goods.

No Delay. Lowest Rates.

All business private and confidential. IT PAYS TO BORROW OF US. Call and investigate our methods. No trouble to explain.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
Room 3 Keefe. Upstairs.
Open Saturday evenings only from 7 to 9 p.m.

DR. BULSON
Has Removed to the rooms formerly occupied by his office in the Keefe building
96 W. WAYNE STREET.
Where he will be pleased to meet all his friends, patients and the PUBLIC GENERALLY.
Hours 10 to 3. Telephone No. 168.

We Loan Money
On Farm and City Real Estate at the lowest Rates of Interest.
LOANS CLOSED WITHOUT DELAY
THE J. F. SCHELL LOAN AND INVESTMENT CO.
51 E. Berry St. 45 Clinton St.
Phone 407. Office open evenings. Sale Deposit Boxes for Rent.

DR. S. H. HAVICE,
PRACTICE LIMITED TO
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office Hours—8:30 to 12 m.
and 2 to 4 p. m.
26 W. Wayne St. Fort Wayne, Ind.

MONEY TO LOAN
At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave the property in your possession. Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan or to suit you. Business confidential. No publicity. FORT WAYNE MORTGAGE LOAN CO. Room 21 Bass Blk., over First National Bank, 77 Calhoun. Take elevator to fourth floor.

Xmas Suggestions.
Any of the following articles Would make acceptable Xmas Gifts.
Perfumes in cut glass bottles, Atomizers, Military Hair Brushes, Traveling Sets, Sterling Silver Manicure Sets, Aluminum and Celluloid Toilet Sets, etc.
Fresh Violet and English Flower Perfumes are the most lasting.
FREESE & RANKE,
Pharmacists, 88 Calhoun St.

ECZEMA FOR YEARS CURED
TWO REMARKABLE CASES.
I have human interest in favor from Eczema for 10 Years. I tried medicines, four doctors, one a specialist in skin diseases, with no improvement. Cuticura Remedies gave instant relief and speedy healing. After using three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, two boxes of CUTICURA SOAP, and one box of CUTICURA OINTMENT, I was completely cured. C. T. DUNCAN, 1201 Indiana Ave., Topeka, Kan.
Sworn and subscribed before me this 7th day of February, 1898. [SEAL] CHAS. E. BLOOD, Notary Public.
I had Eczema for seven years, and my scalp was a solid scab. Three bottles of my wife's medicine, with a little Cuticura Soap, made me well. I thought it would drive me mad. I tried all remedies, but could get no relief. I used Cuticura, Cuticura Resolvent, five cakes of Cuticura Soap, and one box of CUTICURA SALVE, and I was completely cured. C. T. DUNCAN, 1201 Indiana Ave., Topeka, Kan.
Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials, free.

TO VISIT ISLANDS.

President May Make a Trip to Cuba and Porto Rico.

Has Such a Tour Under Serious Consideration.

Will be First Executive to So Leave His Office.

Mr. McKinley is Anxious to Make the Journey, But May Not Go Until After Congress Adjourns.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A special from Washington says:

A report that the president intends to visit Cuba and Porto Rico at the first favorable opportunity has become known in the state, war and navy departments, and was quickly made the subject of serious speculation among various officials on account of the unexpected interesting questions it raised. Among other things there was a spontaneous revival of the fiction that the chief executive could not pass the boundaries of the United States without forfeiting his office.

It is peculiar how persistent is the notion even among high officials that some constitutional or statutory restriction confines the executive to American soil, when, as a matter of fact, although none of President McKinley's predecessors have ever left the country during their terms of office, their movements were alone affected by considerations of propriety of precedent, which no one could hold to apply in the present instance.

It was generally recognized that the president might naturally wish to make a personal study of the question in those islands as soon as he could spare time from pressing public business in Washington, and that no valid objection could stand against such a tour as he was understood to contemplate.

It is pointed out, however, that it would be practically impossible for him to spare the time requisite for such an extended voyage as that to Porto Rico before congress adjourns, on March 4, which is, fortunately, about the usual time of year to make a short stay in the tropics. During the first six weeks of the new year, in addition to the continuous executive routine business, the social obligations involved in the progress of public receptions and state dinners will restrict the president closely to Washington, and after next week's southern tour he will hardly find it possible to leave the white house for more than two days at a time, before the beginning of lent, in the middle of February.

For the ensuing two weeks, with the rush of legislation which marks the closing days of a short session of congress, there will be no leisure for executive, and therefore his permanent could hardly fly in the harbors of Porto Rico before the middle of March.

With Havana only a single night's run for the dispatch boat Dolphin from Tampa, there might be a chance for the president to spend two whole days there in a week's absence from Washington, and remain always in close telegraphic communication with the executive departments, so that if a critical emergency arose he could be in a railway train speeding toward the capital within twelve hours.

No thought, is entertained, however, of a presidential trip to Havana before the Spanish flag is hauled down on January 1.

Practical unanimity of opinion prevails among officials that the contemplated visit of the president to Havana has a full warrant, as his trip to Porto Rico, so long as the American flag flies over Cuba, although a few gainsayers may hold that Porto Rico itself is not actually a part of United States territory until congress has made a declaration to this effect, either in so many words or by ratifying the peace treaty of Paris.

This fine point is not seriously raised except to show that Porto Rico and Cuba must be considered identical in view of the fact that they are governed precisely alike, by military officers under the immediate direction of the president as commander-in-chief.

The belief is expressed that the president would not care to set foot in Cuba if it were held to be foreign territory, much as he might wish to see the country, for that might be a perilous precedent to establish. But no one appears to controvert the right as well as the advisability of an executive visit to the new American possessions, provided it does not involve so long an enforced idleness from Washington. When the president visits Porto Rico and Cuba he will undoubtedly be accompanied by Mrs. McKinley and several members of the cabinet with their wives and although the stay of the party in each place visited will not be longer than a day, an absence of two weeks from Washington will be necessary. It is probable that Secretary Algor and several officers will go to San Juan, Santiago, Havana and other points in the island before the president visits those places.

Lucrado Again in Trouble.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 10.—The noted Cuban filibustering steamship Lucrado is again in trouble with the United States government. Her offense this time consists in smuggling, at divers times during last summer, whisky into Alaska, aggregating in value $875. The United States district attorney has filed a libel against the vessel.

"TULU" BY AMATEURS

First Performance Will be Given on December 20th.

Invitations Will be Issued and No Admission Charged—Coming Attraction of Dramatic Club.

At the meeting of the Dramatic club Wednesday evening it was decided to issue to each member of the club a certain number of tickets of admission, instead of sending out invitations for the performance of "Tulu" on December 20. Their first performance will be exclusively for the members of the club and their friends; no tickets will be sold. But for the benefit of the general public, a matinee will be given Thursday, December 22. The play is being rapidly moulded into shape under the able direction of Professor Adams and promises to be a pronounced success. Amateur companies, however good they may be, always have much to contend with in overcoming popular prejudice against their work, simply because it is amateur, but this club has set a high standard by its performances of "A Scrap of Paper," and undeniably mean to set its standard still higher. "Tulu" is well adapted for the purpose, being full of comical situations and intensely interesting complications. The plot is well laid and carries the interest to a higher and higher pitch to the very end.

HIS TENTH YEAR.

Anniversary of the Pastorate of Rev. Seabrease.

He Will Deliver a Special Sermon Tomorrow on "My Ten Years in Trinity Parish."

It will be ten years tomorrow since the Rev. A. W. Seabrease entered Trinity Episcopal parish as its rector and to commemorate the anniversary he will deliver a sermon prepared especially for the occasion, "My Ten Years in Trinity Parish."

The services of the day will be as follows:

8 a. m.—Holy Communion.
10:45 a. m.—Morning prayer and anniversary sermon.
5 p. m.—Evening prayer and sermon.

Under the pastorate of the Rev. Seabrease the church has prospered well, spiritually and otherwise, and the mutual relations of the flock and rector could not be pleasanter.

WESTMINSTER NOTES.

A Gilt Chronicle of Some of the Week's Doings at the Seminary.

After a brief vacation Miss Cox's evening class in literature resumed work Tuesday. The class is increasing in numbers and interest.

Next week, Friday, will occur the sale of art specialties from the studio. These include many exquisite pieces in china, water colors and monotypes. Some of the water colors will represent bits of Fort Wayne scenery. The monotypes are very attractive, greatly resembling etchings in their appearance. A very beautiful Algion tea set will be shown.

Miss Bessie Harris was summoned to her home in Dayton, Ohio, on Wednesday by the dangerous illness of her elder sister. Since then the family have been pained to learn of the death of the sister. Beautiful flowers were sent as expression of the sympathy of the family.

The basket ball teams continue regular practice two evenings in the week, Tuesdays and Thursdays. They would be glad to receive a challenge for a friendly game from any city team.

During the week guests at luncheon and dinner have been Misses Margery Olds, Alice Knight, Helen Knight, Hadje Dawson, Eva Brewster and Esther Smith. The Misses Helen Davis, of Noblesville, and Martha Colson, of Arcola, both of the class of '98, spent Monday night at the seminary renewing former experiences and "making believe" they were still pupils. It was a very pleasant evening for all concerned. The "old girls" are always the most welcome guests.

Mrs. Myers went to Chicago Friday to hear the pianist, Rosenthal, at the matinee. She returns Monday noon.

Prof. Sharp, of Edgerton, Ohio, called on his cousins, Misses Polly and Carrie Sharp, jr., on Saturday.

Friday evening the senior class tendered a sleigh ride to the house girls, terminating with a supper at the home of the class president, Miss Mary Knight. They were chaperoned by Miss Cox, and report a very gay time. More class spirit is shown by the "ninety-niners" than for several preceding years. Their courtesy to the under classes is greatly appreciated.

While in Kendallville Miss Antoinette Walker, of the Walker Whitcomb company, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wells at the home of Mrs. Wells' mother, Mrs. Flick. Miss Walker and Mrs. Wells were roommates while in attendance at the seminary. It was a very pleasant renewal of old acquaintance.

Judge Lowry went to Lagrange this morning.

WAITING TO SIGN IT.

Peace Commissioners in Joint Session.

Are Receiving the Final Work of Engrossment.

Spaniards Regard It as a Funeral Occasion.

While the Commissioners Wait Upon the Secretaries the American and Spanish Envoys are Photographed.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The joint peace commission met at 3:30 p. m., and at 5:15 took a recess until 7 p. m. The commissioners are awaiting the engrossing of the treaty of peace.

The Americans were the first to arrive at the foreign office, the Spaniards coming half an hour later. Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish commission, ascended the steps leaning on a cane and bundled up in a fur coat.

The Americans shook hands with the Spaniards when the latter entered the conference hall. The faces of the representatives of Spain were exceedingly solemn. Apparently they regarded the occasion as a funeral one.

The treaty, which was not completed, was brought in sections in the hands of the engrossers, while the commissioners were sitting.

After being photographed the commissioners listened to the reading of the treaty until 5:15, at which hour they took a recess until 7 o'clock while awaiting the arrival of the last sections of the treaty.

WILL WIN AGAIN.

Miller Has Tight Clutch on a New Victory.

The Six Days' Bicycle Race Drawing to an End—Waller is Riding Gamely in a Pinch.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The last morning of the six days' bicycle race at Madison Square Garden dawned upon what bids fair to be an unprecedented and terrific struggle for first place between the two leaders.

Miller, the Chicago man, and last year's champion, still led, but close at his heels was Waller, the "Flying Dutchman" from Boston.

Miller was strong favorite for the first place, but as o'clock only seventeen miles separated the leaders.

The fifteen hours that still remain for the race afford small opportunity for the late leaders to pick up, and barring accident, the first prize of $1,400 will go to Miller or Waller. The race has now developed into a contest of physical endurance between these two.

Out of the thirty-one starters, only twelve remained in the race this morning. Of the ten men who trailed behind Waller and Miller, Pierce maintained an easy lead for third place. Julius, the last man on the list at 6 o'clock, was preceded by eight of the 11 who were having declared that he only remained in it for fun.

Stevens, the Buffalo boy, also admitted the hopelessness of his case and remained off the track for five hours.

Hale, the popular Irishman, had no prospect of getting a place, but rode steadily so as to bring his score up to the 1,600 mile mark.

THE SCORE AT NOON.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Six days bike race scores at 12 noon:

Miller, 1,928; Waller, 1,897; Pierce, 1,843; Albert, 1,766; Simm, 1,723; Lawson, 1,697; Aronson, 1,648; Navin, 1,647; Forster, 1,600; Stevens, 1,501; Hale, 1,450; Julius, 1,155.

A VICTORY.

Quay Trial Will Have to be Postponed.

Supreme Judges Issue Rule Granting Argument for Motion for a Certiori Returnable January 7th.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—Supreme Court Justices Green and Williams today granted a rule allowing the defendants in the Quay conspiracy case to argue the motion for a writ certiorari removing the proceedings from the court of quarter sessions to the supreme court. The rule is returnable January 7 and all proceedings are stayed in the meantime.

The defendants in the case are Senator M. S. Quay, his son, Richard R. Quay, and ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood. The trial had been fixed to begin in the court of quarter sessions here on Monday.

One of the results of the rule granted by the supreme court will be to carry the trial over beyond the term of office of District Attorney Graham, which will expire with the present year.

Mr. Graham has been active in pushing the case and in asking the court a week or ten days ago to fix an early date for the trial, he expressed to the court a desire to dispose of the case during his official term of office.

The delay occasioned by the action of the supreme court will also in all probability have the effect of carrying the proceedings or at least the conclusion of the trial beyond the date for the election by the legislature of a United States senator to succeed Senator Quay, who is a candidate for re-election. The legislature will vote for senator on January 17.

The defendants are charged with conspiracy with John S. Hopkins the cashier of the People's bank of this city, who committed suicide in March last, in the misuse of state funds on deposit in that institution.

The senator and his attorneys do not hesitate to admit that their object in securing delay for the trial is to take the case out of the hands of District Attorney Graham. Mr. Graham, they say, is an enemy of the senator, and his displayed great eagerness in unjustly persecuting him and his co-defendants.

LIFE'S DUTY DONE.

Mrs. Lydia Shanklin Succumbs to Heart Failure.

Her Death Occurred in Washington, D. C., Visited Here Recently—Other Deaths and Funerals.

E. G. Anderson this morning received a telegram to the effect that his sister, Mrs. Lydia Shanklin, died at her home in Washington, D. C., last evening of heart failure. The deceased was the sister of Mrs. Edwin Bemal, Mrs. George Worden besides Mr. Anderson. Five weeks ago she came to Fort Wayne to visit her sisters and brother and during her stay she was taken ill but recovered sufficiently to return home. She will be remembered by many as this city was her home for many years. She was sixty-six years old at the time of her death. The obsequies will take place at Washington, probably Monday.

CARTWRIGHT.

At 11:30 last night occurred the death of James F. Cartwright at his home, near Poe, in this county. The deceased had been ill with a complication of diseases. He was born in Allen county April 23, 1837, and his age was forty-one years, eight months and twenty days. The funeral will take place Sunday at 1 o'clock and the interment will be in the cemetery at that place.

WHEELER.

Mrs. Mary Wheeler, widow of John W. Wheeler, died at her home, 126 Hanna street, at 4:30 this morning, of dropsy. Deceased was forty-nine years of age and leaves several children. She was born in Whitley county, but resided in Fort Wayne for a number of years. The funeral will take place Monday at 1 p. m. from the residence.

ROBBINS.

Word was received in the city last evening of the sudden death in Chicago of David B. Robbins, aged $1,800 will go to Miller or Waller. The race has now developed into a contest of physical endurance between these two.

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ROBBINS.

Word was received in the city last evening of the sudden death in Chicago of David B. Robbins, aged 45, brother of Mr. and Mrs. A. Hamersley. Mrs. Robbins, who has been here spending a short time with her parents, left immediately for Chicago. Mr. Robbins formerly resided here and is a relative of Mrs. L. E. Thayer.

The remains will arrive this evening and be conveyed to the residence of A. Hattersley, on West Wayne street. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house, Rev. D. W. Moffat officiating.

SCHNAIBLE.

Winfred, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schmaling, of No. 84 Summit street, died at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon of diphtheria. The funeral occurred at 3 o'clock this afternoon and was private.

BURCHARD.

The funeral of Charles, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Burchard, will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, No. 196 Fairfield avenue. Interment in Lindenwood.

MARKED THE MONEY

And Located the Clerk Who Had Been Stealing.

Sheriff Melching Discovers Who Has Been Robbing a Certain Store—Tries the Clerk Hired.

By a clever trick Sheriff Melching has just uncovered a young man who has daily been robbing his employers.

The proprietor of the establishment complained to the sheriff that he was being robbed and suspected one of his clerks as being the robber.

The sheriff marked three half dollars exactly alike and sent one of his deputies into the store to purchase goods amounting to $1.50. The deputy bought the merchandise of the suspected clerk and in the change the proprietor, who knew what was going on, reported that only $1 had been turned in.

The sheriff went to the store and the young clerk was called to the office and told to produce the money. He pulled out one of the marked half dollars and when pressed, acknowledged that he had more of the firm's money, producing a silver dollar and some smaller change. He also admitted that he had taken small sums before.

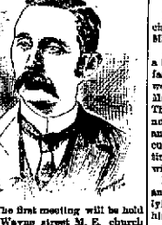
The proprietor of the store says that the clerk has made away with several hundred dollars in the time he has been in the store. The young man is the son of respectable parents and for that reason he will not be prosecuted.

A monster and progressive pedro was given by the Zion's Walther league last evening and the affair was greatly enjoyed. The first prize, a box of cigars, was won by Otto Bange and the booby prize fell to Theodore Dobler. It was a clay pipe.

TWO BIG MEETINGS.

Great Feast For Sunday School Workers.

C. D. Meigs to Speak and F. F. Carbelle and Daughter to Sing at Wayne Street M. E. Church Tomorrow Afternoon.



The Sunday school people of Fort Wayne should not forget the two big meetings tomorrow to be addressed by C. D. Meigs, of Indianapolis. The first meeting will be held in the Wayne street M. E. church at 3 o'clock. Subject, "How to Teach the Lesson and How to Enjoy It."

At this meeting Mr. Yarnelle and daughter will sing several duets. The meeting in the evening will be held at the First Presbyterian church at 7:30. Subject, "What I Saw When I Went to Sea." Mr. Meigs has the reputation of being one of the strongest Sunday school speakers of the west.

He was one of the speakers at the worlds Sunday school convention in London last summer. His lectures are very entertaining and full and running over with good things for the Sunday school worker.

Every Sunday school worker in Fort Wayne should attend these meetings, as they will get something that will greatly benefit them in the work. At the evening meeting the Hayden quartet will sing. Among Sunday school workers Mr. Meigs is known as "the cyclone."

A 'POSSUM SUPPER.

Colored People Will Give an Unique Entertainment.

A Grand Coke Walk in Which Professor Nolen and Other Noted Walkers Will Participate.

The colored people are making arrangements to give something original in the way of an entertainment. It will be a grand coke walk and opossum supper and it will be held on the evening of December 26th at the hall, corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets. Among the leaders of the coke walk will be Prof. J. H. Nolen, who is noted as a walker. The 'possum supper will be something a little above and beyond anything in the way of a feast that has ever before been attempted by the colored people of Fort Wayne. The committee of arrangements consists of J. H. Green, chairman; Frank Brown, A. F. Dickerson, Charles Rhoades and S. J. Peters.

LOCAL LINES.

I. Gumtzberger, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is in the city, the guest of Mrs. A. Hellbroner.

Mrs. George Kiefer, of Spy Run avenue, and Mrs. Benjamin F. Johnson have returned from Marion, where they attended a banquet given by Temple No. 2, Ladies of the Golden Eagle.

Harvey Turner has received a telegram announcing the death of his brother, John E. Turner, at St. Louis. Deceased was seventy-five years old. He was one of seven children and the first of them to pass away. The oldest of these children was seventy-eight years and the youngest was sixty-seven. His home was at Atascosgo, I. T. Mr. Turner left to attend the funeral.

Next Tuesday evening Leland T. Powers, the noted impersonator, will appear with his invisible company at Princess rink, under the auspices of the Woman's Club league, in the entertainment course.

The American public knows Mr. Powers and honors him. He is the originator of a form of entertainment as fascinating as it is unique, and which he has developed into a new and especial art. Apart from its unlimited pleasure giving power, its dignity, beauty and educating force with which he has invested this art have gained recognition from able critics, educators and men of letters throughout the land, as well as from the great general public, with whom there is no greater favorite on the platform than Mr. Powers.

We are sole agents for the Alfred Benjamin & Co. smoking jackets, dressing and silk vests.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

When in need of typewriter ribbons, carbon paper, stenographers' note books, etc., etc., telephone International Business College. Home 'phone 504 Main. 516

$12 given away every week until Christmas. Each purchase of $1 and all entries you to key, one of which will unlock box containing the money. Try to get the lucky key.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

A THIRST FOR BLOOD

A Shocking Tragedy on a Michigan Farm.

William Hitchings Murders Two Men and a Woman.

Then He Cuts His Own Throat, Dying Instantly.

Slaughtered Two Companions, With Whom He Was Working, With an Ax—No Cause Assigned.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 10.—A special to the Journal from Freeesoil, Mich., says:

A man named William Hitchings, a brother-in-law of John Hunt, a farmer who lived about two miles west of this place, killed Mr. Hunt, Mrs. Hunt and their hired man, Thomas Hayward, yesterday afternoon and cut his own throat. Hunt and Hayward were in the woods cutting wood and Hitchings quitting it, when the latter struck Hunt with the ax, killing him instantly. Hayward started to run but fell and was struck by Hitchings' while lying on the ground, also killing him instantly. Hitchings' then went to the house and killed Mrs. Hunt by striking her in the back with a jack knife.

After killing Mrs. Hunt, Hitchings' went up stairs and cut his throat from ear to ear and must have died at once from the way blood was splashed about the room.

WELLER BOUND OVER.

Coroner at Ottawa Charges Him With Manslaughter.

The coroner at Ottawa, Ohio, has completed his investigation of the killing of Sol. Hiser, and charges A. B. Weller, whose gun did the killing, with manslaughter. Bond was fixed at $2,000, and was furnished by Andrew Bronon, Weller's employer, and Charles Buchanan.

Weller says that he had gone into the Wise store to show Mr. Wise the revolver which he had purchased that day. He had taken, he said, all the shells out of the revolver, and laid them on the counter, while Wise examined the revolver. Then Weller loaded the pieces again and put it in his pocket. Weller had told the witness that Wise asked him how he could shoot a man with the gun in his pocket, and he had held the gun up, while it was still in his pocket, and it accidentally discharged.

NICKUM AND HIS LIGHT.

The Strange Illumination of the Moons Causes Excitement.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 10.—S. B. Nickum, the perpetual light man, is again responsible for peculiar notions in his neighborhood. Neighbors say they hear unearthly noises and see a strange illumination in his house at night. Sentries prevent a close approach while operations are in progress, but it is said that a heroine declare that he has put his queer machine together and he is engaged in turning out the globes filled with the perpetual light. Agents who were united by the receipt of circulars explaining how federal court proceedings delayed shipment of the lights, are confidently expecting consignments about Christmas. In fact, one Logansport man, who has an abolition fetish in Mr. Nickum, said today that he expected $10 will a large number of lights for Christmas presents.

PARENTS ABDUCT GIRLS.

Firal Calmly Attempt to Recover Babies From an Orphans' Home.

WABASH, Ind., Dec. 10.—The five-year-old twin daughters of Alson Cox and wife, of this city, were abducted from the orphans' home here by their parents, who refuse to surrender them.

Last December Cox and his wife quarreled and placed the children in the home. Lately they became reconciled, and attempted to gain possession of the twins, but the directors refused to give them up.

Driving to the institution as the little ones were starting for school, Cox and his wife grasped the children, threw them into a sleigh and drove off at a high speed. They have been located and legal proceedings will be commenced to recover the children, as Cox is declared unfit to rear them.

BEZINAH WON.

Referee Brown Decided He Outpointed Jimmy Murray.

Several hundred people were at the Princess rink last evening to see the twenty-round sparring match between Bezinah Bezinah, of Covington, Ky., and Jimmy Murray, of Cincinnati. The men were quite evenly matched. For eighteen rounds Murray had much the best of it, but in the final rounds Bezinah was the strongest. Referee George Brown declared Bezinah the winner on points.

Senator Carey in Notice.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 10.—Judge Carey, ex-United States senator, has announced that he will not be a candidate for election to the United States senate at the next session of the legislature. His retirement is regarded as materially improving Senator Clark's chances of re-election.

Charged With Poisoning Her Husband.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 10.—Mrs. Lulu Johnston, of Pond Creek, Okla., is in jail at Pond Creek and stated will be tried December 16th on the charge of poisoning her sixth husband at Lawrence, Kan., in May. She is also accused of poisoning a half brother in Sumner county, Kan., last July.

ALL ABOUT A COW.

The Bovine is the Cause of Malicious Trespass Case.

The Principals to the Suit Live Near Sheldon—Items Gleaned From the Courts.

In Squire Fruchey's court Joseph L. Favert has sworn to an affidavit charging George McDowell with malicious trespass, and Constable Ford went to Sheldon this morning to arrest McDowell.

Favert alleges that George McDowell is a butcher and some time ago William Dalman, a farmer, allowed McDowell to erect a slaughter house on his farm. McDowell used the building for some time, but lately has allowed it, although his brother had paid for its erection. Mr. Favert then secured Mr. Dalman's permission to use the slaughter house and in a few days went into the country, purchased a cow and killed it in the slaughter house. The next morning the bovine was missing and it put in an appearance later at the home of the original owner. Now Mr. Favert claims to have evidence that McDowell went to the slaughter house and shot the cow loose. The suit for malicious trespass is the result.

COURT NOTES.

The Central Electric company sues the Summit City Manufacturing company to recover $75. Vesey & Heaton are attorneys.

The Fort Wayne Building, Loan Fund and Savings association sues Chas. T. Bernalt, the Land and Security company and several others to recover $1,500. Breen & Morris are attorneys.

D. H. Bolstein and Louis Bender sue Lena Traut on a mechanic's lien to recover $22. Ryan & Ryan are attorneys.

Sophie Fox et al. sue William H. Stein et al. to recover $1,750 for conversion of property. Breen & Morris are attorneys.

The board of commissioners considered ditch cases yesterday. They established the Ort ditch in Eel River township, the Shambaugh ditch in Cedar Creek township, and appointed Michael Fink and Wm. F. Hagen and Wm. Smidt, surveyors on the Watern ditch in Washington township.

The case of J. A. Trenman against Thomas B. Groves, on attachment, is being heard by Judge Brown at this term.

The cases against Frederick, Edmund and Leonard Lemcke, charged with illegally cutting and removing timber from the land of Daniel O'Grady in Lake township, were dismissed by Prosecutor Vesey yesterday afternoon, and the defendants discharged.

The trial of the case of George W. Lahr against the Fort Wayne Institute of Science, Art and Industry, resulted in a verdict for the defendant by the circuit court jury.

The will of the late John M. Boschet was filed for probate. The estate is left to the wife and children.

The jury in the case of Trentman vs. Groves returned a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $300.

Sophia Boschet has been appointed executrix of the estate of John M. Boschet, deceased.

Catherine Heintz, a traveling saleswoman of this city, injured by a fall on a sidewalk, while at Marion, in October, 1897, has brought suit against the city of Marion for $2,000 damages.

GILLISPIE IS GONE.

The "Match-Maker" Gets Away With Some Money.

He Left the Rink Last Evening to "Take Something," and Has Not Been Seen Since.

Jewish Congregation Will Give the Little Fellow Good Time in Celebration of Chanukah.

They Studied the Capital's Charter and Find That Changes Have Been Made Such as are Necessary Here.

City Attorney Shambaugh and Comptroller Borghoff have returned from Indianapolis, where they went to study the capital city charter.

The city authorities find that it is necessary to make some changes in the charter to maintain the credit of Fort Wayne, which now ranks at the top. In issuing bonds on street and sewer improvements, it is found that there is no way to protect the bonds which are sold to foreign capitalists. The law at present provides for the issuance of bonds, which are turned over to the contractor, who is compelled to sell them to capitalists in order to get his money out of the improvement. When the interest falls due the bonds are sent to the comptroller and as there is no fund to pay them and no provision made for the collection by the city, the bondholder fails to get his interest on the coupons and the credit of Fort Wayne is injured. Indianapolis had the same difficulty, but it was remedied at the session of the legislature in 1897, by an ordinance to be adopted which completely protect the bondholders. Three per cent. of the contractor's price for making an improvement is withheld and when the coupons come to the comptroller from the bondholder, the delinquent interest is paid from this fund. The delinquent assessment is placed on the tax duplicate and is collected at the same time and in the same manner as taxes. If not paid, the property is sold. The sale can be made if the property is delinquent on the first installment and on each succeeding installment should it not be paid. In this manner the person who sold the property on the first dollar quarry, in order to hold it, must pay all the assessments. At the end of two years enough collections are made to reimburse the contractor with the 3 per cent. held out as a fund to meet delinquent interest. The system has proven successful in Indianapolis and an effort will be made to have the next legislature make the same amendments to the Fort Wayne charter.

MUNICIPAL NOTES.

The council committee on water-works will meet in the city clerk's office next Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Fred Leeds, city civil engineer at Michigan City, was in Fort Wayne yesterday, inquiring into the merits of the several kinds of pavements. Michigan City will probably pave many of its streets the coming season.

The health authorities this afternoon removed the diphtheria card from the Bross residence, on Maumee avenue.

The board of works has not taken any action as to whether a tunnel will be built under the Pennsylvania and Wabash railways. The council committee on streets at one time decided to recommend to the council that that body recommend to the board of works that the tunnel be built at Clinton street, but it is believed now that no such recommendation will be made.

JUVENILE FESTIVAL.

Will be Held at the Standard Club Next Wednesday.

Jewish Congregation Will Give the Little Fellows Good Time in Celebration of Chanukah.

Next Wednesday evening the Jewish congregation will tender a reception to the young folks of the Jewish Sabbath school, in celebration of the Chanukah holidays, which begin today. The affair will take place at Standard hall, and will consist of entertainment, dancing and a feast of good things. There will be good music in attendance.

BY THE OLDER ONES.

The Hebrew citizens will have a social and hop at Standard hall on Thursday evening, for which affair extensive preparations are being made.

WILL EXCHANGE PULPITS.

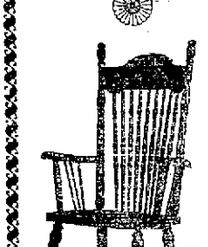
Next Friday evening Rabbi Fredrick John, of this city, and Rabbi Joseph Leiser, of Layette, will exchange pulpits. The services at both churches will be of a special character on that occasion.

Men's, boys' and children's woolen and leather gloves or mittens from 25 cents up.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

The Ministerial association will meet in Berry street M. E. church Monday at 10 a. m. Rev. E. E. Franks will read a paper on "The Law of Psychic Phenomena."

We are showing a full line of the Crown make silk suspenders from 50c up to $2 per pair.
GLOBE,
A. K. Hurst & Co.

SPECIAL SALE ON ROCKERS!



We shall place on sale MONDAY Morning a lot of beautiful Arm Rockers, with Leather Cobbler Seats, in either Golden Oak or Mahogany finish, highly polished, at

=$2.95

This is the best Rocker ever offered at this price.
Don't miss this chance! Come early!

FREE.—
Call and get one of our pretty calenders for 1899, before they are all gone.

GIVEN AWAY.
One 3-Piece Bed Room Set.
One 100 Piece Dinner Set.
One Parlor Chair.
One Parlor Lamp.
One 12-Piece Lemonade Set.
One Carving Set.
A ticket will be given with every dollar purchase, which entitles the holder to a chance in the distribution of the above presents. Don't.

PICKARD BROS.,

Headquarters For

Furniture, Stoves and Chinaware,

12 & 14 East Columbia Street.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. MACKEY.

SATURDAY, DEC. 10, 1898.

TONIGHT.

Masonic Temple—Attractions for the week: Saturday afternoon and evening, "Who is Who."

Wonderland Theatre and Museo—Open every night.

Plymouth Church Fair—At church parlors.

Art Exhibit—Given by the Kerasio club at F. B. Long's music store.

Saturday Night Hop Club—Twelve o'clock dance at White Bank hall.

Lodges—Order of the Red Cross; Bathbone Sisters; Degree of Honor, No. 25; Mat Anthony Hive, No. 37.

CHRISTMAS

"AT CHRISTMAS PLAY AND MAKE GOOD CHEER,
FOR CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR."

IF there is ever a time when one wants the right kind of goods, it certainly is at CHRISTMAS TIME, when selecting articles suitable for presents.

A Good Suit Of Clothes

Is not only a desirable present, but also a sensible and profitable one, when you consider our goods and prices. At the prices we are now quoting on the best class of goods you can afford to give yourself a present, make a good investment and save money at the same time.

You can get Heavy-weight Cheviots, Heavy Black Clay Worsteds, Blue and Black Undressed Worsteds at **$8.50**

$12 buys Fancy Cheviots, new and choice weaves—Fine Heavy Black Clays and Superior Serges and Fancy Worsteds at **$12.00**

A custom tailor wouldn't make a suit from these fine fabrics for less than $25.00.

Our Assortment of Furnishings is Now at its Best. Keep Us in mind when Selecting Christmas Gifts.

Mackintoshes.
Men's Handkerchiefs.
Silk Handkerchiefs.
Smoking Jackets.
House Coats.
Walking Sticks.
Silk Umbrellas.
Cuff Links.

Fetching Neckwear.
Flannelette Night Robes.
Dress Shirts.
Mufflers.
Silk Suspenders, etc.

Lehman's

34 & 36 CALHOUN ST.

SPAIN protests that she has only yielded to force. Certainly; that was what was contemplated when war was declared.

IT is rumored in New York that Bourke Cochran, the lawyer and orator, wants to marry Miss Virginia Fair. Mr. Cochran is just now cutting something of a dash in the fashionable society of New York and is very attentive to Miss Fair.

A SOLDIER who embraced a woman on the streets of Savannah has been fined $500 and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The women who embrace and Holcombs unreformed heroes do so with absolute impunity. Are not men entitled to protection as well as women?

MISS HELEN GOULD is now receiving about three hundred letters a day. Many of them, as a result of her widely-advertised generosity, are begging letters and many, as shown by their postmarks or in some other way, are from soldiers who have benefited from her bounty.

TO COMPEL truants to go to school last year cost the state $36,544 61. There were 232 truant officers, and they were paid on an average of $150 apiece. The secretary of the state board of charities reports that 32,000 children were added to the school attendance by the law, and that $15,866.23 was paid to help these children. The board indorses the law and recommends a few minor changes in it.

THE CZAR of Russia has given his sanction to the scheme of Baron Horace Ginsburg, the great Jewish banker, of St. Petersburg, for a settlement of Jewish agriculturists on 10,000 acres of the baron's estate in Bessarabia. The settlers will be restricted to agriculture and such stores and commercial establishments as may be needed will be operated by gentiles. Baron Ginsburg hopes by this experiment to disprove the idea prevalent in Russia that the Jews are inimical to agriculture and will only engage in trade and financial operations.

THERE are many reasons why Judge R. S. Taylor should be elected to the United States senate. In ability and intellectual attainments he towers like a giant above his competitors for the honor. Of all the candidates Judge Taylor alone is worthy to succeed the great Turpie. He would adorn the position and reflect great credit upon the state of Indiana. The presence in the senate to represent Indiana of a man like Judge Taylor would pledge that the prestige gained for the state by such men as Hendricks and Morton and Harrison and Voorhees and Turpie would not be lost. The election of Judge Taylor would confer upon this city a distinction in which no mean pride could be taken. He would honor the people and the city. With this view of the matter Judge Taylor should have, as we believe he will have, the united support of his party here and the good wishes of all citizens. In a political struggle of the kind now on for the senatorship the action of a republican caucus is not apt to be greatly influenced by democratic opinions, but it will do Judge Taylor no harm if it be known that his friends and neighbors up here regardless of politics are his advocates for the senatorship.

SPAIN is not in a mood for making amicable agreements or entering into new treaty arrangements beyond those imposed upon her by the results of the war. The Paris conference has reached its final agreement, upon the basis of the peace protocol, but the various additional details which the American commissioners sought to incorporate in the treaty the Spanish commissioners have declined to consider, and if any of them need diplomatic adjustment it will have to be left to a more convenient season. Under the circumstances there is not much room for us to find fault with this result, since we have secured so much more than anybody would have dreamed of demanding six months ago, and nobody will be disposed to rub it in on the unfortunate Spaniards. The allusion in the president's message to the Maine, a subject on which they are sensitive, rubbed them the wrong way, and although their commissioners are feeling tired. But the treaty, as now agreed on, will be formally engrossed and signed and we have no doubt that ratifications will be duly exchanged.

NORTHERN INDIANA NOTES.

Verling W. Helm, a well known young man of North Manchester, will go as a missionary to India.

Little Charles Gantor, of Leesburg, while playing doctor, gave carbolic acid to his little brother and sister. Both may die.

Benjamin Lower, seventy years old, of Wabash, whose death is reported, served in the civil war. He was a resident of Wabash for forty years.

Charles Tyner, a farmer residing near Wabash, had one of his arms so badly mangled in a corn shredder that amputation was necessary. Near Michigan City a young son of Al. Hunt had one of his hands torn off by a similar machine.

Within eight years of the golden anniversary of her marriage to Chas. G. Powell, of LaPorte, Nancy J. Powell, his wife, has appealed to the superior court of Cook county to free her from the bonds which have bound her to her husband for forty two years. Charles G. Powell is the veteran editor of the LaPorte Republican.

Milo Meredith, editor, and Ben Kinnick, business manager of the Wabash Times, were arrested Thursday on an affidavit by John T. Hiter, charging them with criminal libel. The case was called before a magistrate and dismissed when it was found that the prosecuting witness had not made the legal demand for a retraction. Hiler then formally asked for a retraction, which the Times people refused, and new affidavits will be prepared.

In the Bankard settlement, ten miles north of Goshen, Vernon Bigler, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Bigler, was baptised in the icy waters of a creek, and his death occurred the following day, enabled, from the shock. Young Bigler was persuaded to unite with the Dunkard church, of which his parents are prominent members, and the young man was taken from a sick bed at the time, with the results stated. The parents insisted upon the baptism, and the people in the neighborhood who are not members of the church feel bitterly toward them.

Chauncy Miller, a respectable laboring man, of Shipshewana, was surprised on his return home from work Tuesday evening to find the house cold and apparently no one at home. He visited the neighbors, thinking perhaps his wife, whom he had left at noon in the best health and spirits, had gone for a call and prolonged it unconsciously into a visit. But he could find no trace of the missing woman and returned home in some alarm. A search of the premises was then made and it was found that an upper bedroom was locked. The door was forced and there on the bed was found Mrs. Miller cold in death. She had evidently been dead some hours. Mr. Miller gave the alarm and neighbors came in. Considerable mystery surrounds the case which the coroner is trying to clear up. The particulars have not been learned, but it is thought to be a case of suicide.

Clark Hilance was very pleasantly surprised at his home, 175 East Lewis street, Thursday evening by a number of his young friends, who came to help him celebrate his eighteenth birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in games and various other amusements until a late hour, when a sumptuous supper was served.

"77"

Is Dr. Humphrey's Cure for Colds, Lingering Coughs and

GRIP

The air is filled with poisonous Grip, it enters the system with every Cold and is manifest by the tenderness way the Cold changes to "77" taken early breaks it up promptly. Taken during its prevalence prevents its invasion. Taken while suffering a cure is speedily realized.

At druggists or sent prepaid; price, 25c and 50c., large family vials, $1.00. Dr. Humphreys' Manual at druggists or mail free.

Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. He was so good.

H-U-M-P-H-R-E-Y-S

IN HIS HOLY NAME.

You Are Invited to Worship in the Lord's House.

Sabbath Sermons and Services in Fort Wayne Churches Tomorrow—Announcements of Pastors.

Hanna street Baptist Mission Sunday school, 2:30 p. m. C. M. Laron, superintendent.

Simpson M. E. Church—Sunday school, 9:30; sermon, "A Neglected Grace," 10:30; senior league, 6:30; sermon, 7:30.

Calvary U. B. church, Sunday services. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Y. P. C. U. 6:30 p. m. Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. J. W. Fake, pastor.

Heidelberg Reformed church, Rev. Maurice Samson, pastor—Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; morning service at 10:30 a. m.; subject, "A Remarkable Message." Evening service at 7:30 p. m.

The First Church of Christ Scientist holds regular services in the Odd Fellows building, No. 20 West street, second floor, 10:30 a. m. Subject, "God, the Preserver of Man." Sunday school following services.

Grace Reformed Church, Rev. A. K. Zartman, D. D., pastor.—Sabbath morning services at 10:30 a. m., subject, "Fishers of Men." evening service at 7:30. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:45 p. m.

Bethel Church of the Evangelical association, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; German preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Young People's alliance at 6:45 p. m. English preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Third Presbyterian church, corner Calhoun and Holman streets, Rev. J. A. P. McKay, pastor.—Subject of morning sermon, "Shall the Sword Devour Forever?" evening at No. 540 South Calhoun street, subject, "Certainty in Religion."

These whose worship in Bethany church, Nebraska, will please to note that the Sunday school convenes at 9:30 a. m., while the morning hour of public service has been changed to 10:45 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Evening service, 7:30 p. m.

Railroad Young Men's Christian Association—Observance of Sabbath day. Gospel songs and brief addresses by C. H. Newton, E. S. Mertz, Charles Yagerlehner and others from 3 to 4 p. m. The meeting for ladies' and gentlemen's Bible study at 4 p. m.

Christ English Lutheran church, corner Jefferson and Webster—Sabbath school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching, 10:45 a. m.; sermon on "The Good Shepherd." Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Evening sermon at 7:30, topic, "The Mercies of God," by the pastor, Rev. L. J. Muehlhaus.

At the Baptist tabernacle the Sunday school will observe parents' day at 9:30. Following this, Pastor Henson will preach to the members of the school and their parents. At night the school will celebrate Bible day and Franklin college day, at which time Rev. Norman Carr, of Franklin, Ind., will speak.

South Congregational church—Rev. E. E. Evans, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior Christian Endeavor at 2 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening subject: "The New Psychology in Relation to Christian Science and Spiritualism. Emerson quartet.

At the West Jefferson Street Church of Christ services will be held as usual tomorrow at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The second sermon in the series on "Great Facts of Revelation" will be delivered in the evening. "Man Revealed to Himself" will be the subject. P. J. Rice, minister.

Trinity M. E. church, corner of Fourth and Case streets.—Preaching by Rev. J. S. Nelson at 10:30. Sunday school at 9:30. Epworth league at 6:30. At 7:30 the pastor, Sherman Powell, will conduct a special service. The address will be on "Items" Christmas Gift." There will be special music.

St. Paul M. E. church, Rev. M. D. Cooper, pastor.—Class meeting at 9:30; preaching at 10:30 by the pastor; Children's meeting at 2:15; Sunday school at 3 o'clock; Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 and 7:30. Mrs. D. B. Wells, of the Westminster seminary will speak on "City Evangelization."

Plymouth Congregational church, corner Harrison and Jefferson.—Strangers welcome to the services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening sermon, "What is the Meaning of My Life? What Am I Here For?" Chorus choir, led by Prof. Miller. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. and Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Rev. James S. Ainslie, minister.

At Westminster church, Dr. Cooper, the pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m., on "Seeking Fruit and Finding None." At 7:30 p. m. he will give a discourse of unusual interest, illustrated by the stereopticon, on "Round About Jerusalem." After a comparison of the Jerusalem of today with Jerusalem in its grandeur, a walk will be taken about the walls. Calvary will be visited. A walk will be taken around its base and well identified places will be shown—as Solomon's quarries, from which was taken the stone to build the temple; the tomb, in which Jeremiah and his scribe, Baruch, hid and in which was written "Lamentations;" the site of the stoning of Stephen, and the veritable tomb and sarcophagus in which the body of Christ was laid and from which He rose, according to Gordon and many of the best scholars. This discourse, and, indeed, all in connection with the Holy City which will follow this one, will be especially helpful to Bible students and of great interest to all. Sunday school, 12 m.; Sr. C. E., 6:30 p. m.; Jr. C. E. and other children will meet at 3 p. m.

West Creighton avenue Church of Christ.—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching 10:30 and 7:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Subjects of sermons: Morning, "The Christian;" evening, "Sin and Its Remedy." Z. A. Harris, minister.

Preaching at the Berry Street M. E. church, corner Harrison, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., as usual by the pastor. Sunday school, at 9:30 a. m. Junior league at 2:30 p. m. Epworth league devotional at 6:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend all the services. Special music at each preaching service.

Services at Wayne Street Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; sermon, by Rev. Sherman Powell, subject, by request, "The Pentecostal Church," 10:30 a. m.; classes, 12 m.; Junior league, 3 p. m.; Epworth league, 6:30 p. m.; sermon by Rev. J. A. Sprague, 7:30 p. m.; special solo by Mr. Tuley, a fine singer.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Rt. Rev. Joseph Rademacher, D. D., bishop; Very Rev. John Guendling, V. G., pastor; Rev. J. H. Bathe, chancellor; Rev. M. J. Byrne, associate pastor; Rev. Jno. Durham, assistant.—Masses at 6, 8, 8:30 (children's services) and 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m.

St. Patrick's, corner DeWald and Harrison. Rev. Joseph F. Delaney, pastor; Rev. Patrick Crowley, assistant pastor. Sunday services, mass at 7:45 and 10 a. m.; children's mass at 9 a. m.; vespers, 3 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Mary's (German), corner of Lafayette and Jefferson streets. Rev. Rev. John H. Oechtering, pastor; assistant, Rev. Gustave Hottenroth. Sunday services, 8 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's (German), corner West Washington and Griffith. Rev. F. J. H. Knoll, pastor. Services 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

St. Joseph's Chapel (in connection with St. Joseph's hospital), Rev. Thomas Eisenring, C. S. S., chaplain. Sunday services, 8 a. m. and 4 p. m. Weekly services, 8 a. m.

St. Peter's (German), corner East DeWald and Warsaw. Rev. Ferdinand Koerdt, pastor. Sunday services, 7:45 and 9:45 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCHES.

Emanuel Lutheran, West Jefferson street.—Rev. C. Gruner and Rev. Phillip Wambsganss, jr., pastors. Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. Paul's, on Barr street.—Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Trinity, corner of Huffman and Oakland.—Rev. J. A. Bohn, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. John's Evangelical, corner West Washington and Van Buren.—Rev. Henry P. Dannecker, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m., 2 p. m., (in German), 7:30 p. m. (in English).

German Lutheran Zion's Congregational church, Creighton avenue and Hanna streets.—Rev. Henry Juengel, pastor. Services, 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sundays.

Grace church (German Evangelical), Gay and Pontiac streets, Rev. Miller, pastor. Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday school, 2 p. m.

LIVING SCORE.

Animated Song Sheet at the Elks' Minstrels.

Pickaninny Cake Walk Will Also be Introduced—Something New in Manager Holtzhouser's Watchword.

Manager Louis Holtzhouser has two entirely new features to present among the specialties of the coming charity minstrels of the Elks. An "Animated Song Sheet" is one of them. This will be nothing less than human heads set to music. On a large sheet of canvas will appear the scores and the notes will be represented by human heads appearing through oval openings. The heads will be black. These human notes will join in the chorus of the songs given. Another feature that will make a hit is the pickaninny cake walk, in which a dozen of the real southern article will be seen in the most original and amusing performance known to colored artists.

Concluded to Leave.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—Url Bennett, who for ten days defied the committee of citizens who ordered him to leave the town of Delmar, has finally taken his departure and no more trouble is feared there.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrah when everything else failed.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

Ely's Cream Balm works like a charm; it has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head; I would not be without it.—Fred'k Price, 302 Hart St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

PICTURE FRAMES

Made to Order. A fine line of mouldings to select from.

KEIL & KEIL,
116 Calhoun Street.

"Our Nation in War."

Typewriters cleaned and repaired at International Business College. Home telephone, 504 Main. 616

We are showing a full line of the Crown make silk suspenders, from 50 cts. up to $2 00 per pair.
CLOSE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

TRADES AND LABOR.

New Officers and Delegates Elected Last Evening.

Council Favors Proposed Eight Hour Law —Reports of Secretary and Treasurer Received.

Last evening the Trades and Labor council held an annual meeting for the election of officers and transaction of other business. The following delegates from the various organizations presented their credentials and were duly recognized:

Typographical Union—George H. Hench, Frank Bacome, L. N. Muhlheimer, C. J. Ioss, Charles W. Hanker.

Cigarmakers—H. G. Hoellje, C. Krentzer, F. J. Matz, L. P. Sandlas, Levi Bender.

Machinists—John Urbhins, W. M. Schultz, A. C. Hobrock, William Wurtle, John Nolan.

Barbers—C. J. Stoiss, John Brunschill, F. B. Schlink, Frank Helmke, H. Gunstiser.

Retail Clerks—Charles Neireiter, John Buehler, Clem Eckers, Con Shanks, Christ Rose.

Horseshoers — Thomas Phillips, John Sheehan, John Logan, Charles Starr, John H. Logan.

Mail Carriers—C. E. Bodrup, Arthur Burns, Isaac Herring, Frederick Furias, Leonard Stelf.

Bricklayers—John Fahlsing, Cliff Gordon, John Clever, Charles Moger, Barry Stahl.

Engineers — M. F. Newland, Thomas Baxter, C. E. Thomas, D. E. Croy, William Haymond.

Brewers—Robert Muehlfaith, Albert Rehm, Ben Mathy, Fred Riley, Henry Krafs.

The reports of the secretary and treasurer were read and approved. The treasurer's report showed that the council has received over $800 during the past year, and that over $267 still remained in the treasury. The eight hour law drafted by the American Federation of Labor and known as house resolution No. 7,393, was endorsed and the secretary was instructed to write to the senators and it was to be reported back to all organizations represented in the council.

A committee of five, consisting of Delegates Bender, Lose, Hobrock, Neireiter and Logan, was appointed to investigate the cost of opening a reading room for organized labor. The council will expend every effort during the winter to revive interest in organized labor, both in the old and new organizations. Several important matters were up for discussion last night, but the nature of the proceedings was not given out.

NEW OFFICERS.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected:

President—Thomas Phillips.
Vice President—A. C. Hobrock.
Secretary—C. J. Stoiss.
Treasurer—G. H. Hench.
Executive Board—H. Gunsthor, John Logan, Thomas Baxter, Chas. E. Bodrup, Chas. Neireiter.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Fred Kreckmann.

We are sole agents for the Alfred Benjamin & Co. smoking jackets, dressing and silk vests.
CLOSE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

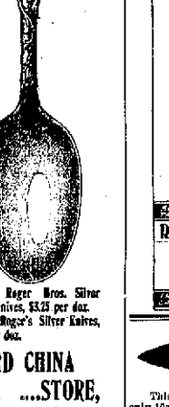
Misses diamond rings, $2.50 and upwards, Brandway Jeweler.
2 10 13 15 17 20 22 24

If you want a good smoke try the Don Carlos. Seod-tf

Given Away.

A beautiful imported Royal Doulton China Dinner Set, 112 pieces.

A ticket will be given with every dollar purchase and entitles you to a chance in the free distribution of this beautiful China Dinner Set, to be given away January 1st, 1899.



1847 Roger Bros. Silver Plated Knives, $3.25 per doz.
Wm. Rogers Silver Knives, $3.00 per doz.

WARD CHINA ...STORE,
Sign Big Iron Dog.

Cleveland's Baking Powder does the work just right every time.

That's why all the leading Teachers of Cookery use and recommend it.

PRICES GOING UP.

Shortage in California Wine Crop Has Advanced Sale Figures.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—The shortage in the wine crop of 1898 and the fairly good demand that has existed during the last year have resulted in advancing prices. In speaking of the situation Secretary Hitchkiss, of the Wine Manufacturer's corporation said:

"Prices of wines have been steadily advanced for some time and since October 1, the increase has amounted to six cents per gallon. We feel confident that prices will go higher. Our opinion is based on the facts of the long continued dry weather, which will weaken the vines, and the ravages of the phylloxera."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

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Something for Every Person. Something for Every Purse.

We have the variety to insure an easy choice for Old and Young. The newest attractions in

Gift Books with fancy bindings.
Set Books, complete line.
Bibles in endless variety.
Fancy Goods and Novelties, all new.
Pictures and Picture Frames.
Novelty Toys, Games, Desks, Blackboards, etc.

Siemon & Brother, Opposite the Court House.

SOMETHING NEW

5¢

Large package of the world's best cleanser for a nickel. Ask your grocer for a large package. All grocers. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

A TEN-CENT CIGAR for a NICKEL. Smoke one and be Convinced.

QUALITY always the BEST and UNIFORM the Year 'Round.

NO EXPERIMENT. Twelve Millions sold annually.

UPMANN'S COMPETENCIA Extra 5

TRADE SUPPLIED BY

UPMANN & WILCOX, FOR SALE IN FORT WAYNE BY **CHICAGO.**

H. H. Wordsworth & Co. Fred'k Reuss. H. G. Kleinfelter. Fort Wayne Cigar Co. (George Smith, Jr.) Albert G. Fox. H. E. Bobst.

A PEERLESS TRIO.

RATES LOWER THAN VIA OTHER LINES.

REGULAR SPANISH

This is the exact size and shape of the Regular Spanish Cigar. The only 10c Cigar that sells for 5c. Made by
Phone 535. KASTEN & KOHLMEYER, 848 Calhoun Street.

Globe

Sensible....

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The time is past to buy foolish presents. So what is more useful are more appreciated by a man, boy or child than one of our

HIGH GRADE

Suits or Overcoats.

We are also showing a complete line of latest novelties in celebrated

Auerbach Holiday Neckwear, Alfred Benjamin Smoking Jackets, Young's Hats,

And all the leading makes in other novelties in holiday attire for men, boys' and children.

$12 GIVEN AWAY

EVERY WEEK UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

With every purchase of $1.00 or over you get a key, one of which unlocks the box displayed in our window which contains the

$12.00 Cash.

The lucky key secures the money.

All keys to be tried the succeeding Monday.

GLOBE McKeown

116 MONUMENT PLACE, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

SMITH PREMIER

For All Around Work

It Excels in all Desirable Features. It is Simple, Strong and Mechanically Correct—the Most Economical Machine Made.

Send for Art Catalogue.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

TYPEWRITER

"Seeing Is Believing."

We have on hand a large assortment of good second hand Pianos and Organs which we wish to dispose of within the next 10 days in order to make room for our holiday stock. All of these instruments have been put in first-class condition at our factory and will be sold under a guarantee to be taken back as part payment towards a new PACKARD any time within three years at full price paid.

PIANOS.

$375	HALLETT & DAVIS Full sized, upright.	$215	
$350	KRANICH & BACH, Upright, good condition.	$300	
$300	LESTER, Mahogany Case.	$225	
$350	LESTER, Upright, good as new	$220	
$250	KIMBALL, Upright, Slightly used.	$196	
$325	TAYLOR & SON, Upright, walnut case.	$175	
$250	HINZE UPRIGHT Oak case,	$150	
$300	VOSE & SON, Square, carved legs, etc.	$125	
$300	U. S PIANO CO. Square, large size:	$100	
$175	MILLER SQUARE	$75	
$375	GROVESTEUN SQUARE	$60	

ORGANS.

$110	STERLING; 11 Stops, 6 Octave.	$60	
$125	STORY & CLARK; 11 Stops, 6 Octave; good as new.	$72	
$110	STORY & CLARK; 9 Stops, 5 Octave; modern style.	$60	
$110	ESTEY; 9 stops Fancy Case	$55	
$115	ESTEY; 11 Stops.	$68	
$95	STERLING; 11 Stops, High case.	$47	
$110	PACKARD; 8 Stops, Orchestral Style.	$45	
$85	PACKARD; 8 Steps, Chapel Style.	$30	
$100	NEW ENGLAND 9 Stops; high top	$50	
$100	PRINCE; 9 Stops, Modern style.	$47	
$90	SMITH AMERICAN, Chapel style.	$25	
$75	TAYLOR & FARLEY	$30	

Money Saved by buying now. Goods sold for Cash or Credit.

"Packard Music House"

120 Calhoun Street.

EXTEND THE LINE.

Completion of the Findlay Road Will be Pushed Eastward.

To Connect With the Baltimore and Ohio —Busy in the Fort Wayne Shops.

A well known railroad man who visited Findlay a few days ago stated that he believed the people of that city would this spring see the extension of the Tangent line toward the east, says the Findlay Republican.

"It will be the carrying out of the decision made one year ago to extend the road," said he.

Continuing, the gentleman said: "There is a probability, however, that the extension will not now be a long one, but it will be an advantageous one to this city. Close observers among railroad men and others have noticed what a great benefit to the road has been the Pennsylvania terminal at Fort Wayne. An eastern terminal with a good railway system would give the road the same advantage in the east. Such a connection would be with the Baltimore and Ohio at Tiffin, and I believe still the proper effort Tiffin could secure the road."

The reports of the officials of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western, which are now being made, will undoubtedly show a large increase in the gross earnings of the road, and this will surely be a good argument in favor of the extension.

Against Sculpture.

At a banquet given in St. Louis, Grand Chief Conductor Clark, of the Order of Railway Conductors, made an address in which he showed that the attitude of railway wage earners is unstereably opposed to ticket scalping as an evil that makes unwarrantable inroads upon the earnings of the railroads. He urged that it is against public morals and public policy, and the railroads are entitled to legislation which will protect them against it.

A Nickel Plate Trainman Killed.

The Bellevue Gazette tells of the sad fate of Sterling R. Davey, who fell from a train at Woodland, Ohio, last Tuesday and was cut in two by the wheels. Until three weeks ago Davey was mailer of Nickel Plate train crews at Bellevue and in that capacity made the acquaintance of the trainmen on the division between that city and Fort Wayne. He quit calling and took a position as brakeman on the second division. He was twenty-one years old. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon. Joseph Davey, the father of the deceased, is a conductor on the middle division of the Nickel Plate.

Repair Shops Full of Engines.

At present there are twenty engines in the Pittsburg shops in various stages of repair and the majority of them belong to the roads that go to make up the northwestern system other than the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago. The engines brought in for repairs during the week ending today were Nos. 130, 140, 53, 418, 338 and 172. Those repaired and turned out during the same period were Nos. 127, 225, 39, 179 and 202. The machinists and boilermakers are still working thirteen hours per day, with little prospect of a change before the spring months. East bound freight, now that navigation has closed, will increase in volume as the grain movement advances and busy times in the transportation department means plenty of work in the mechanical department. Yesterday there were fifteen solid eastbound freight trains through this city, not including the local freights. The westbound movement was almost as heavy, though the proportion of loaded cars was not so great. As long as this business continues, there will be no "let up" to over time in the shops.

Combine Against Rate Cutting.

It is well understood that a compact has been entered into between the Vanderbilt and Tom Scott Thomson, of the Pennsylvania lines, which means that those roads will compel the weaker lines to refrain from rate cutting. When the Baltimore and Ohio is out of the hands of its receivers it will no longer continue as a rate-disturbing factor among the trunk lines. It is said that small this is accomplished the agreement between the Vanderbilt and the Pennsylvania lines will not become operative.

The Snow Blockade Nearly Ended.

The troubles occasioned by the snow storm in Pennsylvania and New York are gradually subsiding and trains are making better time than they did a few days ago. Westbound trains on the Nickel Plate yesterday, however, were from one to five hours late. Today they were a little behind time in reaching this city, but there was a marked improvement over the preceding three or four days.

Changes at the Wabash Shop Office.

Mr. Thompson, of Moberly, Mo., will take a position as stenographer with Master Mechanic G. S. McKee, of the Wabash, January 1, succeeding Miss Emma Wallace, who next Monday assumes her old place in the office of the manager of the Union Central Life Insurance company, as mentioned in THE SENTINEL yesterday. Until the arrival of Mr. Thompson, Frank Markey, clerk for General Shop Foreman W. S. Cooper, will fill the position in the master mechanic's office, and James Houlihan will perform the clerical duties in the shop.

Injured in a Fall.

Warren Carpenter sustained painful injuries this morning while en route to the clockie works, where he is employed as fireman. He slipped on the icy pavement and, in the fall, sprained his right wrist and ruptured one of the blood vessels. The wounds are so painful that Mr. Carpenter had to give up work and return home.

Personal and General.

C. M. Burns, foul agent of the Wabash, was in the city this morning.

Fred Lenz, the springmaker, is detained at home by the illness of his wife.

Harry Parker, traveling agent of the Union Pacific, was in the city yesterday.

John Keller, Wabash car repairer, is detained at home by sickness in his family.

Brakeman E. M. Young, of the Nickel Plate, is taking a lay off for a few days.

W. Fetters and Joseph Clark, of the Pittsburg lumber yards, are sick and off duty.

Danny Crimmons, fireman on a Pittsburg switch engine, is off duty on account of sickness.

Illinois now has 16,263 miles of railroad, main line, 170 miles having been added the last year.

Nickel Plate Engineer M. F. McCarthy and Fireman H. S. Blackburn are taking a few days' rest.

Howse Piper, who had a finger injured a few days ago in the Pittsburg shops, resumed work this morning.

Conductor J. Ithinger and Brakeman J. Hamilton, of the Nickel Plate, were hooking down the road yesterday.

B. R. Brown, of the east shops, had his thumb caught between a car door and the jam yesterday and severely injured.

Local agents have been notified that the various Fort Wayne lines would make the usual holiday rate to college students.

President Fish, of the Illinois Central, who has been on an inspection trip of the entire system, has returned to New York.

C. B. Slagle, draughtsman at the Bass works, is suffering from a bad cold which has kept him within doors for two or three days.

The rumor is current that the United States Express company will be consolidated with one of the other large express companies.

William Bohyans and Joseph Hoseler, machinists employed on the night shift in the Pittsburg roundhouse, are on the sick list.

F. H. Hoyt, former secretary of the Joint Traffic association, has been selected as secretary of the conference of eastern railway presidents.

Mrs. George Graham, wife of the engine painter, is quite sick and that gentleman is kept from his work in the Pittsburg shops on that account.

Passenger Fireman Ed Nickolls, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road, is on the sick list and Pierce Parmely is performing the duties during Ed's sickness.

President Blackstone, of the Chicago and Alton, has increased his library endowment to the town of Hartford, Conn., where he was born, another $100,000.

Included in the shipments from the electric works today were a car load of dynamo machinery to Camden, N. J., and an 1,000-light dynamo to Wellsburg, W. Va.

Members of the local branch of the Order of Railway Conductors have received an invitation to a ball to be given by the Toledo division of the order next Wednesday evening.

Freight traffic on the Chicago division of the Baltimore and Ohio is the heaviest ever known and engines are being transferred from the eastern divisions to help move the business.

Nickel Plate engine 85, which was turned out of the shops Wednesday, has gone to Bellevue to go into yard service. Engine 102 went to the Stony Island shops yesterday for repairs.

George Carling, who resigned a position with the Wabash a short time ago, has returned to that service and this morning was sent to Peru to work in the shops. He is a coppersmith.

Nickel Plate Brakeman J. A. Shoup, who for several years was a member of the lineman's gang, has been temporarily transferred to that department again, the company being short of linemen.

Engineer Ira Burger, of the Pittsburg, was not seriously injured, as stated by the morning papers. He fell yesterday morning and slightly bruised himself, but took his engine out when his turn came as usual.

T. D. Ricadine, assistant to President Hunt, of the Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Virginia, has been placed in charge of the property during Mr. Hunt's receivership of the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City.

Ambrose Benedict, of the Pittsburg shops, who is undergoing his annual attack of the quinsy, was unable to report for duty this morning, the malady being very bad, his hopes to be relieved in a few days, however.

William Boog, of the Pittsburg shop, is sick with lagrippo.

C. Sonder, a Nickel Plate fireman, fell yesterday while going to the round house to take his run out, and severely bruised his left side. He had to give up the run and seek relief at the hands of the company's surgeon, Dr. J. M. Dinnon.

The improvements the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy is making at Quincy, Ill., will cost $1,000,000. This includes a new bridge, new passenger and freight stations, and requires the filling of an embankment forty feet high for 2,000 feet.

Thomas Walsh, the aged watchman at the Lafayette street entrance to the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, fell this morning and severely sprained his back. He is unable to be on duty and John Hayes is filling the position at the gate for awhile.

Daniel Feigen, foreman of the copper and tinsmith departments of the Pittsburg shops, went to Grand Rapids yesterday afternoon on business for the company, expecting to remain there until Monday. A. Gerber has charge of the tin shop in the meantime.

The great number of inquiries received concerning the coming Gates Mexican excursion leads District Passenger Agent R. G. Thompson to believe that there will be a number of excursionists from this territory. Mr. Thompson will have charge of the February excursion.

The second biennial session of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen of America was held in Macon, Ga., and elected John T. Wilson, of St. Louis, grand chief foreman. The executive committee is composed of J. F. Craig, chairman, W. F. Mackey, J. A. Badger and J. C. Lamert.

The Order of Railway Conductors will initiate a class of ten at its meeting next Sunday afternoon. This will be the largest number of members taken in the order at one meeting for some months. It is the result of the "hustling" some of the members have engaged in lately.

E. R. Pilling, passenger conductor on the Panhandle, who has been confined at his home in Donelson for some time with locomotor ataxia, has written a book, which is now in the hands of the printer, giving a series of railroad experiences from section hand to an official position.

About twenty employes of the electric works, headed by William Maelin, will go out to Sheldon on "holes" tonight and indulge in an oyster supper at the residence of Clark Beatly, who until recently was an employe of the Electric corporation. The affair is to be strictly a "stag" party.

Robert Cairnes, the aged Pittsburg engineer, whose illness was noted in THE SENTINEL a week ago, is growing worse daily and fears of his death is hourly expected here. Mr. Cairnes is said to be the oldest engineer, both in term of service and age, on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago road. He resides in Crestline.

The Great Northern threatens to invade Northern Pacific territory. J. J. Hill, president of the former company, has purchased the tax certificates on the old Union Pacific roadbed between Tacoma and Portland. The Union Pacific spent $3,000,000 on this line, abandoned the work and the property has been held for taxes.

DAUGHTER OF GEN. WEYLER.

Interesting Fact Concerning Mrs. Metcalf, Once of Springfield, Mo.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Dec. 20.—Mrs. Cecil Metcalf, who lived in Springfield up to a short time ago, was a daughter of General Weyler, the former governor general of Cuba. None of her acquaintances know of her relationship to the Spanish general. Mrs. Metcalf's husband was employed as an advertising agent on local papers. They went to Boston in December, 1896. They are now in Honolulu, where the husband is the correspondent of a Chicago paper. Mrs. Metcalf was about four years old. She frequently said her father was a Spanish general, but never mentioned his name to her acquaintances. She met Metcalf eight years ago while attending school in Boston.

One Who Knows.

A Philadelphia Physician, Like a Philadelphia Lawyer, is Noted For Wisdom.

W. R. B. Blackwell, M. D., 622 North 42nd street, Philadelphia, Pa., writes to the Buffalo Medical Co. about this interesting article:

"Years ago I had a call from the representative of a firm making malt extract. I told him that, in my opinion, no malt extract in malt was any good. He simply waited until I got through with my talk on the subject, and the next day sent me to the hospitals that I had named him, a few cases of his preparation. He also sent me a quantity, and asked me to be the judge. Every test made of the extract which they had left with me proved it to be the 'best malt.' In search of the 'best' Tonic—Pabst Malt Extract. It is a long time since I first came into contact with the knowledge of this excellent brand of malt, and it will be an equally long time (if I live) before I will give it up for any other. I believe in 'The Best' Tonic as long as being the best, no pruning being attended. It is not acrid or sour, as too many of the brands are. It 'sets well' on the stomach in weak ladies who reject the ordinary malts. It keeps well also, which is an item of moment. It is economical in cost, and is pleasant in taste. Such characteristics ought to entitle it to be 'the best' wherever and know its merits, and each of my readers as have not yet invested in it would do well to find out for themselves what it really is, and I am sure that they will not be disappointed when they do.

"What the Philadelphia doctor has said is an old story with those who are familiar with Pabst Malt Extract. 'The Best' Tonic.

If you desire to be sick, this tonic will help you to recover your health and strength. It will put new flesh upon you. Know you, you're the whole system. It feeds blood, brain, nerves and bone. Hundreds of your loved ones to fill and to grow thin and weak. 'The Best' Tonic will give him new strength and keep up his spirits. It is easily digested, and fulfills the requirements of concentrated food for both the body and the nerves. It puts most anemic, it will give rich, red blood and plenty of it, and will help to bring glowing cheeks and sparkling eyes. If nervously exhausted, it will bring the right up, give you vim and bounce. It is a boon to every nursing mother, and supplies the right nourishment for both herself and her baby. It brings strength to the invalid, creates a good appetite, builds up the whole body, and will go far to restore sound, refreshing slumber to all those who suffer from wakefulness from any cause.

How many "spare-featured" girls and women lose all their charm and attractiveness for lack of a full, solid and gray, as if all the blood in their veins were treated to skimmed milk! Even when riding a bicycle, playing tennis or golf, or taking other pleasant exercise, their eyes are still dull and lifeless, no flesh, no color in the cheeks, and the air of languor and lassitude makes them wish that they had never been born. Address, R. H. Hunt, care Sentinel.

WANTED—Ladies to embroider; good pay; work sent to any part of country. Send stamp for particulars. Universal Co., 23 Park Row, New York city.

WANTED—Reliable person wanted in each locality to introduce our goods; $18 weekly; permanent position; enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Standard Manufacturing Co., 334 Dearborn street, Chicago.

WANTED—Two boys to work at the Oak Lawn dairy, two miles north of the city limits; wages $15 per month. Address Oak Lawn Dairy, Box 1, Irvington, Ind.

WANTED—Solid man to sell staple goods to the trade; $75 per month and expenses. Address, with stamp, Dept. 3, Chicago Specialty Co., Chicago.

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Sale of Women's Jackets!

Eighty-seven of them

In the two lots, in Black, Blue, Tan, Castor and Brown. All at top notch of style.

AT $4.98 — The first lot. Jackets made of Cheviots and Bouclés. Some at value double the price—none worth less than $6.50.

AT $9.88 — Jackets made of fine kersey cloths all colors. Some satin lined throughout, some taffeta silk—$14 and $15 Jackets; decidedly good values.

AT $1.75 EACH. Today we commence the selling of 50 Electric Seal Scarfs—4 tails. The best low price fur selling of the season.

HOLIDAY UMBRELLAS FOR WOMEN Such a show of pretty umbrellas! A wonderful gathering there needs be to supply the givers of these useful holiday gifts. The hints of the new, pretty kinds for women—all $1-inch.

At $1.00—Silk and wool serge Umbrellas, steel rod, natural wood handles.

At $1.39—Tape edge union taffeta Umbrellas, steel rod, pearl handles.

At $1.50—Silk and wool serge Umbrellas, steel rod, fine dresden and natural wood handles, silver trimmed.

At $2.00—Union serge Umbrellas, fibre, natural wood and dresden handles.

At $2.50—Union taffeta Umbrellas, princess handles.

At $3.00—All silk Umbrellas, steel rod, princess handles.

Elegant novelties in all silk Umbrellas, $3.50, $4, $5 and up to $14 each. Beautiful variety of handles to pick from.

WHITE QUILTS.

A useful and good gift for a woman is one of those elegant Quilts which we have just landed—are importations of our own.

Satin finish white Quilts, no doubt the handsomest white Quilts ever brought to sell here.

Prices $4.25 to $20 each.

TOWELS.

Some new beauties just brought out as holiday gifts, large, hemstitched in fine huck and satin damask.

Prices 49c, 59c, 69c to $1.35 each.

CLOI-SON-NE VASES.

Among the many Japanese Vases, we offer this beautiful ware. Shows up a little more dainty—Vases in all shapes and sizes.

Prices 25c to $12.50.

Handkerchiefs for Men.

Initial, 5c, 10c to 65c.
Hemstitched 5c to $1.00.
Hemmed, 10c to 40c.
Colored Border 5c to 25c.

Men's Furnishing Goods.

There's a wonderful variety and choosing for a gift to men in this complete stock.

Men's Laundried Shirts in boxes, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 each.
Men's Suspenders in boxes, 25c, 35c, 50c to $1.50 pair.
Men's Lined Kid Mittens, $1.00, $1.35 and $1.50 pair.
Men's Lined Hocks Mittens, $1.25, 1.40 and 1.50.
Men's Reindeer Mittens, elegant, silk lined, $2.00 pair.
Men's Silk Lined Kid Mittens, $1.00 up to 1.50 pair.
Men's Lined Kid Gloves, $1.00 to $1.50 pair.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

IT IS SO!

Furs bound to raise in price before xmas. Now is the time to buy. There's a number of good investments left in all kinds of furs. Prosecution any time. Money to loan at 6 and 7 per cent. Diamonds bought and sold. Business honest. Don't forget to look at my line of honest and beautiful furs in all sorts of low city.

Respectfully,
LOUIS F. CURDES,
Manufacturing Furrier.
Room 6 Phone 676. 1 2 6 Pixley-Lyons Block.

MONEY!

Can be saved to better advantage than at the
ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION,
21 East Berry Street.
Any number of shares can be taken at any time. 6% per cent. Interest is paid on all withdrawals. Stock matures in thirteen years. Money to Loan for any Purpose.

SKATES!

You don't want to be a clown skating, but you want a reliable skate. You can get them at
GOLDSTINE'S PLACE, 116 Calhoun St.

EBERSOLE PIANOS
Have no equal in tone.
FRANK BI LONG,
119 Calhoun Street.

1840. **THE PIONEER.** 1898.

50 and 52 EAST MAIN.

PREPARED AS NEVER BEFORE FOR HOLIDAY TRADE.
COME TO HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY FURNITURE AND SAVE MONEY.

Prepared with a stock which for size, completeness, variety, lowness of price, quality and general attractiveness, cannot be equaled in Fort Wayne.

The largest store in the city offers Holiday Buyers every advantage any store else or does offer, besides many that no other store can offer.

JOHN M. MILLER,

MISS LOWRY'S
AUCTION SALE

Fine China, Lamps and Bric-a-Brac will begin

Monday, December 12th,

Wait for It.

East Berry St., Next Door to Aveline House.

We'll Continue

Our very successful sale of Fine Cheviot and Worsted Suitings, which we will make to your order for

$15, $18 $20,

for this week only. It's the best bargain of the year and the choicest patterns are going very fast. You had better leave your measure at once if you want one of these suits.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Fine Black Clay Worsted Suits, made to your order for $22.00.

I. MAUTNER & CO.,
POPULAR TAILORS.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, DEC. 10, 1898.

OUR TELEPHONES.
Business Office ..... No. 178.
Editorial Rooms ..... No. 500.

The Weather.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—For Indiana: Fair tonight and Sunday; not quite so cold; brisk westerly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

P. J. Bulger, of Griffith street, is on the sick list.

The Red Necktie club will give a hop on the night of January 20.

The Misses Clara and Loretta Siemer are now at home at 28 East Jefferson street.

The students of Concordia college gave a delightful concert at the college chapel last evening.

Nathan Swysse has gone to Chicago to enter the employ of the law firm of Willitt, Eldridge & King.

Mrs. Inez Johnson, of this city, was this week the guest of her brother, G. O. Russell, jr., at Albion.

Miss Norah Schindler, of Galion, Ohio, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. H. Schindler, of 61 Maumee avenue.

The Relief Union will hold an important meeting next Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at No. 146 Fritch-ard street.

August Savio, of Monroeville, has gone to Chicago to be treated for consumption. He was accompanied by D. C. Pearson.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Bowser, who have been in Boston and New York the past two weeks, will return home this evening.

James Dalton, of Colerick street, left last evening for Michigan to join William Grafle and William Kraus on a hunting expedition.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Miller have issued invitations for the celebration of the twelfth anniversary of their marriage, which will occur December 23d.

Otto Schaaf, the young clerk at the Loesch drug store, who has been ill at the hospital, was able to be removed to his home at 177 East Lewis street yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith, of Shelton, last evening, entertained friends at supper in honor of Mrs. Max Blitz, who is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Barcus.

Among the guests at the Randall: A. C. Wilkerson, Huntington; J. M. Starrett, Toledo; S. G. Van Winkle, Muncie; A. C. Beeson, Montpelier; S. A. Miller, Agonier; H. A. Davis, Indianapolis.

J. B. Miller, of Decatur, has decided to come to Fort Wayne and establish a barber shop on South Calhoun street. Mr. Miller's family will become residents of this city within a few weeks.

Among the guests at the Wayne: Charles Brand, Urbana, Ohio; C. Hoffer, Mansfield, Ohio; Otto Yeager, Cicero, Ind.; Ben M. Epstein, Philadelphia; L. A. Lanigan, Detroit; H. L. Parker, Cincinnati; W. F. Ernst, Grand Rapids.

The First Spiritualist society meetings are now being held in the hall above Bloom's undertaking shop, on Calhoun street. Dr. D. Danskin, an eloquent and logical speaker, is now serving the society. Lectures each Sunday at 7:15 p. m. Lyceum class at 10:30 a. m.

Captain Bertram Scott, of the Volunteers of America, has effected a lease of the store rooms in the Trentman block, and will soon open regular meetings for the salvation of souls. Captain Scott will shortly be joined by a lieutenant of the army. The meetings are similar to those of the Salvation Army.

At a meeting of the Northwestern Ohio Medical association held in Lima, Ohio, Thursday, Dr. M. F. Porter, Dr. K. K. Wheelock, Dr. G. W. McCaskey and Dr. C. B. Stemen, of this city, attended. Dr. Porter read a paper on "Diagnosis and Treatment of Appendicitis," and Dr. McCaskey read one upon, "The Toxemic Factor in Diabetes Mellitus and Clinical Study."

Monroeville Breeze: "It is with regret that we announce that the condition of Uncle Johnny Griffith has grown much worse and all hopes of his recovery have been abandoned by the physician under whose care and treatment he was has been entrusted for the past year. Mr. Griffith was on Friday last removed from the city of Fort Wayne, where he has been stopping for the past two weeks, to his home east of town, and last reports from his bedside are to the effect that his condition is very critical and the end is liable to appear at a moment least expected."

Poultry and Oysters.
Nice drawn Chickens, 9c lb.
Nice drawn Ducks, 10c lb.
Select Oysters, 25c; Standards, 20c.
Best Celery, large bunches, 20c.
Cape Cod Cranberries, 5c qt.
WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate or personal security. C F PFEIFFER, Rooms 9-7 Bass Blk. 2tf

Butter, Eggs, Flour, Potatoes and Meats.
Best Roll Butter 15c lb.
Fresh Country Eggs, 21c dozen.
Best South Whitley Flour, $3.25 bbl.
All Best City Flour, $3.40 barrel.
Michigan White Hebron Potatoes, 40c bush.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 15c peck.
Large Denver Onions, 10c peck.
Sugar Cured Picnic Hams and Shoulders, 6c lb.
Best Sugar Cured Hams, 8c lb.
Best Sugar Cured Bacon, 9c lb.
Good Smoked Bacon, 6c lb.
WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Mrs. F. Y. Gross left today for Garrett, Ind., to visit friends.

Gus Beckmann, agent of the "In Old Kentucky" company, is at the Randall.

Mad Anthony Hive No. 27, L. O. T. M., will give a hop at the Multnomah dancing academy on December 14.

The Fraternal Mystic Circle will an entertainment on Monday evening, December 12, in the hall over the Fruit House.

The Lotus Group will meet at the rooms of the Universal Brotherhood, 24 East Berry street, Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Miss Cora Hickman, of Van Buren street, has arrived home from Ashley, Ind., where she was engaged in the millinery business.

The fair held by Maidless Chapter at its hall on Clinton street closed last night. It was a success financially and otherwise.

The Wayne tent lodge team will go to Roanoke next Saturday evening to initiate a class of candidates into the lodge of that place.

Mrs. John Haines returned home yesterday from Columbia City, where she was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Curtis Van Gordall.

The young ladies' society of the First Presbyterian church will give a doll sale and supper at the parlors on Friday and next Friday afternoon and evening.

Charley Casterline was very pleasantly surprised last evening by about twenty of his young friends. They came masked. The evening was spent in games and cards.

George H. Allen, of this city, has been assigned by the Chicago Record to look after the interests of the paper at St. Marys, Ind., next week. Mr. Allen has already gone there.

A. N. Pollmanns, superintendent of agencies at the works of S. F. Bowser & Co., will return home this evening from the east, where he has been for some time in the interest of the company.

William Taflinger entertained the T. A. C. club and friends at his home, 70 West Jefferson street, last evening. Games and music were enjoyed until midnight, when a lunch was served.

Among the guests at the New Avolne: M. Gregory, Lafayette; T. J. Chator, Huntington; J. M. McFarland, Indianapolis; W. A. Boler, Van Wert; E. F. Lyon, Detroit; L. G. Hughes, Terre Haute; G. G. Stoll, Wheaton, Iowa.

The Ruth and Naomi society gave a benefit social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sutton last Tuesday evening and realized enough to assist a needy old lady throughout the winter. The society aims to extend charitable endeavors.

M. W. Fitch has sold his half interest in the Fitch fire insurance agency to his brother, C. B. Fitch, and will at once engage in the insurance, real estate and loan business with his sons, E. M. and D. C. Fitch. The firm will be known as M. W. Fitch & Sons and for the present it will occupy quarters in Dr. Hutson's former offices in the Pixley-Long block.

R. W. E. Southworth, of Flint, Mich., has been in the city several days arranging with the leading hotels to place a revolving library case filled with books in the reading rooms of the several houses. The same plan has been introduced at Indianapolis and the owner says it is the purpose to form a chain of libraries in all of the principal cities and issue a traveling card annually which entitles them to the use of the books not only in the hotel but while on the road. Mr. Southworth has appointed Messrs. Buck and Stewart, of the Novelty Advertising company, to look after his interests in Fort Wayne.

DR. HALE DOES NOT
Write Testimonials, But Does Good in Another Way.

My husband, Dr. Hale, does not write recommendations, but he always recommends to his patients the use of Postum Food Coffee, in place of common coffee.

We mix the postum with just enough cog (white and yolk beaten together) to moisten it in lukewarm water, and the Postum does not boil up around the edges of the coffee pot as it does when moistened with water alone, and we think it tastes richer and seems clearer.

The dose not take the place of continued boiling, for we have no way to get the rich taste out of Postum except by knowing that it has been allowed to boil fifteen or twenty minutes after the real boiling begins.

Many make a mistake by counting the fifteen minutes from the time they put the pot on the stove, but this will not do. I have never had any liver trouble since I began the use of Postum, whereas before, I was constantly troubled with a sluggish liver.

Mrs. Morris Hale, 417 Quapaw Ave., Hot Springs, Ark.

Poultry, Oysters and Celery.
The Greatest Grocery will have a special sale tomorrow, Saturday, of fine, fat young dressed Turkeys at 11c lb.
Dressed and Drawn Chickens, 10c lb.
Dressed and Drawn Ducks, 10c lb.
Dressed and Drawn Geese, 10c lb.
Fresh Shucked Standard Stewing Oysters, 25c quart, 10c can.
Extra Selects for frying, 25c can.
Michigan Celery, big bunches, 10c.
THE GREATEST GROCERY

GO TO KEIL & KEIL,
116 Calhoun St., for
Medallions.
Picture Frames.
Platinotypes.
Pictures of all varities.
For every purchase above 49c they give you a beautiful water color.

Frank Koplinger is at South Bend on business.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Wright are spending a few days in Chicago.

S. E. Randall, of Aetna, attended the meeting of the Fort Wayne lodge of Elks last evening.

Mrs. Overmeyer chaperoned a party to the Ellison farm last evening. Mr. Ellison was host.

Charles Scantling has resigned his position with the Aldine to accept a position at Churubusco.

Mrs. N. Schlessinger, of Chicago, is the guest of her neice, Mrs. Isaac Weil, of 202 East Wayne street.

There was a special conclave of Fort Wayne commandery, K. T., last evening, to confer Christian knighthood.

Mrs. A. L. Cornille, of 41 East Superior street, was taken suddenly ill yesterday and for a time was in a critical condition.

Little Ruth Evans gave a bobsled party to a number of her neighborhood friends yesterday afternoon after school.

Miss Julia Reeves, for several days the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Kipp, returned to her home in Pennsylvania, Mich., this morning.

The "900" met last evening with Guy Colerick and elected officers. Other business was transacted and the winter's prospect was discussed.

Mrs. Enid-Strasberg Myers went to Chicago yesterday to hear the artist, Moritz Rosenthal, whom many think the greatest pianist in the world.

Harry Jones, who was reported by some of the papers as being threatened with typhoid fever, has recovered from a slight indisposition and is around today as usual.

The Cincinnati Bill Poster this week contains a fine illustration of the big advertisement Joseph Brinsmead painted on the court house fence for the Ingersoll lecture last spring.

In giving a list of the prizes won by members of the Maccabees, The Sentinel unintentionally omitted the name of Edward Pauck, who was awarded an elegant gold button, emblematic of the order.

Mrs. Thomas O'Rourke is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Smith. In a few days she will leave for Philadelphia to join her husband, who has accepted a responsible position in a large clerkic corporation.

The Keramic club will continue its art exhibit and sale in Frank Loag's music store until Monday evening. The display has created much admiration from art lovers and praise for the club during the past three days.

Miss Clara Koehn, of New Haven, entertained the H. T. club at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Stellhorn, 106 Taylor street, Thursday evening. Fancy work and social conversation occupied the evening until a late hour.

The marriage of Miss Anna Boyle to Addison Courtney Gumbert will occur next Wednesday in Pittsburg, Pa., and Miss Velma Chaneck will act as maid of honor. Miss Boyle has visited Miss Chaneck and has many friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Beals, Mrs. S. H. Beals and Miss Minnie Beals are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Mason Long. Harry Beals and Charles Bloomhuff, who were in the city yesterday to attend the funeral of J. H. Beals, returned to Chicago last evening.

Representative Robinson has introduced a petition in congress for an allowance of extra pay to Paul Siegel and Henry Eberly, members of the International Association of Machinists of Garrett, Ind., for working overtime at the United States arsenal.

Mrs. Eldon Mathaney and daughter, Rosalie, of Cadillac, Mich., are guests of the Misses Lowrie and Josephine Strong. The Misses Strong are occupying their new home at 117 East Berry street, which is the recent addition to the Randall homestead.

Miss Edith Zollars and Miss Velma Chaneck are at home to their friends Fridays, from 3 to 6 o'clock, at the home of Miss Zollars. The afternoon yesterday was particularly enjoyable. The guests joined in giving an impromptu program, consisting in recitations, vocal and instrumental numbers.

At the last meeting of the Isaac Knapp Dental Coterie two clinics were given by Dr. J. D. Coyle and they excited much favorable comment. Dr. H. L. Porter also read an interesting paper. The coterie is in receipt of an invitation to co-operate as far as possible towards making the dental congress at the Paris exposition in 1900 a success.

Germ-coma by a passion to seek game Robert Spice has been stampeding the moles in the vicinity of Shirley City this week. He returned home this morning, accompanied by his faithful but exhausted pug dog and a fair sized bag of quail. He also brought along a choice collection of stories which he will rehearse and then spring them upon his friends. The tales of Baron Munchausen will pale into insignificance beside the extravagant account of Mr. Spice's quail hunt.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,
The most useful present to buy is one of our fine satchels or dress suit cases.
GOLDINE, THE HATTER.
Opp. Fruit House.

The ladies of the Third Presbyterian church will give a sale of fancy articles and dolls at the parlors, December 15, 16 and 17. Admission free. Supper will be served each evening from 6 to 8 o'clock. December 15, chicken pie supper; December 16, frimsseo chicken; December 17, a regular Yankee supper. The price of supper will be 25 cents.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Bossler, of Jackson and Wills streets—a daughter.

Miss Orie Lewis was yesterday the guest of her cousin, Miss Jennie Fair, in Bluffton.

Father Graham, of Huntington, was a visitor at the Catholic episcopal residence yesterday.

Don Layden is in Huntington visiting Lee Hartman, who is employed in Arnold's dry goods store.

Mrs. C. F. Naylor has returned from a visit with friends and relatives in Huntington and vicinity.

The ladies of the English Lutheran church are anticipating a large crowd at their sale and supper, which occurs next Wednesday evening.

Miss Vina Varenney has returned from Columbia City, where she was under treatment at the sanitarium. Miss Varenny is very much improved in health.

The attending physicians of Alfred Garver, who was caught in a belt at the Bash packing house, report that he is doing as well as could be expected and it is believed that he will recover. Mr. Garver sustained a fracture of the skull, fractures to both legs and two ribs.

Last evening George Rashold and Gus Goeke, accompanied by their lady friends, Miss Jones and Miss Miller, were enjoying a shirk ride on Fairfield avenue, when the horse became frightened and ran away. The sleigh was upset and the occupants thrown out but not injured. The horse continued his wild career for a distance of four squares when it was brought to a standstill by colliding with a telephone pole.

SIMPLE AT FIRST.
It Is Foolish to Neglect Any Form of Piles—Cure Them at the Beginning.

Piles are simple in the beginning and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it—Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkly, 601 Mississippi street, Indianapolis, Ind., says: Have been suffering from the pain and unnecessaries of piles for fifteen years, the Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Major Dean, of Columbus, Ohio, says: I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from this piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years.

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure or will get it for you if you ask them to. If it fifty cents for full sized package. It can be put up only by the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—Wheat, Dec., 64½; May, 69¾; July, 66¾.
Corn—Dec., 32½; May, 33¾; July, 34½.
Oats—Dec., 25½@25¾; May, 25½@25¾.
Pork—Dec., $8.00; Jan., $9.02; May, $9.55.
Lard—Dec., $5.05; Jan., $5.15; May, $5.32.
Ribs—Dec., $4.50; Jan., $4.65; May, $5.82@5.85.

NO ADVANCE.
The Greatest Grocery Has Not Advanced the Price of Sugar, Flour or Meats.

Fine Granulated Sugar, 5c lb.
Best Coffee A Sugar, 5c.
White Extra C Sugar, 4½c.
Fruit Cake Sugar, 5c.
Powdered and Cut Loaf, 6½c.
Belle Fort Wayne, best winter wheat Flour made, and all best City Flour, $3.40 barrel.
Rock Creek Mills (Favorite Brand) next best, $3.15 barrel.
Sand Grown Potatoes, 40c bu.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 15c peck.
Sugar Cured Hams, 7c; Picnic Hams, 5½c.
THE GREATEST GROCERY.

Come and see our Auerbach holiday neckwear just in.
GLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

For you Xmas presents go to Loosch's, corner Barr and Wayne streets.

DOLL SALE
At First Presbyterian church Friday afternoon and evening, December 16. Supper from 6 to 8, 25c.

Typewriters for rent at International Business College. 616

New Feed Store.
Flour and feed, Geo. Taylor, proprietor. Corner Barr and Jefferson. 'Phone 1234.

PRINCESS RINK.
Second Season.
WOMEN'S CLUB LEAGUE ENTERTAINMENT COURSE.
Tuesday Evening, Dec. 13.
Leland T. Powers
and His Lecturette Company
Sale of tickets and reserved seats opens Monday, Dec. 12, at 9 a. m., at Woodworth's drug store.
Tickets and seats for sale at north entrance to the rink on the evening of the entertainment. Admission 50 cents.

Sunday Don Carlos, 6c straight. Sood-tf

Fine Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Brushes, Combs, etc., for Xmas presents, at Loesch's drug store.

Get our prices on winter suits and overcoats. H. Schmidt, 70 East Main. 3-26t

FOR SALE.
A route on this paper. Inquire at 373 Calhoun. 7ef

O'Clock 12 O'Clock Dances.
Every Monday night at White Hall, opposite Masonic Temple. Admission, 10 and 15c. 12sat-tf

THE MOST SELECTED
Line of holiday neckwear and suspenders to be found at
GOLDEN'S, THE HATTER.

An old established Chicago tea, coffee and spice jobbing house wishes a first class salesman with established trade in this line, tributary to Fort Wayne, Ind. State experience, age, name, last employers, salary wanted. Address P. O. Box 1147, Chicago. 3-26-4t

Typewriters for rent at International Business College. 616

$12.00 given away every week until Christmas. Each purchase of $1.00 and over entitles you to a key, one of which will unlock the box containing the money. Try to get the lucky key.
GLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.

Election Notice.
To the officers and members of Kokiosga council, No. 23, National Union: At our next meeting to be held Wednesday, December 14th, will occur the annual election of council officers and three trustees to serve for the ensuing year.
W. S. CUPPIAIL, President.
S. MCAFEE, Secretary. 8 3t

Typewriters cleaned and repaired at International Business College. Home telephone, 504 Main. 616

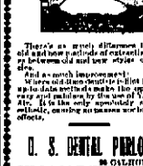
Ladies' tailor-made suits to order at G. Schmidt's, merchant tailor, 70 East Main. 3 26t

Men's, boys and children's woolen and leather gloves or mittens, from 25c up.
CLOBE, A. K. Hurst & Co.
Don Carlos.
Best 5c Cigar in the city. Sondtf

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by the undersigned, who was appointed commissioner by the Superior court of Allen County, Indiana, in a cause therein pending, wherein Mary A. Hutchinson is plaintiff and Mary A. Hutchinson and others are defendants, will sell, at public sale, at the north door of the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot number one hundred and forty-four (144) in Hutchinson's addition to the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1898, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day. The real estate is situated on the south-east corner of Pine and Wayne streets. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws, and on the following terms, to-wit: One-third cash in hand on day of sale, and the balance in one and two years from day of sale, with interest at six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and secured by mortgage on said real estate. Said sale will be made subject to the approval of the court. Dated this 5th day of December, A. D. 1898. HERMAN F. KRUDE, Commissioner. 3t6

The old and the new.



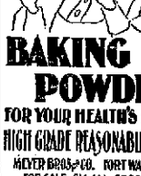
There's as much difference between old and new methods of extracting teeth as between old and new styles of bicycles.

And as much improvement in Dental Parlors as in Bicycles.

Our methods make the operation of extracting teeth almost painless. Call and see us. It is the only successful method of extracting teeth without pain.

U. S. DENTAL PARLORS,
96 CALHOUN ST
DRS. J. A. & J. W. WILLIAMS Mgrs.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL and MATERNITY!
141 Cass Street, corner Sixth.
Telephone 1235.
DR. LUELLA M. BECHTSHIRE.

IMPERIAL

BAKING POWDER
FOR YOUR HEALTH'S SAKE
HIGH GRADE REASONABLE PRICE
MEYER BROS. & CO. FORT WAYNE, IND
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

HARNESS
....OF ALL KINDS.
Whips, Robes, Blankets,
Special Sale of Stable Blankets and Storm Covers at Reduced Prices.
Geo. H. Kuntz,
11 Harrison Street.

Keep Your Eyes Open

Just Received a shipment of 100 of these rockers in Quartered Oak finish and polished with French Polish, all ready to set up in your home next week. Watch for the date line of these Rockers. Upholstered in genuine Silk Tapestrette. Our first Holiday Bargain.

$1.65

Important!

On THURSDAY, DEC. 15, we shall place on sale the large quantity of Genuine Maiden Ware

Jardinieres

At the wonderful low price of

25c

NO ORDERS taken earlier than Thursday, Dec. 15th.

W. J. KETTLER & SON,
FURNITURE. THE PROGRESSIVE STORE.
13 and 17 Court St. 58 and 60 Clinton St.

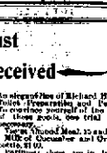
MONEY!
MONEY!
MONEY!

Do you want to borrow money? The Tri-State will loan you money on the famous dollar monthly plan, pay fast or slow—$1,000 for $10.00 per month.

BEST PLAN IN THE WORLD.
INVESTORS
Should call at office for the best plan to save money. $328,000.00 of stock matured in five months. Call at office for full particulars
COR. BERRY & COURT.
Tri-State Building and Loan Association.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.
CAPITAL $200,000.00.
Cor. Main and Court St.
Pays interest on deposits of $1.00 and upwards.
Loans made at a reasonable rate of interest.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES UNION MADE



$3.50
$3.00
$2.50
$2.00 FOR MEN
$2.00 FOR BOYS

We are the largest manufacturers in the world making shoes to the wearer, direct from factory to you, at one profit. Equal to custom made shoes in every detail of style, fit and wear. We are confident we can save you from three to five dollars on a pair of shoes. Our $3.50 shoe is the best in the world for the money. Our $2.00 shoe for boys is the best boys' shoe ever sold for the money. Our name and the price are stamped on the bottom of every shoe before it leaves the factory. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, send direct to factory. All shoes sent everywhere.
W. L. DOUGLAS,
99 CALHOUN ST.

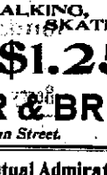
TEETH!
Extracted Without Pain.

Artificial teeth inserted by the painless and best method. Gold crowns and bridge work. Prices reasonable. Examination free.

LOANS TO
Salaried People
(Ladies' or Gentlemen) on their own names.
ROOM 3, ARCADE, UPSTAIRS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—NOTICE OF ELECTION.
Fort Wayne, Indiana, Dec. 9, 1898.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Fort Wayne will be held at the banking house in Fort Wayne, January 10th, 1899, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m., for the election of seven directors, to serve the ensuing year.
LEO M. HAYMAN, Cashier.

You Can Keep Warm By Buying Your....
Furnace Coal,
Hard Coal,
Soft Coal,
Coke & Wood
FROM US
Quick delivery a specialty. Special attention to telephone orders.
KAUFFMAN'S COAL & WOOD YARD,
Cor. Francis and Hayden Sts. Phone 12.



NO PLATES RECORDED

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74 CALHOUN ST.
Lady Attendant. Open evenings and Sundays. Telephone 231 main.

WAY'S MUFFLET,
Easily put on as your hat.
CYCLING, DRIVING, WALKING, SKATING.
$1.00 and $1.25.
WM. MEYER & BRO.
80 and 80 1-2 Calhoun Street.

Mutual Admiration
while skating is excited by seeing the easy gliding motion afforded by our improved skates. We have one of the most varied and finest stocks of up-to-date roller skates made from the finest steel, easily adjusted, and will not loosen or slip till you wish to take them off.
Now is the Time to Buy
Snow Shovels.
We Have Them.

Seavey Hardware Co.,
Sole agents Famous Born & Stewart Steel Ranges.
19 and 21 W. Main Street.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833. [PAGES 5-8] SATURDAY DEC. 10 1898. [PAGES 5-8] PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FOR OUR NEW VETERANS

Several Young Military Societies Struggling For Supremacy.

FIRST ONE FORMED IN SANTIAGO.

The Latest Organization Is Known as the Service Men of the Spanish War and Is Formed for Social Purposes and Commissioned Officers Too.

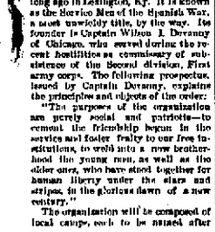
MILITARY societies are multiplying rapidly. The young veteran of the Spanish-American war will have several organizations to choose from when he wishes to receive his many experiences and find congenial company among old comrades. Already, it seems as if too many societies were being formed. If all of them live, none will be big enough to be of as much importance as the Grand Army of the Republic even in its sear and yellow leaf.

It is probable that in the course of time all these new organizations will be consolidated into one great representative body. In the meantime it is idle to speculate which of the many will survive.

One of the latest of the new societies to be formed sprung into existence not long ago in Lexington, Ky. It is known as the Service Men of the Spanish War, a most unwieldy title, by the way. Its founder is Captain Wilson I. Devanny of Chicago, who served during the recent hostilities as commissary of subsistence of the Second division, First army corps. The following prospectus, issued by Captain Devanny, explains the principles and objects of the order:

"The purposes of the organization are purely social and patriotic—to cement the friendship begun in the service and foster fealty to our free institutions, to weld into a new brotherhood the young men, as well as the older ones, who have stood together for human liberty under the stars and stripes, in the glorious dawn of a new century."

The organization will be composed of local camps, each to be named after



CAPTAIN WILSON I. DEVANNY. (Founder of the Service Men of the Spanish War.)

some deceased soldier, sailor or statesman and numbered in thorder of their formation. Each local camp is to elect two representatives to a district camp and one of these representatives shall be delegated to attend a national camp. Charters of the local camps will be issued by the commander and adjutant of the parent camp until a national camp is fully organized and provided with headquarters for its officers. The charter fee at the outset is fixed at $20 for local camps. The funds accruing to the parent organization are to be used in defraying the expenses of administration, local camps are permitted to provide for benefits for needy members.

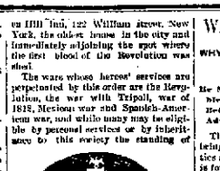
The first camp is called Camp Henry Clay, No. 1, and Colonel R. W. Bennett of the Twelfth New York volunteer infantry is the first commander, Captain Devanny being chosen adjutant and chief of staff.

The founder of the order, Captain Devanny, is a native of Pennsylvania. Before entering the volunteer army he was on editor and journalist for several years. He settled in Chicago in 1893. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, the Elks and a thirty-third degree Mason.

All the officers who were at Camp Hamilton have become infatuated with the idea of a society of this kind, and Captain Devanny is getting letters from all parts of the country every day asking how to become a member. Of course it may be several months before the society is in good working order, but from present indications it will be one of the most popular of the new army organizations.

The Society of the Army of Santiago, which was first in the field, restricts its membership to those who took part in the Cuban campaign under Shafter. Its first meeting was held in Washington city, and a second gathering was held at Montauk Point, but for several months nothing has been heard of its movements. Possibly they are only spring up a Society of the Philippines also.

Unlike the Grand Army, which declined to make eligible to membership the veterans of the Spanish-American war, the Military Order of Foreign Wars has thrown open its rolls to all commissioned officers of the army, navy and marine corps who served during the war with Spain. This society is in some respects similar to the Society of Cincinnati and the Loyal Legion. It was organized in New York about five years ago, and among the men who founded it



were General Fitz John Porter and General Francis V. Plate.

The desire to have an organization coming under the act of congress of 1886, whose original founders were largely composed of veterans and the representatives of commissioned officers who had served during the several wars of, this country with foreign powers, to the direct male line, whereby every member should be the possessor of the surname of such an officer, seemed in the opinion of those gentlemen to call for such an organization. The meetings both for business and social purposes were held during 1898 in the old Gold-en Hill Inn, 122 William street, New York, the oldest house in the city and immediately adjoining the spot where the first blood of the Revolution was shed.

The wars whose heroes' services are perpetuated by this order are the Revolution, the war with Tripoli, war of 1812, Mexican war and Spanish-American war, and while many may be eligible by persons who can by tracing back to this society the standing of

INTERNATIONAL LOSANGE.

such individual as to personal worthiness is carefully scrutinized before his admission is permitted.

Founded on simply drawn lines, the growth of the order has been necessarily slow, but its very conservatism has brought to its membership men of the highest personal character both as private citizens and in public life.

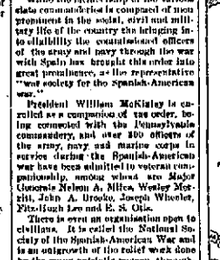
Since the founding of the national commandery the extension of the order throughout the country has been gradual, but continual, so that at this present time 11 state commanderies are in active existence.

Each member is entitled to wear an insignia or decoration, composed of an eight pointed, gold, red enameled star, with a gold eagle on its face and surmounted by a gold wreath. On the reverse is a royal plate in the center of the star, with the motto "Deus et Libertas" around the edge, and cross swords and anchor in the center. This badge hangs from a buff, red and blue ribbon. A rosette of the same colors as the ribbon is worn in the coat at times other than on occasions of ceremony.

While the membership of the various state commanderies is composed of men prominent in the social, civil and military life of the country the bringing into affability the commissioned officers of the army and navy through the war with Spain has brought this order into great prominence, as the representative "best society for the Spanish-American war."

President William McKinley is enrolled as a companion of the order, being connected with the Ohio commandery, and over 300 officers of the army, navy and marine corps in service during the Spanish-American war have been admitted to membership, among whom are Major Generals Nelson A. Miles, Wesley Merritt, John A. Brooke, Joseph Wheeler, Fitzhugh Lee and E. S. Otis.

There is even an organization open to civilians. It is called the National Society of the Spanish-American War and is an outgrowth of the relief work done by the many patriotic women through-



DECORATION OF THE ORDER OF FOREIGN WARS.

out the country. Membership in the society is open "to all patriotic white Americans." The purposes of the society are the building of a battle monument to the heroic dead of the Spanish-American war and the creation of a fund from which to provide memorial lectures commemorating the brave deeds of both the fallen heroes and courageous survivors of the last war.

OTHER SOCIETIES.

A Specimen of Finance.

"Dickie, what did you do with that dime I gave you for taking your quinine?"

"Why, pa, I bought some lickorish with it" cents—in with it" cents I bird Tommy Bottle to take th' quinine."—Brooklyn Life.

Kindly Sid.

Prison Missionary—I am trying to make your lot more comfortable, but I find it very difficult to raise money.

Convict Feller—That's plain enough, pard. Bring me a dreamer, and I'll take it to $100 in a jiffy.—Nugget.

Red Nonsun.

"Do Hannu is looking pretty gloomy since his last real trip."

"It is his one to look gloomy. She understudy carried off the honors and the treasurer carried off the receipts."—Cincinnati Inquirer.

Proof of It.

First Clerk—What makes you think she isn't rich?

Second Clerk—Because she always tries to make believe she is by not counting her change.—Detroit Free Press.

WANTED, AN ISLAND.

WHY UNCLE SAM WISHES TO BUY ONE OF THE CAROLINES.

He Needs It as an Intermediary Coaling Station in Establishing a Line Between Honolulu and Manila—The Advantages of Yalan.

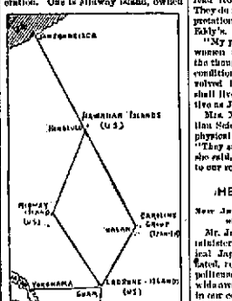
The acquisition of the Philippines belongs to Uncle Sam new responsibilities and not yet realized by many of these needs is for an American cable clear across the Pacific. No argument is needed to show that this is an urgent need. The anxious queries which our government officials endured for several days after Admiral Dewey destroyed Montija's fleet taught them even at that early stage that if we were to hold and control the Philippines there must be direct cable communication between Washington and Manila.

The laying of a cable from San Francisco to Honolulu is practically assured, but it is a much farther distance from Honolulu to Manila, and the laying of an ocean cable between the two points is regarded as an impossibility unless a relay cable station, a sort of half way house, is established. So Uncle Sam wants an island. He doesn't mind how small it is if it is only in the right place. Thus it happens that in spite of our recent territorial conquests we are obliged to import at least one more island.

In order that the United States shall have exclusive control of the proposed transpacific cable, it is essential that all the stations shall be established on United States soil. An important factor in the matter is the desirability of having the proposed line connect with Guam, an island of the Ladrone group, seized by the United States during the war. This island is a considerable distance south of the line between Honolulu and Manila, and in connection with it will necessitate a wide detour. In the absence of known available territory in a more direct route, however, it is difficult to see how this deviation can be avoided.

Although Guam might easily be utilized as a cable station between Honolulu and Manila, it is said to be too far from Honolulu to admit of the laying of a cable with any hope of success, this practically nullifying the whole scheme unless some less still nearer Honolulu can be secured for the purpose.

Two other islands are under consideration. One is Midway island, owned



PROPOSED ROUTE OF CABLE LINE TO MANILA.

by this country, and the other is Yalan or Strong island, one of the Caroline group, owned by Spain.

Midway island is pronounced by cable experts as wholly unfit for the purpose. It is a barren coral island, composed only of sand, without vegetation and unhabited. It has nothing on it to sustain life. To maintain a cable station there a ship would be required to make regular trips with supplies for the operators on the island.

These objections are only minor ones, however. Chief of all is the natural formation of the island itself. Surrounded by coral reefs, it has only one harbor. The harbor is constantly beaten by a high reef which is driven into it by ceaseless western winds. With the constant action of the surf tearing against the edged reefs the double lines of cable in and out of the harbor would be frequently destroyed.

Just as Midway island is unfavorable for a cable station, so Yalan is desirable. It is about 2,245 knots from Honolulu and 1,710 from Guam. Its fertility was given at the time of the Spanish office." It has two accessible harbors, one on the east side and another on the west, with a road connecting them.

Yalan is also favorably situated for the route in from San Francisco to Honolulu, thence to Guam, of the Ladrone group, and from the latter to Manila. So far all the way covering about the American war and the creation of a fund from which to provide memorial lectures commemorating the brave deeds of both the fallen heroes and courageous survivors of the last war.

OTHER SOCIETIES.

MRS. EDDY'S RIVAL.

Mrs. Stetson Expounds a New Faith Similar to Christian Science.

Rev. Mabel McCoy is the exponent of a brand new doctrine. She preaches it to New Yorkers in a church room which she has recently opened there. She is not connected with any other religious body, although her teachings are so similar to Christian Science that they have been confounded with that faith. But Mrs. McCoy positively denies that she is a Christian Scientist, although she preaches the doctrine of the control of spirit over matter and the healing power in such individual.

Mrs. McCoy asserts she is not a follower of Mrs. Eddy and differs from her

REV. MABEL MCCOY.

in several fundamental teachings. Asked to define these differences, she struck the key note of her faith.

"I believe in wholly eliminating personal authority in leadership," Mrs. Eddy is the head of the Christian Scientists and an absolute law to every one of them. I teach Christian Science according to Christ, not Christian Science according to Mrs. Eddy.

"In the Science churches there is no expounding of the belief. 'Science and Health,' Mrs. Eddy's book, is merely used to explain the Scriptures. They read from one, then from the other. They do not even make their own interpretation of the Bible. They accept Mrs. Eddy's.

"My purpose is to rouse men and women to the vital relation between the thoughts they think and their bodily condition. I preach the principles involved in Christ Jesus—that each shall live with the same essential motive as Jesus of Nazareth."

Mrs. McCoy does not, like the Christian Scientists, deny the reality of the physical world or the physical body. "They say this world is an illusion," she said, "it is not. It is the experience to our senses 99% of the spirit."

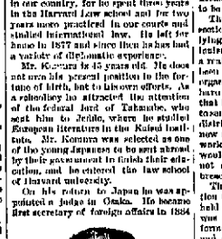
HE KNOWS AMERICA.

New Japanese Minister a Graduate of Harvard Law School.

Mr. Jukura Kouura, the new Japanese minister to the United States, is a typical Japanese gentleman, highly educated, refined, the essence of politeness and withal a shrewd and wide awake politician. He is no stranger in our country, for he spent three years in the Harvard law school and for two years more practiced in our courts and studied international law. He left for home in 1877 and since then has had a variety of diplomatic experience.

Mr. Kouura is 45 years old. He does not own his present position to the fortune of birth, but to his own efforts. As a schoolboy he attracted the attention of the federal lord of Takamabe, who sent him to Jeddo, where he studied European literature in the Kaisei institute. Mr. Kouura was selected as one of the young Japanese to be sent abroad by their government to finish their education, and he entered the law school of Harvard university.

On his return to Japan he was appointed a judge in Osaka. He became first secretary of foreign affairs in 1884



JUKURA KOURURA.

and afterward secretary of the consulate in China. He was acting minister to China just before the war between the two countries. He was made governor of Amiteen, China, where he was commended for his treatment of Japan's new subjects.

Mr. Kouura was for a time charge d'affaires in Korea, and the minister to that country. From this post he was transferred to that of undersecretary of foreign affairs, which office he retained during several administrations.

His Interpretation.

Kerrigan—Do yez believe in dreams, Riley?

Riley—Of do.

Kerrigan—Phwat's it a sign or when a married man dhrames he's a bachelor?

Riley—It's a sign that he's goin to marry with a great disappointment—when he wakes.—London Fun.

Suggestions.

"Pride," said Mr. Rural Joys of the beautiful suburbof Nestleton, who was showing an old friend from the city around the village—"this is one of my finest residences, got the man who lives there has been having a great deal of bad luck lately. In fact, he is hardly able to keep his head above water."

"Ah, yes, so I see. Why doesn't he ditch his lot, or mortgage it?"

LIVELY TIME AHEAD.

COMING CONVENTION OF FEDERATION OF LABOR WILL BE INTERESTING.

It Will Begin in Kansas City on Dec. 12 and Will Be Attended by Representatives of 1,000,000 American Workingmen.

Representatives of nearly 1,000,000 American workmen will gather in Kansas City on Dec. 12 to attend the eighteenth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. For several reasons this convention promises to be the most important one ever held by this great industrial organization, and some lively scenes are expected.

The federation will probably take a stand either for or against the policy of territorial expansion. President Samuel Gompers has several times within the past few months announced himself as opposed to the so called imperialism of our national government. Whether or not he will have the backing of the federationists with him remains to be seen. There is some reason to think that he may not. He takes the ground that control labor will be exercised by monopolistic rather than by the Republican party, which flies out of the nobility of the river not far below Hannibal. Now which is the one of the terminal stations of the new American road. On this island is a temple which crowns its apex. Below the temple is the home of the priest. Some enterprising American trader will be selling that priest a phonograph, an electric fan and a patent mosquito net ere long.

But there are other things besides picturesque scenery in the valley of the Yang-tse-Kiang. Back from the river are great stretches of densely populated territory. The people are busy. There are natural potentialities, but they are also uninterprinting. It has been said that the Chinese are the most ingenious machines in the world. They can be taught to do almost anything, but they cannot seem to do things on their own account. The immense deposits of coal in China they have merely peeked at from the surface. They do not dig.

American mining engineers will teach them how to sink shafts and cut drifts. Then, instead of the meager coal supply which comes dribbling down the river in slow junks, it will be carried down in long railroad trains by which time it is enough of it to supply the yawning bunkers of the fleets of all the world.

When we speak of coal, transcontinental railroads, the iron horse lead to drag its civilization behind it. There were no industries at the western terminus. Industries had to be developed along the line. It is different in China. The industries are already there. They have only to be stirred into activity.

Even as it now exists the Yang-tse valley would be marketable almost anywhere it happened to stop. It has the producers, cheap labor, opportunities in unlimited abundance. Its kitchen says that in those many important industries will be found the secret of success in China. Its cheap labor, its simmering factors of immense industrial production.

When it comes to natural resources, the coalfields of Shensi alone, according to Richthofen, will suffice all the present requirements of the world for the next five thousand years. The province of Kansu is not far behind. Its deposits of coal are known to be without depths, and in some departments the supply is enormous. The coal formation is found underneath the iron from eastern Shensi to Ili, through 30 degrees of longitude, and there are coal mines in the Gobi desert of the real interior, and the bituminous variety is of high grade. The province of Szechuen, which has a population comparable to that of Germany, is rich in coal and by a relatively greater proportion.

Kwang-si and Kwei-chau province possessed by the coalfields, the ease and cheapness with which coal can be extracted from the surface. Kwei-chau is poor, but it is the extent of this coal field, in addition to the commercial capacities of a province to produce the rice and the feeding of human to be fed into subsistence a near-future of such importance.

In general, the Chinese have worked the coal for local supply for a long time under the primitive methods of Chinese mining, and there are some towns one has gone to Hankow, 100 miles away, each year. The Lahyang and Yangling mines can produce an unlimited supply on a modern scale if they are worked scientifically and the same can be said of the coal fields of Honan and Shantung.

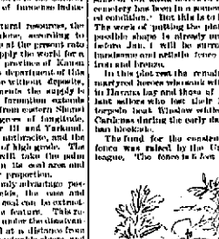
All that will be necessary to furnish an outlet for these fields with hardest ironmade by connecting with the new Peking railroad. This same line will also take the trade of the great silk shipping industry, which will be greatly increased when new and cheaper routes are now established from the river each season in native boats. It will not be long before coal from the Yang-tse valley will be carried over railroad freight tariffs. With our commercial headquarters at Manilla we can no longer regard China as a strange land. It is a neighboring empire.

HE COMES TO WED.

Earl of Stradford, Who Is to Marry Beautiful Mrs. Colgate.

The Earl of Stradford, who has come over to marry the beautiful and wealthy widow, Mrs. Samuel J. Colgate, formerly married for love, and he manages them very carefully, making them produce a princely income. Mrs. Colgate will become Mrs. Byng, for that is the family name of the earl. Her future husband is Viscount of Enfield and Baron Hirstford of Harmsworth who will be a countess, viscountess and baroness.

The land of Stradford is 87 years old, but he is just as vigorous and well preserved as if he had not yet passed the prime of life. His hair and mustaches are snowy white, but his cheeks are round and ruddy, he has a firm, erect, soldierly carriage, and he walks with a brisk step, betokening the enjoyment of



EARL OF STRADFORD.

perfect health. He is a widower, his first wife having been the Countess Beatrix, a niece of the first marquis of Ailesbury.

By his first marriage the earl had four children. His two sons died before reaching their twenty-fifth year. One daughter has been maid of honor in ordinary to the queen; the other married Viscount Somerton. The earl has a country seat in Wenham Park, Suffolk, a town house, 5 St. James' square, S. W.

The earl's family is a very distinguished one, and he himself has been highly honored by Queen Victoria. He has been equrry in ordinary to her majesty, lieutenant colonel of the famous Coldstream guards and honorary colonel of the seventh battalion of the King's Royal Rifle corps. He met Mrs. Colgate during the season of 1898 shortly after she had been presented at court and when she was just beginning to gain that popularity which she now enjoys in London's most exclusive society.

Very Old Words.

Take the words corn and alarm. These words were spelled in the year 900 precisely as they are spelled now, having preserved their appearance from the loss of the trilled r in southern England for 1,200 years to our certain knowledge. Hence those words must be of extreme antiquity, and it becomes difficult to limit the time of their origin.—Notes and Queries.

The Support.

Dashusly—Did De Broke settle anything on his wife when they married?

Slasherly—Yes; he settled on her father.—New York Journal.

OUR CHINESE TRADE.

HOW AMERICAN ENTERPRISE WILL AWAKEN SLUMBERING INDUSTRIES.

What Will Happen When the Hankow Railroad Is Completed Through the Wonderful Valley of the Yang-tse-Kiang—Coal Fields Three Thousand Years.

The building of an American railroad in China and the development of tremendous valley of the Yang-tse-Kiang by our capitalists will soon make its many beauties familiar with this part of the country than we have been. In fact, we have known little or nothing about it as a nation.

But interest in the far east is beginning to grow. In a short time the average American citizen in Dakota or Illinois will know far more about the orient than he does now. He will have a brother or friend or an uncle out there or he will own a few shares of stock in some Chinese developing company. American engineers will be driving locomotives along the banks of the Yang-tse-Kiang and American shippers will be selling up the waters of the Min river. Yankee merchants will be writing magazine articles and books about this great valley. It is a picturesque river, like the Rhine, minus the castles. Many of the scenes along its course are very unfamiliar to us as yet. There are potentialities in inland China that dwarf all the possibilities of the Mississippi valley. Take the Yang-tse-Kiang for instance. Back from the river are great stretches of densely populated territory. The people are busy. There are natural potentialities, but they are also uninterprinting. It has been said that the Chinese are the most ingenious machines in the world. They can be taught to do almost anything, but they cannot seem to do things on their own account. The immense deposits of coal in China they have merely peeked at from the surface. They do not dig.

American mining engineers will teach them how to sink shafts and cut drifts. Then, instead of the meager coal supply which comes dribbling down the river in slow junks, it will be carried down in long railroad trains by which time it is enough of it to supply the yawning bunkers of the fleets of all the world.

When we speak of coal, transcontinental railroads, the iron horse lead to drag its civilization behind it. There were no industries at the western terminus. Industries had to be developed along the line. It is different in China. The industries are already there. They have only to be stirred into activity.

Even as it now exists the Yang-tse valley would be marketable almost anywhere it happened to stop. It has the producers, cheap labor, opportunities in unlimited abundance. Its kitchen says that in those many important industries will be found the secret of success in China. Its cheap labor, its simmering factors of immense industrial production.

When it comes to natural resources, the coalfields of Shensi alone, according to Richthofen, will suffice all the present requirements of the world for the next five thousand years. The province of Kansu is not far behind. Its deposits of coal are known to be without depths, and in some departments the supply is enormous. The coal formation is found underneath the iron from eastern Shensi to Ili, through 30 degrees of longitude, and there are coal mines in the Gobi desert of the real interior, and the bituminous variety is of high grade. The province of Szechuen, which has a population comparable to that of Germany, is rich in coal and by a relatively greater proportion.

Kwang-si and Kwei-chau province possessed by the coalfields, the ease and cheapness with which coal can be extracted from the surface. Kwei-chau is poor, but it is the extent of this coal field, in addition to the commercial capacities of a province to produce the rice and the feeding of human to be fed into subsistence a near-future of such importance.

In general, the Chinese have worked the coal for local supply for a long time under the primitive methods of Chinese mining, and there are some towns one has gone to Hankow, 100 miles away, each year. The Lahyang and Yangling mines can produce an unlimited supply on a modern scale if they are worked scientifically and the same can be said of the coal fields of Honan and Shantung.

All that will be necessary to furnish an outlet for these fields with hardest ironmade by connecting with the new Peking railroad. This same line will also take the trade of the great silk shipping industry, which will be greatly increased when new and cheaper routes are now established from the river each season in native boats. It will not be long before coal from the Yang-tse valley will be carried over railroad freight tariffs. With our commercial headquarters at Manilla we can no longer regard China as a strange land. It is a neighboring empire.

FASHION PLATE.

A Pretty Pie.

"What realigned the position I got you as fair cashier for Stone?"

"Yes! Why, I owed money to most of the men he sent me to date."—London Fun.

Why He Didn't.

"I suppose you took pas," she said when he returned from the dentist's.

"Not any," he answered with emphasis.

"Why not?" she asked.

"Well," he replied, "if I hadn't hurt it wouldn't seem as if the dentist was earning his money."—Chicago Post.

Practical.

"My friend," said Mr. Stormington Barnes, "you lack experience in play writing. Your ideas of construction are painfully empirical—primordial, so. Why, there is scarcely five minutes in the piece that the star isn't on the stage."

"But I—er—I thought a star rubber filled that sort of thing."

Not these days. You must leave him at least 20 minutes in the second act, so that he can get around to the box office while the money is being counted."—Washington Star.

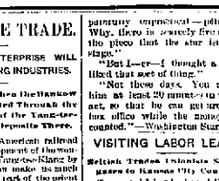
VISITING LABOR LEADERS.

British Trades Unionists Send Delegates to Kansas City Convention.

Two noted labor leaders of England are to be present at the convention of the American Federation of Labor which begins in Kansas City Dec. 12. Alex S. Wilkinson, Sheffield, who is secretary of the Steel and Iron Operatives' Union of Great Britain, and the other is Mr. William Thorn, general secretary of the Gas Workers' Society of Great Britain and Ireland. They come as fraternal delegates from the British trades congress, which held a session last September and chose them as its representatives.

Mr. Inskip is well known, by reputation at least, to every prominent trades unionist in America as a sturdy labor leader and for his work in building up the organization of his craftsmen on the other side of the Atlantic ocean. His motto, "May the whole world tread our products under foot," has become famous among American labor workers during the past few years.

Mr. Thorn is widely known for his untiring services in behalf of the unskilled



WILLIAM THORN.

workers of the British isles, for whom he has done much in the way of education along economic lines. Mr. Thorn is also a journalist. He believes that Britain can be organized into political party and by concerted effort get the gas works into government, and in this manner establish such laws as will insure to the entire working class of the country the benefits of the nationalization and the abolition of the wage system.

Mr. Thorn appears to have little sympathy for the Socialist Labor party in this country, however, because of the attempt of its leaders to disrupt the prominent trades in the labor movement on this side of the Atlantic.

While in this country these two men will be the special guests of President Gompers of the American Federation of Workers' union, who will meet them upon their arrival and will escort them to Kansas City, stopping at Chicago, Rochester, Buffalo and Chicago on the way.

FOR HEROES' GRAVES.

Artistic Fence Put Around Plot in the Key West Cemetery.

For several months the burial plot of those of our naval heroes in the Key West cemetery has been in a somewhat neglected condition. But this is to be remedied, by the work done the past few days. The possible shape is already under way and before Jan. 1 will be surrounded by a handsome and artistic fence of wrought iron and bronze.

In this plot are the remains of the 251 unburied heroes who went with the Maine to Havana bay and those of the four sailors who lost their lives on the ill fated torpedo boat Winslow while fighting off Caribanas during the early days of the Cuban blockade.

The fund for the construction of the fence was raised by the Union Veteran league. The fence is 5 feet high and the

FENCE AROUND GRAVES OF NAVAL HEROES AT KEY WEST.

gates 6 feet. The design includes many naval features, such as anchasses, cannons and anchors. The eagle and cannon balls will be on the gates. The entire design is a reproduction of the drawings shown the mayor in the anteroom of the office of the secretary of the navy, and was approved and "U. S. N." monograms, as well as the places, which are suitably inscribed, are made of burnished bronze.

The handsome fence for the graves of the Maine and Winslow sailors will not be ready for use for some time, but it is expected through the quartermaster general of the army and will be paid for by the government out of the navy department contingent fund.

When the work is finished, there will be preached a Billy Sunday piece for the man who gave up their lives in the Spanish-American war.

—Chicago Inquirer.

Measure.

Mrs. Brown (who has borrowed butter from her neighbor)—Do you know, Jane, I had taken a thing to be just a pint, but we paid the dreamer with day before yesterday.

Jane—It does take mighty like it. Terrible stuff!

Mrs. Brown—To think that the Greaser would pass such butter as that on a neighbor! I'm sure it's the same.—Boston Transcript.

Quite Enough.

Customer—I want two pounds of grapes.

Proprietor of fruit stand)—Grapes? Why ain't no dreg store.

Man—Four feelings! Why, the gentleman are never home!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

ISLANDS OF SUMMER.

QUEER PEOPLE TO COME UNDER OUR FLAG IN SULU ARCHIPELAGO.

A Wild, Savage Race of Malays Who Are Pirates by Choice and Mohammedans in Name—Settlements of Islands Almost Wholly Unexplored.

With the acquisition of the Sulu archipelago some queer people come under the stars and stripes. There are the wildest, fiercest and most unskilled of all races who have but recently come into the imperial domain of our Uncle Sam.

In securing the Sulu islands we have annexed what is probably the most unexplored portion of the world, barring the unknown regions about the poles. Of the 193 and possibly more islands in the archipelago which Spain has relinquished or rescinded at least four dollars to the square inch, only a few, and concerning the interiors of most of the larger islands we know practically nothing. Only one port in the whole group is absolutely safe for white men to land in. That is Zamboanga, capital of the island of Sulu, which gives its name to the whole archipelago.

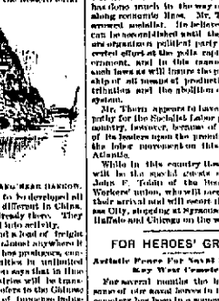
A further distinction of the Sulu islands is that within the boundaries now existing about the only pirates who are worthy of the name. They are the wildest, fiercest and most unskilled of all races. Their enterprise has been sadly hampered during the last half century by Spanish warships, but as they managed, in spite of all conditions, and today during Yankee skipper who should venture to sail in the waters of some of the outlying islands of the group would stand an excellent chance of having his throat cut and his ship scuttled.

The archipelago is divided into three groups, named respectively after its three principal islands, Sulu, Basilan, in the center; Balabac, to the east, and Tawee-Tawee, in the southwest. The whole chain of the Sulus is practically a continuation of the southwestern promontory of Mindanao, the second largest of the Philippine islands.

The area of the Sulu group is estimated at 1,500 square miles and its population at 75,000, mostly Malays. The archipelago itself stretches 35 miles from east to west, with a breadth of from five to ten miles.

The Sulu islands were first settled under the sway of a despotic dynasty of sovereigns founded in the early days when Mohammedanism first penetrated among the Malay Islanders. They ruled over an oligarchy of status, or species of nobility, and the latter, in turn, governed large classes of vassals. Commerce, proportion to the Mohammedan religion, which never penetrated beyond the outskirts of these groups; but their enterprise frequently brought them into conflict with the Spanish and the Dutch.

The Sulu people are real Malays, related to some extent with Chinese and with



CHIEF POET OF SULU ISLANDS.

Bisayas from the Philippines. Their complexion is dappery and they are well proportioned physically. The women are not beautiful, but are considered quite fair as far as their looks go. Polygamy is permitted among the Sulus, but their laws are almost as rigid as those of the Mormons. The highest proof of disbelief with polite lovers. As a rule there is only one room, and the floor is made of split bamboo. The sleeping chest serves as wardrobe and for storing valuables. They are pleasant in the center of the room, and the beds are placed upon them. The space thus provided for sleeping quarters is inclosed at night with elaborate netting.

Of late years even the common people have had chairs and tables. The nobles, or datos, as they are termed, have also introduced a number of European luxuries, among the most remarkable of which are looking glasses. Mirrors are almost unknown among the Sulus, and their houses are elegantly fitted up. Rugs, lounges and handsome glassware, crockery, cooking utensils of brass and iron, English cutlery, silver ornaments and carpets.

The poet laureate of the islands are a source of much wealth. Slaves give for the best. A man who owns two or three is a large poet acts his freedom. The biggest pearls are claimed by the nobles who have proper rights to the fisheries in the banks. The fishery is followed with great success at the times of the southwest monsoon, when the sea is perfectly calm and so clear that objects are visible at a depth of 40 feet. The pearls of Tawee-Tawee are famous for their luster, though they are small, but a few years after being taken from the oysters they turn yellow or purple.

The chief products of the archipelago are black and white sea slugs, beeswax, pearl oyster shells, edible birds' nests, tortoise shell, mother of pearl, cocoanuts, cloves, pepper, camphor, pearls, cinnamon and cloves.

The favorite amusements of the people are muskrand dancing. Most of the noblemen play on the flute, guitar or violin, and a number of the Spanish dances have also found favor with the Sulus. Both men and women are passionately addicted to gambling. Cockfighting is also much practiced. Each wife is entitled to a separate apartment in her husband's house. Men and women shave the hairy materials among eachother.

Perpetual summer reigns in the Sulu archipelago. The thermometer rarely falls but, but frequent and copious showers refresh the atmosphere. There is no regular rainy season, but the rain generally prevails during the months of the islands, and the plant that bears the atmosphere keeps green perfectly, being respectable for its size. The abundance of its fruits. Suhi chocolate is generally prized at Manilla.

After years of peace have been taught to respect our flag, which few of them have ever seen or heard of, the establishment of a coaling station in the Sulu islands will be opened up a rich field for American capital and American enterprise.

ARNESTE CRAWFORD.

The Savage Bachelor.

The Dear Girl—I am generally astonished to hear you advance the opinion that a child should not be corrected in the presence of strangers.

The Savage Bachelor—He should not be, because he should never be in the presence of strangers. That's why.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Measure.

Mrs. Brown (who has borrowed butter from her neighbor)—Do you know, Jane, I had taken a thing to be just a pint, but we paid the dreamer with day before yesterday.

Jane—It does take mighty like it. Terrible stuff!

Mrs. Brown—To think that the Greaser would pass such butter as that on a neighbor! I'm sure it's the same.—Boston Transcript.

Quite Enough.

Customer—I want two pounds of grapes.

Proprietor of fruit stand)—Grapes? Why ain't no dreg store.

Man—Four feelings! Why, the gentleman are never home!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Their English.

Mrs. Jones—Have you heard from your daughter Ethel since she married that Englishman?

Mrs. Brown—Yes, I had a letter from her this morning.

Mrs. Jones—How does she like England?

Mrs. Brown—She doesn't say much about it, but she says she has learned to speak English.—Chicago Tribune.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, DEC. 10, 1898

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON X. FOURTH QUARTER. INTERNATIONAL SERIES. DEC. 11.

Text of the Lesson, Jer. xxxvi, 20-32.—Memory Verses, 27, 28.—Golden Text, Isa. vi, 8. Commentary Prepared by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Copyrighted, 1898, by D. M. Stearns.]

20. "Whilst they went in to the king and told all the words in the ears of the King." This is King Jehoiakim, a son of Josiah, who is a picture, but of short duration in sight of the Lord. In the fourth year of his reign the Lord told Jeremiah to write in a book all the words he had spoken concerning Israel, Judah and the nations, and that peradventure the people might turn from their sins to the Lord and have their iniquities forgiven. Both in the fourth and fifth years of Jehoiakim's reign those words were read publicly and privately against and concerning the people, but of this chapter, and now none in his house then told them to the king.

21. "So the king sent Jehudi to fetch the roll, and Jehudi read it in the ears of the king." Jehudi the scribe, who had written the words of the Lord from the mouth of Jeremiah, had also read the book in the ears of the people and of the princes (verses 6, 8, 10, 12, 16), but now Jehudi reads. It does not matter who reads provided he reads distinctly and gives the sense, and the people understand the reading (Neh. viii, 8). As to the organ of the words, they were from the Lord, the Angel's mouth, the Lord Jeremiah's mouth and Baruch's pen and mouth, but the message was neither from Jeremiah nor from Baruch, but from God. Now it is Jehudi's mouth, but it is still the same message from the Lord.

22, 23. "He sat in the winter house" (not at his ease, but in the midst of cold). "And there was a fire on the hearth burning before him." The wood on the hearth, until all the roll was consumed in the fire. Thus did Jehoiakim set forth the roll containing the message from the Lord. Thus he despised and treated with contempt the message from the Lord and turned his back upon the Lord and would not hearken to Him. What a contrast to Josiah in our last lesson, who humbled himself before God and turned to Him with all his heart! Jehoiakim was a Gentile man, while Josiah, the man of faith, had all are either for or against God.

24, 25. "Yet they were not afraid, nor rent their garments, neither the king nor any of his servants that heard all these words." The hard hearted, rebellious king would influence those about him. In such a case are to be rebellious, like himself. When once the heart turns away from God, the hardest sayings of Scripture are unheeded. When we receive not the truth in the love of it, God lets us believe a delusion and a lie (II Thess. ii. 10-12) as a fearful thing to even listen to a word against God or against His word, for, while holiness is not easily ridiculed, sin is accounted by us big. (Ps. ii. 12, 13.

25. "He would not hear them." Three men mentioned as standing with the king not to burn the roll, but he would not listen to them. He thought that he knew better than his counselors, for he was his own solemn wiser than his father who had humbled himself before God, he did not believe that God had, before giving the word, hardened his neck, shall suddenly be destroyed, and that without remedy (Prov. xxix. 1).

26. "But the Lord hid them." This refers to Baruch and Jeremiah, whom the king would have to be slain, but God would not put a stop to such words as these. In verse 19 we learn that when the book was about to be read to the king some advised them to hide up thee they could not be found, and here we learn that in their hiding they were hid of the Lord. Satan was so scarcely hidden by that that he could not be found by Ahab in any nation or kingdom (I Kings xviii. 10; Jer. xlix. 28). There is a rock, the Rock of Ages, in whom we may so securely hide that we will say, "Behold, I and the children" (Isa. viii. 18; xxvi. 4, margin). The Hebrew of all who truly receive Christ as their Saviour is sure to be hid with Christ in God, for He is our life (Col. iii. 3, 4).

27, 28. "Took his scrolls another roll and wrote therein all the former words that were in the first roll." I have for many years prayed in the blessed assurance of Ps. cxix. 89, "Forever, O Lord, Thy word is settled in heaven." On my very knees from India to Japan it was my privilege while spending a few days with loved ones to settle forever with my dear brother in the faith of Jesus, Rev. John will kindness, neither of us wondered at the "Israel My Glory." I found this one day greatly rejoicing in Ps. cxix. 89, on which he experienced somewhat after this manner: "Just think of what we have here! What is settled? The word. Where is it settled? In heaven. For how long is it settled? Forever. Whose word is it? Thine, O Lord! In the complete throne of heaven and His back, and Jehudi and Baruch, and whatever they do not like, they can no more destroy the word of God than Jehoiakim could destroy the standard of Jehovah's roll. Which we reach heaven, we shall find Jesus and His back, and Jehudi and His back and all the rest of the saints of God settled there."

29. "The king of Babylon shall certainly come and destroy this land and shall cause to cease from thence the man and the beast." These were some of the words in the roll which Jehoiakim burned which caused him to fear it and hate it. Judah was a wondrous type of natural life in death and resurrection, and this the great lesson which satan hates and may be one reason why he would destroy the written word of Jesus. In Daniel prophecy more than in any other book in the Bible we have a picture of the wisdom of this world to understand the things of God is made manifest, and for that reason, among others, the book of Daniel is disliked. Read chapters ii and vii of the devil's false world and final doom and then for his would like you not to read that book.

30, 31. "Therefore thus saith the Lord of Jehoiakim, king of Judah." When for 1 have a statement of what sounds like judgment personally for this sin, but He would not threaten. In chapter xxii, 19, it was written that he should be buried with the burial of an ass. God is not willing that any should perish, has no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but it is grieved when His warnings and entreaties the wicked will persist in his wickedness he is sometimes given up to do it. (See Ps. lxxxi, 11, 12; Rom. xxviii, 11; Deut. xxviii, 15).

32. "Another roll was given by Jeremiah to Baruch the scribe, and there wrote in the words of the book that Jehoiakim had burned in the fire." Here we have a picture of the truth of God's word. Men may burn it, but it is settled in heaven. To change still, it is written. And he shall

BRIGHT SIDE OF LIFE

There Is Sunshine on Every Cloud Says Dr. Talmage.

What We Consider God's Afflictions on Us Are Always Influences for Good—Why the Lord Are Taken.

[Copyright, 1898.] Washington, Dec. 4.

In this discourse Dr. Talmage takes an optimistic view of many things that are usually recounted as inexplicable in human experience and shows that even trouble and affliction may not be wholly without their brighter side. Text, Psalm 68:4: "I will open my dark saying upon the harp."

The world is full of the inexplicable, the impassable, the unfathomable, the insurmountable. We cannot go three steps in any direction without coming up against a land well of mystery, riddles, paradoxes, profundities, labyrinths, problems that we cannot solve, hieroglyphics that we cannot decipher, anagrams we cannot spell out, sphinxes that will not speak. For that reason David in my text proposed to take up some of these mysteries and try to solve and try to set them to sweet music. "I will open my dark sayings on a harp." So I look off upon useful sea and find people in unhappy conjunctions of circumstances and they do not know what it means, and they have a right to ask. Why is this? Why is that? And I think I can help you in some things by trying to explain some of these strange things and make you more content with your lot, and I shall only be answering questions that have often been asked me or that we have all asked ourselves while I try to set these mysteries to music and open my dark sayings on a harp.

Interrogation the first. Why does God take out of the world those who are useful and whom we cannot spare and leave others and in many cases the enemy who are only a nuisance to the world? I thought I would begin with the very toughest of all the seeming inscrutables. Many of the most useful men and women die at 20 or 40 years of age, while you often find useless people alive at 60 and 70 and 80. John Quincy Adams wrote a friend: "I live on soon to be put to death, saying: 'Why doth God suffer me and other such caterpillars to live that can do nothing but consume the fruits of the virgin earth and take away so many worthy workmen in the Lord's vineyard?' Similar questions are often asked. There are two men. The one is noble character and a Christian man. He chooses for a lifetime companion one who has been prudery reared, and she is worthy of him and he is worthy of her. As merchant or farmer or professional man or mechanic or artist he begins to educate and rear his children. He is succeeding, but he has not yet established for his family a full competency. He seems indispensable to that household, but one day before he has reached the prosperous age on his house he is coming home through a strong north air wind and a chill strikes through him, and three days afterward he is in the world by express and the wife and children go into a struggle for shelter and food. His next door neighbor is a man who, though strong and well, has no one to support him. He is around at the grocery store or some general loafing place in the evenings while his wife sews. His boys are hunting for some employment and swagger and swear. All the use that man is in that house is to raise incense the coffee cold when he comes to a late breakfast, to get cross at little things about his wife's looks, when he furnishes nothing for her wardrobe. The best thing that could happen to that family would be that that man should perish, but he declines to die. He lives on and on and on. So we have all noticed that many of the useful are early cut off, while the parasites have great vital tenacity.

I take up this dark saying on my harp and give three or four phrases on the string in the way of explaining this hopeful case. Perhaps the useful man was taken out of the world because his and his family were so constructed that they could not endure earthly success and prosperity that might have been just ahead, and they all together might have gone down in the vortex of worldliness which overwhelms so many Christian households. And so he went while he was humble and consecrated, and they were to be rewarded for their kept vows to Christ and tested for unfaltering love and high seats in Heaven, and when the sweet at last before the throne they will acknowledge that, though the harvest was hot, it purified them and prepared them for the eternal career of glory not reared for which no other kind of life could have fitted them. But the other hand, the useless man lived on to 30 or 50 or 70 years because all the one he ever can have in most families in this world he was not tested there, for regardless him his earthly longevity. In all the ages there has not a single ruler ever entered Heaven. There is no place for him there to hang around.

Interrogation the second: Why do good people have so much trouble, sickness, bereavement, persecution, the three black sultanes, sometimes putting their fierce beaks into one set of jangled nerves? I think none of a good friend I more than the consecrated Christian man, an elder in the church, and as polished a Christian gentleman as ever walked Broadway. Kind in speech, faithful in every duty, at he hobbled around on a cane, an old man at 49. After awhile, paralysis struck him. Having by poor health been compelled to suddenly leave his business, he lost what property he had. Then his beautiful daughter died; then a son became hopelessly demented. Another son, capable of filling the commanding of presence, received that he would take care of his father's household, but under the spasm of yellow fever or pneumonia, he, too, suddenly expired. So you have good men and women who have had enough troubles, you think, to crush 50 people. No worldly philosophy could find in such a trouble and set it to music or play it on violin or flute, but I dare to open that dark saying on a golden harp.

You see that very consecrated people have trouble? Did you ever know any very consecrated man or woman who had not had great trouble? Never! Even through their trouble consecrated that they were made very good. If you find anywhere in this city a man who has now and always has had perfect health and never was a child, and has always been popular, and never had business struggle or misfortune, who is distinguished for goodness, will you raise your hand? I telegraph messenger boy and send me word, and I will drop everything and go right away to look at him. There never has been a man like that and never will be. Who are those arrogant, self-corrected creatures who move about without sympathy for others and who think more of a St. Bernard dog, or an Alderney cow, or a Southdown sheep, or a Berkshire pig than of a man? They never had any trouble, or the trouble was never sanctified. Who are those men who listen with a cold eye to you tell them of suffering, and who harpy pathos in their voice, and a kindness in their manner, and an ear open or an alleviation for those poor sorrowful ones? Why, the men who have graduated at the royal academy of trouble, and they have the diplomas written in wrinkles on their foreheads, and they say: "Yes! What heartbreak they have suffered! What injustice they have suffered! The slightest influence for good that we have in this world is to make us humble. No affliction fit for a crown until it is cut. No sheaf fit for bread till it is ground. There are only three things that can bend a stiff chain—a hammer, a file or a fire—and trouble is the hammer of the Lord. The greatest writers, orators and reformers get much of their force from trouble. Dante's gaze at Washington Irving that explains fearlessness and pathos which will make his books favorites while the English language continues to be written and spoken." And all practically use the text I have just mentioned, and when 30 years after the death of Matilda Hutchinson, who used to have been his bride, her father picked up a piece of manuscript and exclaimed: "That is a piece of poor Matilda's sentimentality." Washington Irving said from infirmity into one and walked out of that lifetime gait that he never quit, and then dipped his pen into mightiest reinforcement. Calvin's "Institutes of Religion," than which a more wonderful book was never written, in his right hand, was begun by the author at 25 years of age because of the persecution by Francis, king of France. Bunyan's toiled for all time out of the depths of 12 year and candles. A every brick of the wall of Babylon was stamped with the letter N, standing for Nebuchadnezzar, and every part of the temple of Christian achievement is stamped with the letter T, standing for trouble.

When in England a man is honored with knighthood, he is struck with the flat of the sword. But there who have come to knighthood in the kingdom of God were first struck, not with the flat of the sword, but with the keen edge of the scimeter. To build his magnificence of character, that could not have spared one inch, one pound, one atom of trouble. Before the apostle Paul got free from the land, one shipwreck. What is true of individuals is true of nations. The horrors of the American revolution were the birthstory of this land. The bloodshed over to independence, and the conflict between England and France gave the most of this country west of the Alleghanies. Out of the battle of Prince onward it, but Napoleon, fearing that England would take it, practically made a present to the United States, for the comparatively small sum of $15,000,000. Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota, Colorado, Dakota, Montana, Wyoming and the territory of Alaska. Out of the battle of the American revolution came this country east of the Mississippi, out of the European war came that west of the Mississippi. The British Parliament, the European war came that west of the Mississippi. The British Parliament, the European war came that west of the Mississippi. The British Parliament,

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY DEC. 10, 1898.

WHIST CONVENTIONS.

They May Be Distinguished as Logical and Arbitrary.

THE SASTEM OF TRUMP SHOWING.

Necessity of Knowing What System is Practiced by Both Partner and Opponents—Surprise For the Crack New York Club.

For the better understanding of whist "conventions," which is a general term covering all plays having a definite and predetermined meaning, it is convenient to consider them in two classes, according as they are based on the principles of the game and are rationally deducible from the fall of the cards or as they are artificially created and possess significance only through mutual agreement among players. Suppose your partner leads the singed nasal of whiskynose and no red light in the zoo, and that the king wins. Your natural inference is that the ace is with partner, because if either adversary had it he would play it on the king. From partner's standpoint the lead of the king from ace and three others, is intended to show you the ace remaining and is a conventional lead known and practiced by all players. He requires no mutual arrangement between partners. Such a convention I call "logical." By the other hand, suppose your partner starts with the ace, winning the trick, and follows it with the king. What does he mean? He has reversed the natural order of the leads, and the play must have a peculiar significance. What the significance is, however, you cannot tell from the face of the card. It is necessary that you should be acquainted with the so called "American" system of leads, in which the ace leads from a combination, the king is led first when the suit consists of less than three cards and the ace is led first when the suit consists of three or more. The play of ace, then king, to "show five," is a convention that is unintelligible without mutual agreement between partners and is what I call "arbitrary."

In general all conventions are either logical or arbitrary, though it is sometimes hard to say which, and sometimes the two qualities are combined in one play. For instance, by the lead of king, second against by ace, the "American" leader shows the ace in hand when the call is logical part of the convention, and also shows less than five (usually just four) in suit, which is the arbitrary part. An example of the doubtful convention is the ordinary trump call. In a former article on this subject I have pointed out that there is no reason in the proposition, "If I follow suit with an unnecessarily high card, I want to have trumps led," and I should accordingly like to place the trump call in the logical category. It is safe to regard all if it opposite sign of the signal correctly, the play of a higher and then the lower of two indifferent small cards in following suit—essentially trump convention.

In the detailed consideration of whist conventions I shall first take up its operations or method, beginning with those which are made from high card combinations.

1 (a). From ace, king, queen, jack, with or without others, the purely logical opening is the king, showing the unlimited ok. If the king wins, continue with the jack, showing the queen also.

1 (b). According to the number showing or "American" system, the leads from the quart major vary according to number in suit. If this is four-cently—that is, the high card with without more than one other, you lead the king, showing four (arbitrarily) as well as the one (logically), and continue with jack, if there are more than three cards in the suit, present time. From five cently, jack and then ace; from six, jack and then king; from seven or more, jack and the queen. There is, however, a variation of the American system in which the lead of the jack is restricted to the combination of king, queen, jack and two or more others (quitting suit), in which case the queen is led first from the quart major accompanied by one or more smaller cards. In general, under the American system the king is led from the best four in suit, and the ace, queen or jack next, but there are exceptions to the latter rule.

1 (c). The trump showing system demands that the king or jack of a plain suit should be led only from hands containing numerical trump strength, by which is meant a trump combination of seven cards, and the ace or queen (sometimes the 10) only from hands that are numerically weak in trumps. This system, of course, purely arbitrary conventional. They may be combined with the number showing or American system. Thus, from the quart major of a plain suit accompanied by trump strength the queen may be led first and then the jack to show four in suit or with the jack to show more than four.

In the game, over from the little I have said about these conventional openings, that in order to play an intelligent game you must know what is being played by partner and opponents. Suppose you sit in a game with strangers and your partner leads the king of a plain suit of which you have not the ace, and the king wins; you cannot tell, unless you have previously ascertained him, whether your means merely that he has the ace also or that he has the ace and just four in suit or that he has the ace and trump strength or that he has the ace and just four in suit and trump strength too. If the other players are in ignorance of one another's systems and intentions as you are, you may not suffer, but if the adverse lines have a mutual understanding and you and your partner have not you are sadly placed at a disadvantage. It is, therefore, safe to find out all you can about the other players' methods before you begin to play, and the American Whist league has a law requiring the members to answer all questions of any game except during the second play of a deal. Nevertheless, I confess to a sort of prize—like perhaps, but common honesty should prevent answers to any of the following other people's use of the play itself rather than by word of mouth.

Leaving the main subject for the present, I have to announce one of the greatest surprises there ever were in the whist world. The crack team of the Whist club of New York, which on Nov. 12 defeated the league challenge trophy from the Boston leaders by the crushing score of 28 to 0, was defeated in its very next match by a score that was equally great in respect inverse. It was the Knickerbocker Whist club of New York that performed this extraordinary feat. The score was played on Nov. 21, and the score was 28 to 0 in favor of the challengers, Messrs. C. H. Watson, H. M. Greene, H. L. Pevall and S. Klein, jr. No one of these men had taken part in a championship contest before, and they had nevertheless played together before as a team. It was a heartbreaking struggle, lasting till after 3 o'clock in the morning, four on the way through and decided only at the last end. For 12 deals the Whist club four held the lead by a narrow margin, but then the Knickerbocker, and on the last few deals last even tricks and the match. The result helps to demonstrate the beautiful uncertainty of duplicate whist.

E. E. HOWELL.

TRIPLE CHECKERS.

A Novel and Ingenious Reclaimed Parlor Pastime.

By means of a partially devised game board the game of triple checkers can now be played by three persons on the same board instead of two as heretofore. This is the board to the invention of George F. Kramer. He has studied out the details of his game and has entered for device. The board is triangular in form, and the players can play a much more complicated game by means of it. Each player has three sides instead of but one, as in the old style of play. This is what Mr. Kramer says of his game:

"My invention relates particularly to the game board and to the provision of certain lines, figures, holes and small

Triangular Checker Board.

recesses thereon, the leading feature of which is an arrangement whereby three players are enabled to play at the same time.

"The diagonal the board is substantially that of a triangle with the corners removed at the angles, the sides, which for each player and a white section, connecting all the corners and by a transverse line which is also colored or shaded for the other two sections of the opponents. There is in each section an equal number of holes, one another lines, figures or holes upon which the checkers are placed and between which they are maintained by a peculiar combination of lines by the predetermined courses are established like a checkerboard, the whole arrangement being colored differently as indicated in the drawing, the colors being arranged in combination as, for instance, gold or silver in other sides."

Golf Ball Fancy.

An interesting thing about golf is the golf ball itself and the manner in which it is played by the makers of golf balls. In finding the true plumb on that they will offer the best resistance to the air. It is said that the smoothness of the dimples on the surface of every golf ball has a considerable to do with its flight. Some golfing experts have worn away a golf ball to the point where it was practically smooth, and have found that under certain conditions it flies just about as well, and consequently the resulting game of golf is just as interesting to the flyer. If the material by hard, a very shallow groove is all that is necessary to detain the golf ball, and to sustain the flight. It has been estimated that from 10 cents to 12 cent, golf balls are sent annually to Great Britain. A large part of that output is imported to this country.

Eccentric Fugilists.

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CHECKERS AND CHESS.

On her Problem No. 501.

White to play and win.

White—13 kings, 27.

White to play and mate in two moves.

Checker problem No. 502.

White.

White to play and mate in two moves.

Black.	White.
11 15 to 22	1. 8 to 11
2. 26 to 29	2. 11 to 18
3. 29 to 25	3. 18 to 22
4. 6 to 1	4. 10 to 14
5. 30 to 26	5. 14 to 17
6. 25 to 22	6. 17 to 21
7. 27 to 31	7. 21 to 25
8. 22 to 18	

Chess problem No. 503:

White.	Black.
1. K to R 3	1. Any
2. Mates.	

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A professor, famous for his absentmindedness, invented a pendulum. His confidence in his contrivance was so great that he even sought for an opportunity to try it. In this he erred. It is all very well for a man to invent pendulums and flying machines to present to persons he doesn't like, but he has no family who has implicit power to submit to experiments. However, the professor exercised zealously for an opportunity to test his aerial umbrella. Success appealing per, mother."

"I miss promised this old lady as she should take behind the seat two cents and to the conductor. I hasten to run. Adieu, mother!"

"Boy, sir," replied the old gold as she bobbled shrilly up the steps, "you good son, Jack, ye've good sense."

And the professor, Jack Sparker, Aeronaut, never face lightened up with pleasure, a harmony of joyous welcome greeted the ears of the fellows, across the field.

The old lady was seen to fall, and out with the skirt of the front door. I sound it to have scattered into the kennel. The red herring, the numbers of which no one there for, and at once climbed out of the car and dropped off before the aeronaut could stop him.

He had dropped 10,000 feet and was still dropping, when he remarked to himself with great disgust:

"How fearless. I have many and forgotten my umbrella!"—Judy.

Entertainment Tent.

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"Yes," answered the friend in golf stockings who had been selling the news from Europe. "It's only trouble is that so many mechanical inventions to accumulate they're liable to have a collision."—Washington Star.

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"Put me on," I began.

"Put me right on Mrs. Waller," he repeated still louder in peculiarly loud drawl pierced in the distance.

I turned rather sun in ideal annoyance. They should put my money on Mrs. Waller! Even if it would be a lady. And what about myself?

I was getting the grand stand, and chuckling huge Mrs. Waller, herself, clothed up on a bookmaker's board. Then it dawned upon me that Mrs. Waller was a horse, and thinking for he upon the matter, I resisted the idea that my friend had gone suddenly mad—something incredible, because I was. "Mrs. Waller for myself," I said, "and my friend."

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I pulled myself together, and I resolved to say no more. Then I remembered in into my overcoat pocket, and I hurried off to see the race. Twice intense astonishment, and twice I was knocked down and trodden on by people in the excitement of having backed the winner so excited me. Then I forgot all about my money, and it was only after I had a good hour afterward that I recollected my bet.

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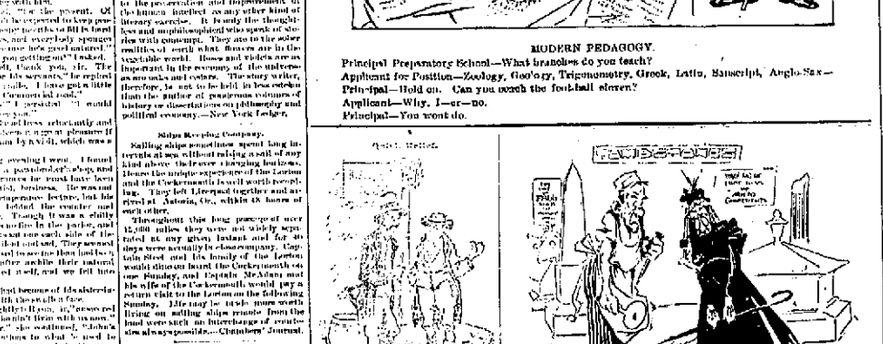
MODERN PEDAGOGY.

Principal Preparatory School—What branches do you teach?
Applicant for Position—Zoology, Geology, Trigonometry, Greek, Latin, Sanscript, Anglo-Saxon—Principal—Hold on. Can you coach the foot-ball eleven?
Applicant—Why, I—I—no.
Principal—You wont do.



Sappy Sampson—Gee, I just struck dat guy for a quarter. Told him I was awful dry.
"What do he do?"
"He walked me."—New York Journal.

Widow—No, I don't want any sentimental stuff on my husband's tombstone. Just put "Ag 75. The good die young."

"OUR ARMY AND NAVY FOREVER"

Deeds of Valor that will Illuminate the Pages of American History.

THE great victories achieved by Dewey, Schley, and Sampson, the heroism of Hobson and Wainwright, and the dash and daring of other naval officers, in connection with the heroism displayed by the American soldiery in their desperate charges and thrilling struggles on land in our recent war with Spain, challenge the admiration of every true American, and interest of Uncle Sam's Army and Navy has been aroused to the highest pitch.

SUPERB WAR PORTFOLIOS

The people's patriotism is shown by the ever-increasing calls for these beautiful works of art; thousands upon thousands have been sold, but the demand for them continues as brisk as ever. The pictures of the great heroes achievements; great battle ships, monitors, cruisers, torpedo boats, of fleets in action, and the remarkable struggles of our army; also, reproductions of photographs and paintings from the government's collection, representing the most tragic and historic events in the nation's life in other eventful wars, are wonderfully realistic, while the descriptive matter is divested of all technicalities. This charming series of portfolios, under the title of

Our Nation in War

Is now complete in 16 numbers, and can be had in whole or part at our office, or by mail, at ten cents each, or the complete set for $1.60.

Remember the last Four Numbers of the Series are special Souvenir Numbers, devoted exclusively to the great heroes and events of the war.

Portfolio 13—"THE DEWEY NUMBER," or the Hero and Battle of Manilla.
Portfolio 14—"THE HERO OF SANTIAGO," or the destruction of Cervera's Fleet.
Portfolio 15—"THE 'MAINE' ALBUM" or All About the Battleship "Maine."
Portfolio 16—"HOBSON AND THE MERRIMAC," and Other Interesting Features

☛ Be sure and get each number of this splendid series now, while you have an opportunity, and advise your friends to do the same thing, for this offer will soon be withdrawn.

How to Tell Good Butter

See that it is in the package. Guaranteed all the year. Purely pure.

The only genuine Elgin Butter is the peerless

White Clover Brand

Put up in the famous creameries at Elgin, Ill. Sold in 2 lb. and 1 lb. packages.

Never accept substitutes, as it will pay you to write us and send your name and address for our handsome souvenir booklet.

If by some new trade mark or yellow label system of marking butter you are induced to buy oleomargarine, you will be sorry.

THE ELGIN BUTTER CO., ELGIN, Ill.

MAKE PERFECT MEN

Ills of Youth, Manhood and Old Age. Impotency, Nervousness, Lost Manhood, Exhausted Vitality, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Impotency, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Headache, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions on the Face, Bashfulness, Unfitness to Marry, Consumption, Insanity, and Premature Grave resulted at once.

Which you prefer to be cured, and cured quickly, privately and permanently, and be a man among men, or be drugged, doctored, boarded, and robbed by traveling fakirs, traveling doctors, traveling fakirs, traveling fakirs, traveling fakirs